

MALAYSIA COMPETITION COMMISSION

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COVER RATIONALE

Theme: Building Resilient Markets for a Sustainable Economy

This theme reflects MyCC's continued commitment to fostering resilient, competitive and well-functioning markets that support sustainable economic development. The cover visual illustrates Malaysia's dynamic economic landscape, where fair competition enables businesses to innovate, grow and contribute to a stronger and more sustainable economy.

Positioned at the centre, MyCC symbolises its role in guiding markets towards transparency, balance and efficiency through the effective implementation and enforcement of competition policy and law. By safeguarding fair market practices, MyCC ensure that markets remain innovative, competitive and beneficial to both businesses and consumers.

Together, these elements reflect MyCC's vision of achieving a robust, efficient and sustainable economy for the nation. Through continuous enforcement, advocacy and engagement with stakeholders, MyCC remains committed to championing competition as a key pillar in strengthening market resilience and driving inclusive economic growth.

CONTENTS

01

Minister's Foreword

6-7

02

Chairman's Message

10-11

03

Chief Executive Officer's Message

14-15

04

Corporate Information

18-44

- » Introduction
- » Vision and Mission
- » Functions and Powers of the Commission
- » Organisation Chart
- » Members of the Commission and Chief Executive Officer
- » Malaysia Competition Commission Meeting 2024
- » Working Committee on Competition
- » Special Committee on Competition
- » Scope of Competition Act 2010 [Act 712]
- » Main Provisions under Act 712
- » Overview of Enforcement Procedure

05

Milestones 2010-2024

46-48

06

2024 in Review

50-113

- » Enforcement Activities
- » Policy Advice
- » International Programmes
 - Capacity Building
 - International Meetings
- » Advocacy Programmes
- » Communications and Public Relations
 - List of Press Releases and the Date
 - List of Press Conferences and the Date
 - CEO's Interview with Print Media
 - CEO's Interview with Electronic and Online Media

07

Financial Statements

116-142





01

MINISTER'S FOREWORD



**YB Datuk Armizan
Bin Mohd Ali**
Minister of Domestic
Trade and Cost of Living

MINISTER'S FOREWORD

The year 2024 marks another pivotal chapter in Malaysia's journey towards building a resilient, inclusive and sustainable economy. Central to this aspiration is the government's commitment to ensuring that market structures support productivity, innovation and equitable growth while recognizing that fair competition remains a cornerstone of national development.

Amidst the evolving landscape of market transformation, Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC) has remained unwavering in its role as guardian of market integrity and promoter of fair competition under the Competition Act 2010. Throughout 2024, this commitment was demonstrated through firm and consistent enforcement against anti-competitive conduct, ensuring Malaysia's economy continues to thrive as a healthy and competitive market. This resolve was exemplified through the issuance of both one proposed decision and one final decision, underscoring the Government's commitment to deter cartels and protect businesses and consumers from market distortions. Specifically, in 2024, MyCC issued a final decision against seven (7) enterprises for infringing Section 4(1) read together with Sections 4(2)(d) and 4(3) of the Competition Act 2010, resulting in a financial penalty of RM272,132.52.

In addition, the Commission has issued a proposed decision involving 81 enterprises providing Umrah services, which may face financial penalties for participating in a price-fixing cartel. Far beyond punitive intent, these decisions served as corrective interventions that dismantled anti-competitive arrangements, restoring balance to the markets and safeguarding public resources from economic distortions.

Equally noteworthy was the recognition accorded to MyCC in the 2024 Budget, where for the first time the Commission was explicitly mentioned and entrusted with an allocation of RM10 million. I therefore wish to convey my sincere appreciation to the YAB Prime Minister for this historic milestone, which affirms the Government's acknowledgement of the strategic importance of competition policy in advancing Malaysia's economic agenda.

Building on this strengthened mandate, MyCC has continued to provide critical advice to Ministries and Government agencies, issuing 18 policy advice in 2024 alone. This whole-of-government approach ensures that regulatory and economic policies remain aligned with competition principles and supports the broader MADANI Economy Framework by reducing cost pressures, enhancing productivity and stimulating innovation.

At the international level, Malaysia strengthened its leadership position through strategic collaborations and the successful co-hosting of the 16th East Asia Conference on Competition Law and Policy. These engagements reflect Malaysia's readiness to operate at the forefront of regional and global competition discourse, particularly as the country prepares to introduce merger control provisions.

A competitive economy is not a mere aspiration, it is a national imperative that fortifies Malaysia's economic growth. Through strong governance, decisive enforcement and strategic policy alignment, I believe MyCC will continue to serve as a cornerstone institution in ensuring Malaysia's markets remain fair, dynamic, and resilient.



YB Datuk Armizan Bin Mohd Ali
Minister of Domestic Trade and Cost of Living





02

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE



**YBhg. Tan Sri Dato' Sri
Idrus Bin Harun**
Chairman, MyCC

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

As Chairman of Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC), I wish at the outset to record my sincere appreciation to my predecessor, Dato' Seri Mohd Hishamudin Bin Md Yunus, for his steadfast leadership and invaluable contributions to the Commission. His tenure was marked by a strong commitment to upholding the rule of law, reinforcing institutional credibility and guiding the Commission through important phases of enforcement and governance consolidation. The solid foundation established under his stewardship has positioned MyCC to continue discharging its mandate with confidence and integrity.

It is with pride and honour that I present MyCC's Annual Report 2024, a year distinguished by decisive enforcement actions and reinforced institutional stature. Throughout 2024, the Commission exercised rigorous oversight of enforcement matters arising under the Competition Act 2010 and the Competition Commission Act 2010. Among the key highlights of the year were significant cartel investigations and infringement findings, particularly in public procurement and consumer-impact sectors, which reaffirmed MyCC's role as a quasi-judicial body entrusted with safeguarding competitive market structures. Consistent with its role, each decision was guided by due process and informed by robust economic assessment and careful legal deliberation to ensure defensibility is aligned with public interest.

The Commission also provided strategic direction in preparation for the anticipated introduction of a merger control regime.

Capacity building, international benchmarking and internal framework development were intensified during the year to ensure institutional readiness. This expansion into the ex-ante competition framework marks a pivotal evolution in Malaysia's competition law that strengthens the Commission's role in shaping market discipline.

Across functional structures, the Commission continues to enhance risk management, financial oversight and committee-level accountability. These efforts encompass Investigation and Enforcement, Economics, Legal and Drafting, Advocacy and Communications, Administration and Human Resources, Finance and Risk, Audit and Integrity. Collectively, they embed transparency, tighten internal controls and increase operational resilience.

As markets become increasingly digital, interconnected and data-driven, competition challenges will correspondingly grow in complexity. The Commission remains committed to principled enforcement, institutional independence and strategic foresight to ensure that Malaysia's markets remain competitive, fair and efficient.

On behalf of the Commission Members, I extend my appreciation to the Honorable Minister, Chief Executive Officer and the officers of MyCC for their continued professionalism and dedication in advancing the competition agenda for the nation.



YBhg. Tan Sri Dato' Sri Idrus Bin Harun
Chairman, MyCC





03

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S MESSAGE



**YBrs. Tuan Iskandar
Bin Ismail**
Chief Executive Officer,
MyCC

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S MESSAGE

The year 2024 has been a defining year of operational intensity and strategic advancement for Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC).

From an enforcement standpoint, our Investigation and Enforcement Division has managed a cumulative 1,708 complaints since inception, with substantial case activity recorded during the year. We issued a proposed decision and a final decision involving large-scale bid-rigging cartels and price-fixing arrangements, including matters affecting public procurement and essential consumer services. These actions reaffirm our zero-tolerance stance against hard-core cartels under Section 4 of the Competition Act 2010.

Nevertheless, as the market is transforming, the increasing scale and complexity of investigations reflect growing sophistication in anti-competitive conduct. Accordingly, MyCC has intensified the use of forensic analysis, economic assessment and procedural discipline to ensure robust, defensible decisions capable of withstanding judicial scrutiny.

This year also witnessed the commencement of the Market Review on the Digital Economy and its Impact on Cost of Living as an important initiative aimed at understanding structural competition concerns in rapidly evolving digital ecosystems. Concurrently, we strengthened inter-agency collaboration and provided 18 policy advice to various ministries and regulators, embedding competition considerations at the policy formulation stage.

We have also launched MyCC E-Learning 2.0 and expanded our advocacy footprint to ensure businesses, particularly SMEs are equipped with compliance knowledge. Prevention through education remains as important as enforcement.

Complementing domestic initiatives, MyCC also strengthened its international presence by co-hosting the 16th East Asia Conference on Competition Law and Policy. The Commission has successfully participated in numerous regional and global forums under platforms, such as the ASEAN Experts Group on Competition, International Competition Network, OECD and UNCTAD. These engagements are not ceremonial, as they serve as essential avenues for benchmarking enforcement methodologies and preparing for the forthcoming implementation of the merger control regime.

As we move towards the introduction of merger control provisions, 2025 will demand heightened technical readiness, structured notification frameworks and enhanced economic expertise. Operational agility, digital literacy and data-driven enforcement will define our next phase. Looking ahead, the Government provides full support for MyCC to continue enhancing its enforcement capabilities, deepen its economic analytical framework and prepare robustly for the implementation of merger control powers. Competition policy must remain forward-looking, capable of addressing digital market dynamics, cross-border conduct and emerging structural risks.

I extend my sincere appreciation to the Honorable Minister, the Chairman and Members of the Commission, our officers and our stakeholders for their continued support. Our mandate remains clear, which is to protect competition, preserve market integrity and ensure that Malaysian consumers and businesses benefit from fair and dynamic markets.



YBrs. Tuan Iskandar Bin Ismail
Chief Executive Officer, MyCC





04

CORPORATE INFORMATION

INTRODUCTION

Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC) is the statutory body established on 1 April 2011 to enforce the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712] and safeguard competitive market practices in Malaysia. Guided by its mandate under the Competition Commission Act 2010 [Act 713], MyCC promotes efficiency, innovation and entrepreneurship to support sustainable economic growth. In 2024, MyCC continued to uphold its role in ensuring fair competition, empowering markets to deliver better prices, quality and better choices for consumers, while fostering a healthy business environment.

VISION

Aiming to achieve a robust, efficient and sustainable economy for Malaysia and Malaysians through the implementation and enforcement of competition policy and law.



MISSION

Committed to excellence in ensuring and protecting well-functioned and innovative markets for businesses and consumers by championing competition.

FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF THE COMMISSION



Malaysia Competition Commission, known as MyCC is an enforcement authority that is mandated to enforce and protect the process of competition in Malaysia. It was established on 1 April 2011 under the Competition Commission Act 2010 [Act 713] with the mandate to implement and enforce the provisions of the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712]. The Competition Act 2010 was designed to foster sustainable economic development through enhancing efficiency, innovation and competitive entrepreneurship. MyCC serves to empower the market in the interest of consumers, business and the overall economic progress of the nation. Ultimately, the objective is to ensure more competitive pricing, better quality products and wider choices in the market for consumers in the protection of their rights and interests.

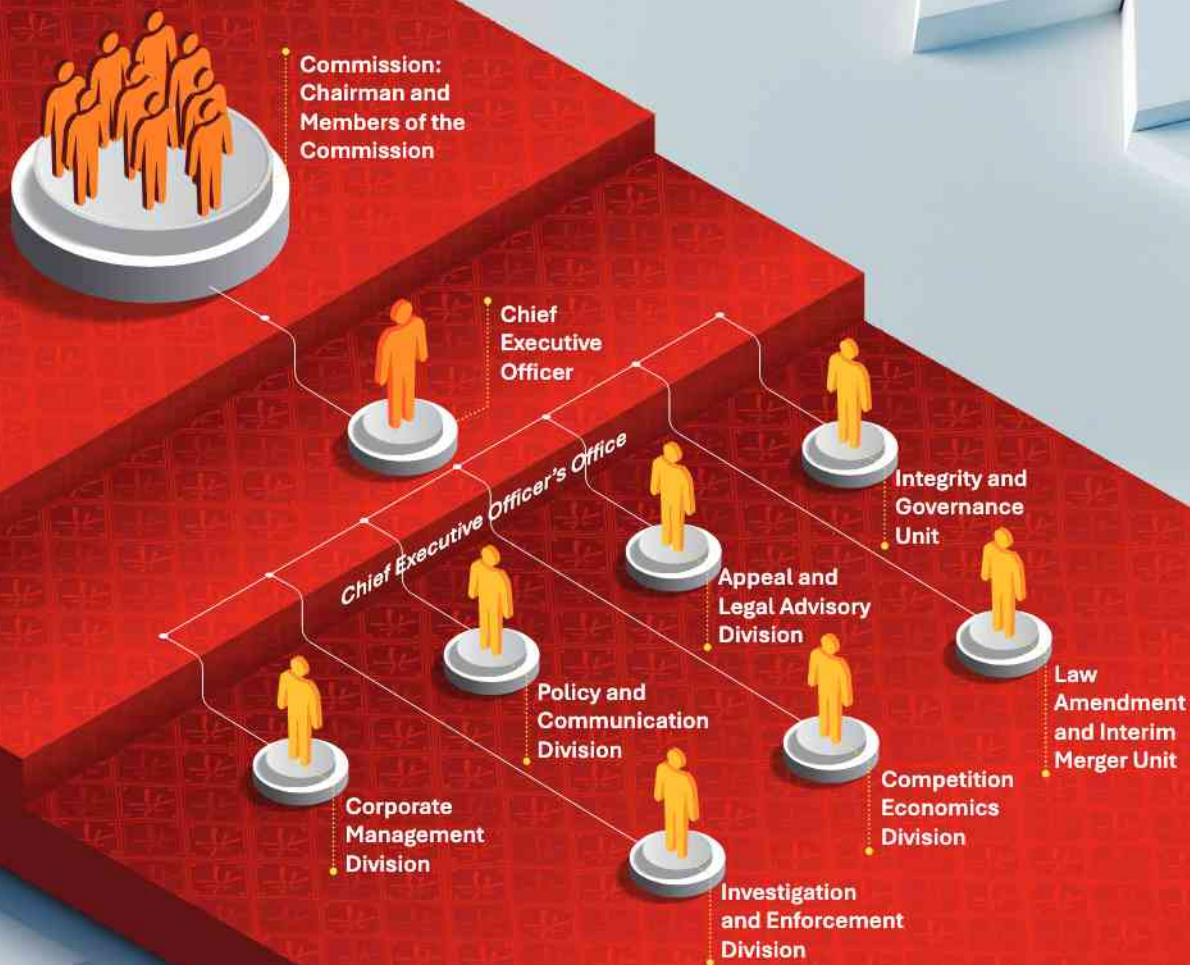
Powers (Section 16)

-  To advise the Minister, Government or other public authority on matters related to competition.
-  To enforce competition laws through investigation and market study and to issue guidelines related to the implementation and enforcement of competition laws.
-  To educate the public, businesses and other stakeholders on the benefits of competition to the economy as a whole.
-  To conduct, as deemed appropriate, general studies on issues related to competition in the Malaysian economy or specific sectors of the Malaysian economy.
-  To issue guidelines regarding the implementation and enforcement of competition law.

Powers (Section 17)

-  To impose a penalty for the infringement of the provisions of the competition laws.
-  To impose fees or charges for services rendered by MyCC.
-  To conduct programmes in the course of performing the functions of MyCC.
-  To collaborate with any other organisations or Government agencies for the purpose of performing MyCC's functions.
-  To require the furnishing of information by enterprises to assist MyCC in the performance of its functions.
-  To formulate and implement programs for the effective and appropriate execution of the Commission's functions, including programmes related to human resource development, financing, and collaboration.
-  To carry out any activities incidental to any of its functions and powers.

ORGANISATION CHART



MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHAIRMAN



**YBhg. Dato' Seri Mohd Hishamudin
Bin Md Yunus**

1st term:

4 September 2018 - 30 September 2021

2nd term:

1 October 2021 - 30 September 2024



**YBhg. Tan Sri Dato' Sri Idrus
Bin Harun**

25 November 2024 - Current

→ MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION

GOVERNMENT SECTOR



**YBrs. Dr. Nor
Mazny Binti Abdul
Majid**



**YBhg. Dato' Zakaria
Bin Shaaban**



**YBrs. Tuan Surrendren
A/L Sathasivam**



**YBrs. Tuan Ahmad
Fauzi Bin Sungip**

The Commission comprises of the Chairman, four members representing the Government and five members representing the private sector. The Prime Minister upon the recommendation from the Minister of Domestic Trade and Consumer Affairs (KPDN), appoints the Chairman and the members of the Commission. Each member serves a three-year term subject to a maximum of two consecutive terms.

The Members of the Commission represent multiple fields of legal, economic, financial, trade and consumer interests. Meanwhile, MyCC's administration and management work and activities are led by the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and supported by the senior management team.

PRIVATE SECTOR



**YBhg. Dato' Ir.
Hj. Mohd Jamal
Bin Sulaiman**

**YBrs. Tuan Ir.
Rusman Bin Abu
Samah**

**YBrs. Tuan Surya
Putra Bin Dato'
Mohamed Taulan**

**YBrs. Tuan Wan
Mohd Rosdi Bin
Wan Dolah**

**YBhg. Datuk Mairin
Bin Idang @ Martin**



**YBhg. Dato' Seri Mohd Hishamudin
Bin Md Yunus**

1st term:

4 September 2018 - 30 September 2021

2nd term:

1 October 2021 - 30 September 2024



YBhg. Dato' Seri Mohd Hishamudin Bin Md Yunus is a law graduate from the University of London who has previously served as the Malaysian Court of Appeal Judge, Chief Registrar of the Supreme Court, Senior Federal Counsel and the President of the Sessions Court. With 45 years of legal experience, he has also obtained the International Commercial Arbitration certification from the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators, United Kingdom. During his service in the High Court, he has written more than 750 judgments, which have been reported in law journals.

He has also served as Legal Adviser to the Ministry of Primary Industry and a spokesman for rubber producing countries at the Natural Rubber Agreement Negotiations in Switzerland. Other than that, he has also served as the Head of Delegation for the International Bar Association's Human Rights Institute (IBAHRI) to South Africa before becoming the Arbitrator at the Kuala Lumpur Regional Centre for Arbitration.



YBhg. Tan Sri Dato' Sri Idrus Bin Harun

25 November 2024 - Current



YBhg. Tan Sri Dato' Sri Idrus Bin Harun is a distinguished figure in Malaysia's legal and public administration landscape. The former Attorney General was appointed as the Chairman of the Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC) in November 2024 for a three-year term. He brings with him over 40 years of experience within the nation's judicial and legal system, including service as a Judge of the Federal Court and Judge of the Court of Appeal, as well as roles as a legal practitioner and legal adviser across various government agencies.

Throughout his judicial and legal career, he has been involved in the adjudication of high-profile cases, the development and interpretation of significant legal principles and the strengthening of legal frameworks that uphold the rule of law in Malaysia. He was also appointed as a member of the Judicial Appointments Commission, the principal body responsible for evaluating, advising and recommending judicial appointments to the High Court, Court of Appeal and Federal Court.

A law graduate from the University of Malaya, YBhg. Tan Sri Idrus is widely recognised as a leading contributor to reforms and institutional stability within Malaysia's highest levels of the legal system.

➔ MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION



YBrs. Dr. Nor Mazny Binti Abdul Majid

➤ YBrs. Dr. Nor Mazny has been in the Administrative and Diplomatic Service since 1995 for almost 24 years, assigned and responsible in various posts. In 1994, Dr. Nor Mazny received her Bachelor of Laws (LLB) from International Islamic University Malaysia (IIUM) and subsequently earned her Master's in Information Technology Law from the University of Strathclyde, United Kingdom, in 2002. Following that, she obtained her PhD from Victoria University, Australia, in 2012.

Dr. Nor Mazny started her career as an Assistant Secretary at the Ministry of Entrepreneur Development and later on, moved to the Ministry of Finance. She was then assigned to the Ministry of Energy, Green Technology and Water as the Senior Principal Assistant Secretary from 2010 to 2011. She is presently the Deputy Director General of Policy and Development, Legal Affairs Division in the Prime Minister's Department since 2015, after being the Director of the same division from 2011.



YBhg. Dato' Zakaria Bin Shaaban

YBhg. Dato' Zakaria Bin Shaaban is the Deputy Secretary-General of Consumer Empowerment at the Ministry of Domestic Trade and Cost of Living. He holds a Master's degree in Business Administration (Finance) from Universiti Putra Malaysia and brings over 25 years of experience in public service.

He began his career at the Ministry of Domestic Trade and Consumer Affairs and has since contributed to various ministries and agencies, including the Ministry of Culture, Arts and Heritage, Ministry of Higher Education, Public Service Department, Ministry of Agriculture and

Food Industries, Prime Minister's Department, National Disaster Management Agency and Immigration Department of Malaysia.

YBhg. Dato' Zakaria's diverse background underscores his commitment to professional excellence and public service. His key responsibilities include formulating and coordinating consumer-related policies and legislation, advocating for consumer rights, ensuring product safety and leading consumer awareness programmes under the National Consumer Policy.



YBrs. Tuan Surrendren A/L Sathasivam

➤ YBrs. Tuan Surrendren A/L Sathasivam is the Director of the Services Industry Division at the Ministry of Economy. With 30 years of extensive experience in public service, he began his career at the Ministry of Finance before serving at the Ministry of Domestic Trade and Consumer Affairs and now at the Ministry of Economy.

At the Ministry of Economy, YBrs. Tuan Surrendren has held various roles, including Deputy Director of the Manufacturing, Science and Technology Division and the Human Capital Development Division. He was later appointed as the Director of the Macroeconomics Division before assuming his current role.

His key responsibilities include preparing the Five-Year Development Plans and conducting mid-term reviews. He is involved in strategic planning, policy formulation and developing programmes and action plans for the services industry. YBrs. Tuan Surrendren also oversees the implementation of six Productivity Nexus related to services, evaluates policies, strategies, programmes and projects based on KPIs and outcomes. On top of that, he manages the assessment, validation and monitoring of annual development expenditure allocations.



YBrs. Tuan Ahmad Fauzi Bin Sungip



YBrs. Tuan Ahmad Fauzi Bin Sungip holds a degree in Accounting from the International Islamic University of Malaysia (IIUM) and a Master's in Business Administration (Finance) from Oklahoma City University, USA. He is a Chartered Accountant and an active member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA).

With extensive experience in policy development, programme and initiative implementation within the public delivery system, Tuan Fauzi has established a solid reputation in public procurement and public finance. Since 2011, he has been serving in the Government Procurement Division of the Ministry of Finance, where he plays a pivotal role in shaping public procurement policies and developing robust rules and regulations.

His responsibilities include contributing to the decision-making process of the Procurement Board and driving governance improvements in public procurement. Tuan Fauzi's expertise ensures transparency, efficiency and compliance in public procurement practices, reinforcing the government's commitment to integrity and accountability in financial management.

➔ MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION



YBhg. Dato' Ir. Hj. Mohd Jamal Bin Sulaiman

➤ YBhg. Dato' Ir. Hj. Mohd Jamal Bin Sulaiman holds a qualification in civil engineering from the University of Salford, United Kingdom. He began his career as a Civil Engineer in July 1981 and was placed in the Malaysian Public Works Department (JKR) in Pahang State. During his 36 years of service, he has served in various designations at different organisations such as the Economic Planning Unit, Hulu Selangor District Water Supply Department and JKR Selangor State.

He has also held Director of Policy and Corporate Management from 2014 until January 2017 and prior to his retirement later that year, he was appointed as Senior Director of General of Works (Building Sector) at JKR. YBhg. Dato' Ir. Hj. Mohd Jamal was twice awarded the Excellent Service Award as well as the JKR Special Achievement Award 2010 during the span of his public service career.



YBrs. Tuan Ir. Rusman Bin Abu Samah

YBrs. Tuan Ir. Rusman Bin Abu Samah is an experienced and skilled chemical engineer with over 31 years of experience in the oil and gas industry. He graduated with a Bachelor of Engineering (Hons) in Chemical Engineering from the University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology (UMIST) in 1992.

He has worked on a wide range of projects in the oil and gas industry, including refinery and petrochemical plants, biodiesel plants,

power and energy plants, product tankage LNG and jetty systems. He has also worked as an oil and gas engineering consultant and has attended meetings with foreign companies to discuss and share opinions and experiences on projects such as new boiler projects and marine loading arm projects.



**YBrs. Tuan Surya Putra
Bin Dato' Mohamed Taulan**



YBrs. Tuan Surya Putra Bin Dato' Mohamed Taulan is a lawyer with over 20 years of experience in Malaysia. He graduated with a Bachelor of Laws degree from the International Islamic University Malaysia (IIUM) in 2002. YBrs. Tuan Surya Putra has worked as a lawyer at Zahrin Emrad & Islina from 2003 to 2006, Saufi Putra & Associates from 2007 to 2018 and Putra Taulan & Faiq Azizan since 2019. He is currently a lawyer and principal partner at Putra Taulan & Faiq Azizan.

YBrs. Tuan Surya Putra has handled a wide range of cases, including those related to the Copyright Act 1957, criminal cases and civil cases. He was also appointed as a member of the internal investigation panel for Amanah Iktiar Malaysia in 2020. Surya is a highly experienced and skilled lawyer with a proven track record of success. He is dedicated to providing his clients with the best possible legal representation.

→ MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION



YBrs. Tuan Wan Mohd Rosdi Bin Wan Dolah

YBrs. Tuan Wan Mohd Rosdi Bin Wan Dolah graduated with a Bachelor of Science (Computer) from UKM in 1988 and a certificate in Computer Engineering from CICC Japan in 1989. He also completed the Executive Management Programme at the Pacific Resource Exchange Centre, JICA, Japan in 1999.

YBrs. Tuan Wan Mohd Rosdi has held several senior positions in the Malaysian government, including Chief Advisor of ICT for Public

Sector, Prime Minister's Office and Director of e-KL Division at the Malaysian Administrative Modernisation and Management Planning Unit (MAMPU).

Based on his nearly 45 years of experience, he currently holds the position of Perlis Digital Adviser. He has played the role of advisor for several projects such as the Perlis Digitisation Plan, the Perlis State Administration Anti-Corruption Plan and the Post COVID-19 Perlis Revival Plan.



YBhg. Datuk Mairin Bin Idang @ Martin

➤ YBhg. Datuk Mairin Bin Idang @ Martin who was originally from Kota Kinabalu, began his legal career after being admitted as an Advocate and Solicitor of the High Court of Borneo (now the High Court of Sabah and Sarawak) on 23 February 1982. He started as a legal assistant at various law firms before becoming the sole proprietor of Messrs Idang & Co. on 2 February 1988.

In 1991, his firm merged with others to form Messrs Richard Malanjum Idang Rantau &

Co., where he remained a partner until his appointment as a Judicial Commissioner at the High Court of Sabah and Sarawak on 12 November 2013. He was then appointed as a High Court Judge in 2018, serving until his retirement on 21 November 2020.

In 2022, YBhg. Datuk Mairin returned to legal practice as an Advocate and Solicitor at Messrs MIRAM & Co., where he continues to serve today.



YBrs. Tuan Iskandar Bin Ismail

➤ YBrs. Tuan Iskandar Bin Ismail was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer for MyCC on 15th October 2018 after serving as the Director of Investigation and Enforcement Division for more than five years. He graduated from the International Islamic University with LLB (Hons) in 1997 and holds an LLM in International and Comparative Law from the George Washington University Law School, Washington DC. Admitted to the High Court of Malaysia as an advocate and solicitor, he has served at Bank Negara Malaysia as a Prosecuting Officer for seven years. Prior to joining MyCC, he was an Assistant Trial Attorney with the United Nations for the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda in Tanzania for eight years. He was also appointed as the Chairman of the ASEAN Expert Group on Competition (AEGC) Meeting representing Malaysia for 2019.

During his tenure as Chief Executive Officer and the Director of the Investigation and Enforcement Division, he has led and overseen the investigation of many of MyCC's landmark

cases such as Malaysian Airline Systems Bhd and AirAsia Berhad, Container Depot Operators in Penang, MyEG Services Bhd, the General Insurance Association of Malaysia (PIAM) and its 22 members, Dagang Net Technologies Sdn. Bhd. and several others. As the Chief Executive Officer, he also oversees cases involving Grab and the first bid rigging case in Malaysia involving eight IT companies. He also led the Market Review on Food Sector and the Market Review on Service Sector (Wholesale and Retail for Selected Products) which received widespread attention and positive impact from various parties. He has also been frequently invited as a speaker at several local and foreign conferences, forums and seminars given his experience and practical knowledge in the investigation and enforcement of Competition Law such as speaker at the 2022 ABA Antitrust Law Spring Meeting, 21st International Conference on competition & 2022 ICN Annual Conference and Antitrust in Asia Conference.

MALAYSIA COMPETITION COMMISSION MEETING 2024 MANAGEMENT

	Member of Commission	MCCM No. 1/2024	MCCM No. 2/2024	MCCM No. 3/2024	MCCM No. 4/2024	Total
	Date	5.2.24	6.5.24	18.7.24	26.9.24	
1	Dato' Seri Mohd Hishamudin Bin Md Yunus	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/4
2	Dato' Ir. Haji Mohd Jamal Bin Sulaiman	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/4
3	Dr. Nor Mazny Binti Abdul Majid	✓	✗	✗	✓	2/4
4	Tuan Wan Mohd Rosdi Bin Wan Dolah	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/4
5	Tuan Ir. Rusman Bin Abu Samah	✓	✓	✓	✗	3/4
6	Tuan Surya Putra Bin Dato' Mohamed Taulan	✓	✓	✗	✓	3/4
7	Dato' Zakaria Bin Shaaban	✓	✗	✓	✗	2/4
8	Tuan Surrendren A/L Sathasivam	✗	✓	✓	✓	3/4
9	Datuk Mairin Bin Idang @ Martin	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/4
10	Tuan Ahmad Fauzi Bin Sungip			✓	✓	2/4
11	Tuan Arunan A/L Tan Sri K. Kumaran	✓				1/4
Total		9	7	8	8	

MALAYSIA COMPETITION COMMISSION MEETING 2024 CASES

Member of Commission		1/2024	2/2024	3/2024	4/2024	5/2024	6/2024	7/2024	Total
Date		6.2.24	18.3.24	7.5.24	10.6.24	18.7.24	30.8.24	26.9.24	
1	Dato' Seri Mohd Hishamudin Bin Md Yunus	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	7/7
2	Dato' Ir. Hj. Mohd Jamal Bin Sulaiman	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	7/7
3	Dr. Nor Mazny Binti Abdul Majid	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	6/7
4	Tuan Wan Mohd Rosdi Bin Wan Dolah	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	5/7
5	Tuan Ir. Rusman Bin Abu Samah	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	7/7
6	Tuan Surya Putra Bin Dato' Mohamed Taulan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	6/7
7	Dato' Zakaria Bin Shaaban	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	5/7
8	Tuan Surrendren A/L Sathasivam	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	6/7
9	Datuk Mairin Bin Idang @ Martin	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	7/7
10	Tuan Ahmad Fauzi Bin Sungip			✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	4/7
11	Tuan Arunan A/L Tan Sri K. Kumaran	✓							1/7
Total		9	8	8	10	8	9	9	

WORKING COMMITTEE ON COMPETITION



1

Risk, Audit and Integrity Committee

- ❑ Examine all the records, documents and reports pertaining to financial and non-financial matters.
- ❑ Advise the Members of the Commission on the performance of activities which are subject to audit examination.
- ❑ Ensure the appropriate procedures are in place to identify, assess and manage risk from a strategic and operational perspective.
- ❑ Ensure compliance with procedures and processes that have been approved and established by the Commission.



2

Investigation and Enforcement Committee

- ❑ Ensure that all investigations undertaken by the Investigation and Enforcement Division are carried out in accordance with Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs).
- ❑ Best practices to ensure the effective and efficient enforcement of the prohibitions of the Competition Act 2010 by the Commission.



3

Communication and Advocacy Committee

- ❑ Ensure all sectors that need to be educated about the law are involved in the advocacy and communications plan.
- ❑ Ensure messages delivered are consistent.
- ❑ Ensure continuous publicity for the Commission.



4

Economics Committee

- ❑ Examine and to give direction on matters related to economic analysis, market review and policy advisory work. All policy matters related to the Competition Economic Division (CED) should require approval from Members of the Commission and must be discussed and endorsed at EC level.
- ❑ Providing policy advice and economic justifications.
- ❑ Offering guidance on economic assessments and analyses for investigations and exemption cases.
- ❑ Suggesting action plans for market reviews and advising on tasks carried out by the CED.



5

Finance Committee

- ❑ Formulate principles and guidelines governing finance which includes financial management control, accounting procedure and procurement process for the Commission.
- ❑ Formulating financial principles and guidelines.
- ❑ Reviewing and recommending the Commission's Annual Estimates of Expenditure and quarterly financial statements.
- ❑ Addressing policy issues related to financial management and accounting.
- ❑ Reviewing the procurement SOP.
- ❑ Recommending investments and other financial matters referred by the Commission.



6

Legal and Drafting Committee

- ❑ Carry out the tasks in relation to legal advice and drafting provisions of the CA 2010 [Act 712] and the Competition Commission Act 2010 [Act 713], as well as their subsidiary legislation including guidelines.
- ❑ Deliberate and determine on legal issues pertaining to the functions of the Commission.
- ❑ Develop and recommend legislation including subsidiary legislation and guidelines pertaining to the functions of the Commission.



7

Administration and Human Resources Committee

- ❑ Overseeing hiring and appointment processes, including formulating guidelines, reviewing shortlisted candidates, participating in interviews, recommending appointments and evaluating contract renewals (COS and CFS) annually.
- ❑ Addressing other HR matters related to selection and appointments as referred by the Commission.



8

Investment Committee

- ❑ To oversee the organisation's investment strategy, ensuring alignment with objectives and risk tolerance.
- ❑ To formulate and monitor investment policies, evaluate investments, assess risks, and ensure regulatory compliance.
- ❑ To meet regularly, maintain the prescribed quorum, and report activities and performance to the Commission.
- ❑ To make investment decisions within approved limits.
- ❑ To periodically review the Terms of Reference (TOR) to ensure continued relevance and effectiveness.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON COMPETITION

MyCC benefits from a strong support network in advancing its competition-related work and initiatives. This network has been cultivated through its leadership role as Chair of the Special Committee on Competition, which was established in 2021.

The Committee comprises representatives from various sectoral regulators and holds meetings annually to deliberate on issues affecting competition in markets across key industries, including telecommunications, finance, electricity and water supply, aviation and intellectual property.



COMMITTEE MEMBERS



FUNCTIONS

Review and discuss competition issues with sector regulators.

Conduct joint research and make recommendations on the development of competition policy and law, including peer review of related competition policy and law framework in respective sectors.

Provide necessary support to MyCC and vice versa to the respective sector regulators at national and international forums on competition.

Conduct joint advocacy programmes in the promotion of competition policy and law in Malaysia.

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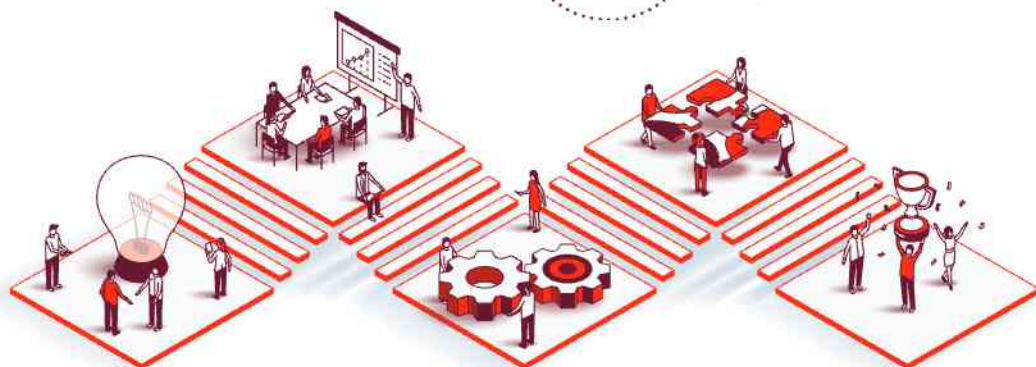
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Ensure, where possible, harmonisation of competition principles, interpretation and application of the law.

Carry out joint educational activities and media campaigns on competition-related issues, if necessary, to the public.

Provide necessary technical support to MyCC and vice versa to the respective sector regulators.

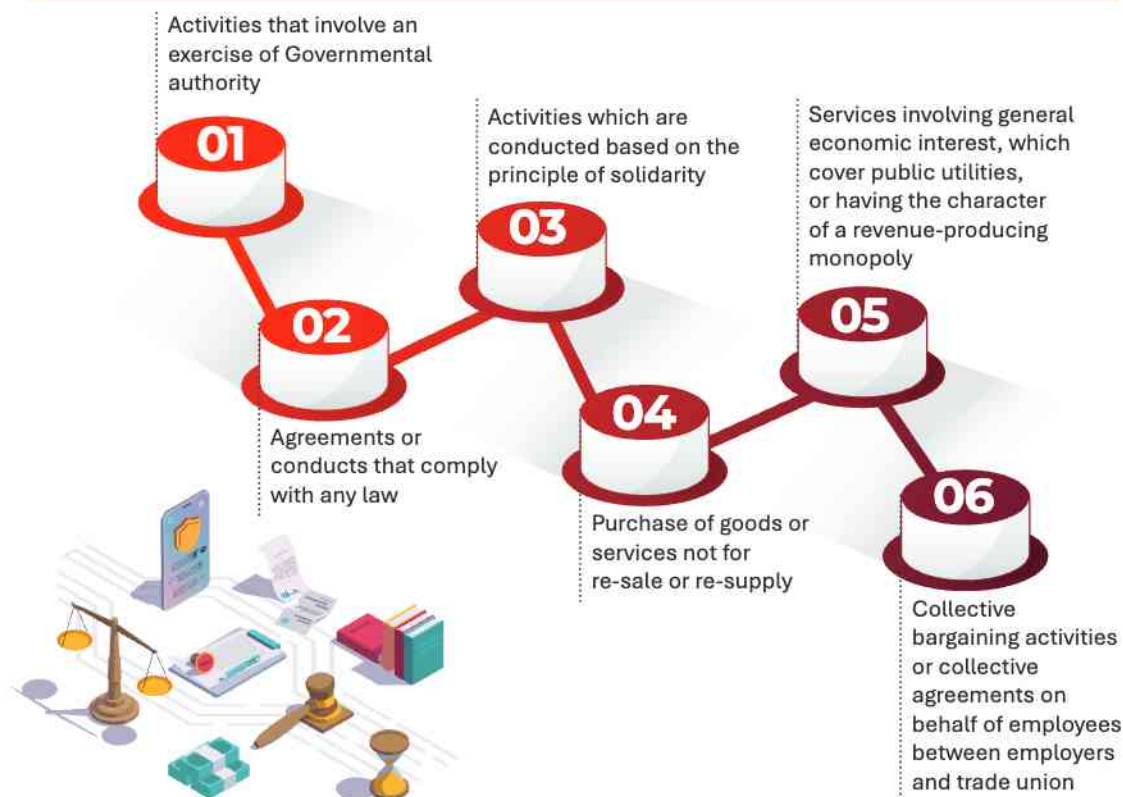
Any other functions necessary for the promotion of competition policy and law in Malaysia.



SCOPE OF COMPETITION ACT 2010 [ACT 712]

▶ Act 712 applies to all commercial activities conducted within and outside Malaysia which affect competition in any market within Malaysia.

Activities that are excluded from the scope of Act 712 are:



Act 712 does not apply to commercial activities which are regulated under:

Communications and Multimedia Act 1998 [Act 588]

Petroleum Regulations 1974 [P.U. (A) 432/1974]

Petroleum Development Act 1974 [Act 144]



Energy Commission Act 2001 [Act 610]



Malaysian Aviation Commission Act 2015 [Act 771]



MAIN PROVISIONS UNDER ACT 712

Anti-Competitive Agreements (Section 4)

The Act prohibits any agreement, whether in written form or otherwise between enterprises which has the object or effect of significantly preventing, restricting or distorting competition within a market for goods or services. An anti-competitive agreement, which may either be made open or secret (e.g., cartel), is one by which enterprises collectively agree not to compete or to collaborate with one another to reduce competition and distort market forces.

These horizontal agreements are deemed to reduce competition and are prohibited:



Financial Penalty (Section 40)

If MyCC determines that there has been an infringement of Act 712, an enterprise can be imposed a financial penalty of up to a maximum of 10% of its worldwide turnover and directed to comply with any other direction as MyCC deems appropriate to bring infringement to an end.

Leniency Regime (Section 41)

Available only to enterprise(s) which admits to an infringement in relation to horizontal agreements as outlined in Section 4 (2) of Act 712.

Section 41 requires the applicant not only to make an admission but also extend significant cooperation and assistance to the Commission. Once the two requirements are completed to the satisfaction of the Commission, the enterprise(s) will grant up to 100% reduction of the financial penalties. Usually, the first enterprise to apply will be given the highest reduction in fine.

Abuse of Dominant Position (Section 10)

An enterprise with a market share exceeding 60% is considered dominant. However, it only breaches the law if it abuses this position by restricting competition in a way that harms consumers.

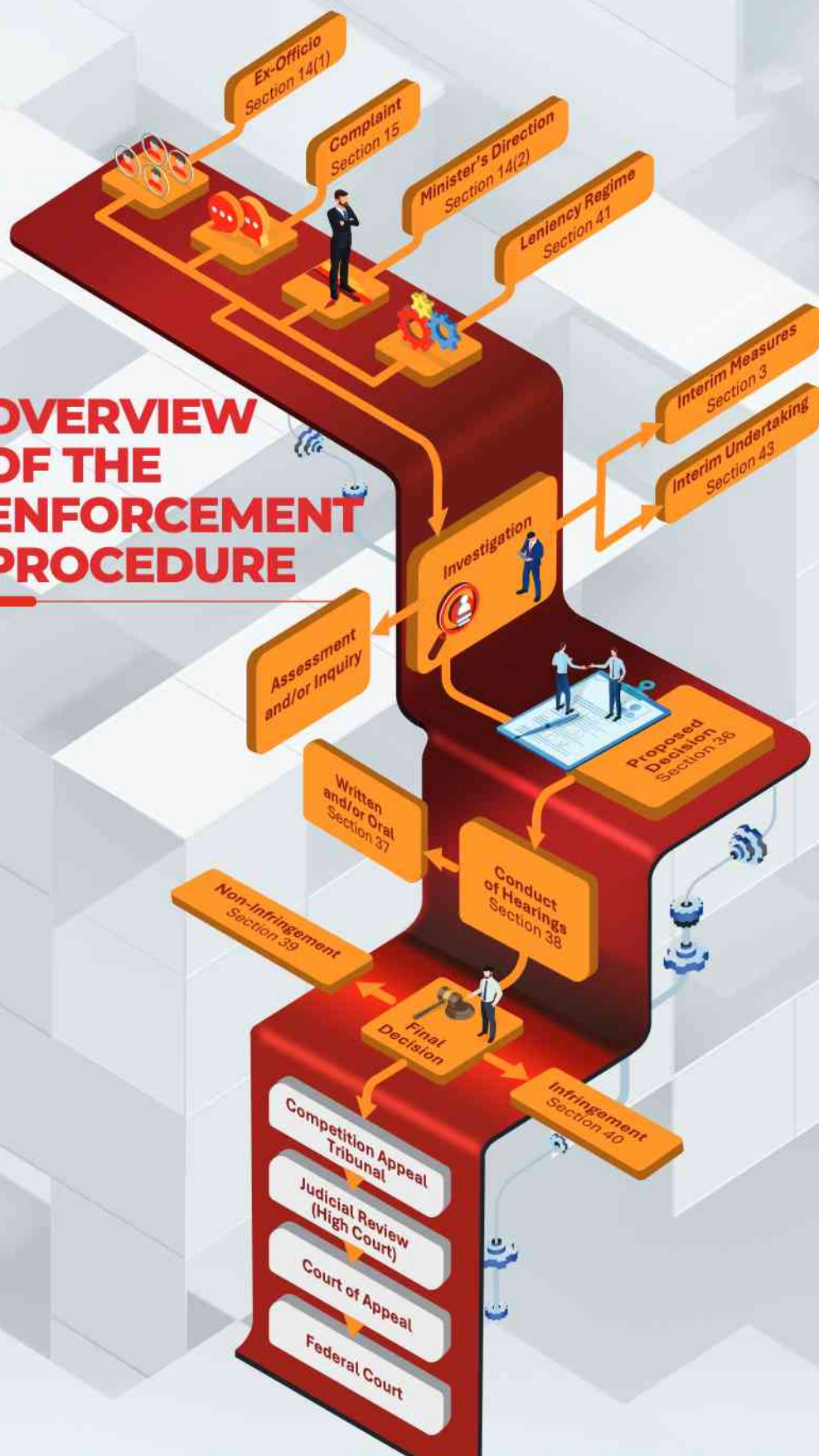
Examples of Abuse of Dominance:

- i Imposing Unfair Pricing or Conditions
- ii Predatory Behaviour
- iii Refusing to Supply
- iv Tying and Bundling
- v Buying Up Scarce Goods or Resources
- vi Imposing Different Conditions

Enforcement Procedure



OVERVIEW OF THE ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURE



05

**MILESTONES
2010 - 2024**



MILESTONES 2010 - 2024

2010

- Apr ② Competition Act 2010 [Act 712] receives Royal Assent
- Jun ② Act 712 and Act 713 were gazetted

2011

- Apr ② Appointment of MyCC's 1st Chairman, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Siti Norma Yaakob
- May ② Appointment of Nine Members of Malaysia Competition Commission
- Jun ② Appointment of MyCC's 1st Chief Executive Officer, Mrs. Shila Dorai Raj alongside Commission Members
- Sep ② Launching of MyCC's official website "www.mycc.gov.my"
- Dec ② MyCC has drafted three guidelines and conducted six public consultations where the views of relevant stakeholders from various sectors



2012

- Jan ② Act 712 came into force
- May ② Issued Guidelines on Complaint Procedures, Market Definition and Prohibitions (Anti-Competitive Agreements)
- Jul ② Issued Handbook for General Public and Guidelines on Prohibitions (Abuse of Dominant Position)
- Dec ② Issued Final Decision against Cameron Highlands Floriculturist Association for price fixing
- ② Launched MyCC Research Grant Programme (RGP)



2016

- Apr ② MyCC conducted a public consultation on the Amendment of Competition Act 2010
- Jun ② Issued Final Decision against five Container Depot Operators for engaging in an anti-competitive agreement
- ② Issued Final Decision against MyEG Services Berhad for abuse of dominant position
- Oct ② Forum on Competition Law in the Pharmaceutical Sector
- ② 1st Moot Court Competition on Competition Law 2016
- Nov ② MyCC chaired two roundtable sessions at the UNCTAD Intergovernmental Group of Experts Meetings on Consumer Protection and Competition Law and Policy



2017

- Mar ② Organised Malaysia Competition Conference 2017 "Competition Law: Breaking Norms, Managing Change"
- Apr ② Appointment of MyCC's second Chairman, YB Datuk Che Mohamad Zulkifly Bin Jusoh
- Dec ② Issued Market Review on Pharmaceutical Sector and Building Materials in Construction Industry



2013

- Jan ✎ Official opening of MyCC headquarters at Menara SSM@ Sentral
- Jul ✎ Issued Market Review on Fixing of Prices by Professional Bodies in Malaysia
 - ✎ Conducted a baseline study on awareness of the Competition Act 2010
- Sep ✎ Issued 'Competition Act 2010: A Guide for Business' and 'Compliance Guidelines'
 - ✎ Organised the first Competition Law Conference in Malaysia



2014

- Mar ✎ Issued Market Review on Domestic Broiler
 - ✎ Issued Final Decision against Malaysia Airlines, AirAsia and AirAsia X for engaging in an anti-competitive agreement
- Jun ✎ Issued 'Guidelines for Fighting Bid Rigging in Public Procurement' and 'Help Us to Detect Bid Rigging'
 - ✎ Jointly held the ASEAN Experts Group on Competition (AEGC) Workshop on Investigation and Case-Handling
 - ✎ MoU Signing with Bank Negara Malaysia on 5th June 2014
- Oct ✎ Issued Guidelines on Financial Penalty and Leniency Regime



2015

- Jan ✎ Appointment of the second Chief Executive Officer, Dr. Mohd Khalid Abdul Samad
 - ✎ Issued Final Decision against 24 Ice Manufacturers for price fixing
- Feb ✎ Issued Final Decision against 15 members from the Sibul Confectionery and Bakery Association for price fixing
- Nov ✎ Signing of six MoU's with Malaysian Cooperative Institute, University of Malaysia, National University of Malaysia, MARA University of Technology, International Islamic University Malaysia and Taylor's University on 27th November 2015
 - ✎ Appointment of the third Chief Executive Officer, Dato' Abu Samah Shabudin
 - ✎ Commencement of the first Special Committee on Competition Meeting with sector regulators



2018

- Sept ✎ Appointment of MyCC's third Chairman, YBhg. Dato' Seri Mohd Hishamuddin Bin Md Yunus
- Oct ✎ Appointment of MyCC's fourth Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail
 - ✎ Issued Final Decision against seven Tuition and Day Care Centres for price fixing
- Nov ✎ MoU Signing with Malaysia Northern University on 15th November 2018



2019

- Mar ✎ Issued Proposed Decision against eight enterprises involving Procurement of IT Services for bid rigging
- Aug ✎ Issued Market Review on Food Sector
- Oct ✎ Issued Proposed Decision against Grab Inc., GrabCar Sdn. Bhd. and MyTeksi Sdn. Bhd. for abuse of dominant position



2020

- Aug ✎ Issued Market Review on Service Sector (Wholesale and Retail for Selected Product)
- Sep ✎ Issued Final Decision against the General Insurance Association of Malaysia (PIAM) and its 22 members for engaging in an anti-competitive agreement



2021

- Feb ✎ Issued Final Decision against Dagang Net Technologies Sdn. Bhd. for abuse of dominant position
- Apr ✎ Launch of MyCC's rebranding and redesigned logo
- Aug ✎ Issued Final Decision against seven warehouse operators in Port Klang for price fixing
- Oct ✎ Issued Market Review for Selected Transportation Sectors in Malaysia (Port Logistics Ecosystem and Motor Vehicles Warranty)
- Dec ✎ Published MyCC's Strategic Plan for 2021-2025
- ✎ Issued Final Decision against Langkawi Ro-Ro Operators for price fixing



2022

- Jun ✎ Organised the 3rd MyCC Competition Law Conference 2022
- Jul ✎ Issued Final Decision against eight Enterprises Involving Procurement of IT Services for bid rigging
- Aug ✎ Issued Proposed Decision against the following five Chicken Feed Millers



2023

- Jan ✎ Organised Professor Richard Whish Second Lecture Series on Mergers and Digital Economy In Competition Law
- Aug ✎ Strengthened collaboration with MCMC through MoU Signing
- Oct ✎ Organised MyCC's Open Day 2023 and Memorandum of Understanding Signing Ceremony between MyCC and higher learning institutions
- Dec ✎ Issued Proposed Decision against seven enterprises for bid rigging cartel
- ✎ Issued Final Decision against five Chicken Feed millers for price fixing cartel



2024

- Jan ✎ Hosted Competition Economic Symposium: "Raising the Ceiling – Competition Policy and the MADANI Economy Framework"
- Apr ✎ Issued Proposed Decision against eight enterprises for bid rigging cartel
- Jul ✎ Co-Hosted the 16th East Asia Conference on Competition Law and Policy (EAC)
- ✎ Launched MyCC E-Learning 2.0
- Aug ✎ Commenced of the Market Review on the Digital Economy and the Impact to Cost of Living
- Sep ✎ Issued Infringement Decision against seven enterprises for bid rigging cartel
- ✎ Issued Proposed Decision against three enterprises for bid rigging cartel
- ✎ Issued Proposed Decision against 81 enterprises for price fixing cartel



06

2024
IN REVIEW



ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES

In the year 2024, MyCC conducted several investigations and enforcement actions against several enterprises for the infringement of Act 712.

PROPOSED DECISION (SECTION 36)

1 BID-RIGGING CARTEL CASE INVOLVING JKR AND JPS TENDERS

On 16 April 2024, MyCC issued a Proposed Decision against eight contractors involved in bid-rigging activities in 2019, in relation to two tenders issued by the Public Works Department (JKR) and one tender issued by the Department of Irrigation and Drainage (JPS), with an estimated total value of RM473 million for road construction and flood mitigation works. Six enterprises, namely Dutamesra Bina Sdn. Bhd., IDX Multi Resources Sdn. Bhd., Mangkubumi Sdn. Bhd., Menang Idaman Sdn. Bhd., Meranti Budiman Sdn. Bhd. and Pintas Utama Sdn. Bhd., colluded in all three tenders. Meanwhile, NYL Corporation Sdn Bhd was involved in both JKR tenders, and Kiara Kilat Sdn Bhd was involved in one of the two JKR tenders. Investigations revealed that the parties colluded through information sharing and coordination in their participation in these tenders.

2 BID-RIGGING CARTEL CASE INVOLVING PERBADANAN PUTRAJAYA (PPJ) TENDERS

MyCC also issued a Proposed Decision against three contractors, namely Abadi Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., Kota Lanskap Sdn. Bhd. and Usia Maintenance Sdn. Bhd., for their involvement in a bid-rigging cartel relating to six maintenance tenders issued by Perbadanan Putrajaya, with an estimated value of RM45 million across the years 2018, 2019 and 2021. Preliminary investigations found that these contractors engaged in coordinated practices to fix bid prices, share bidding information, and align the preparation and submission of their bids.

3 PRICE-FIXING CARTEL CASE FOR UMRAH TRAVEL SERVICES

MyCC also issued a Proposed Decision against 81 enterprises for their involvement in a price-fixing agreement concerning the provision of Umrah travel services in Malaysia beginning in 2023. Preliminary investigations found that all the enterprises, which are members of a registered association, had agreed to set a floor price for economy and premium Umrah packages during several meetings held in early 2023. The association also made a public media announcement to inform the public of the agreed floor prices. This conduct is considered a violation under Section 4 of the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712].



FINDING OF INFRINGEMENT (SECTION 40)



1 TENDER SUPPLY OF LIFE-SAVING EQUIPMENT

On 30 August 2024, MyCC issued a Final Decision against seven enterprises for infringing Section 4 of the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712] in the tender supply of life-saving equipment:

01 Agenda Eksklusif Sdn. Bhd.;

Nekad Waja Resources;

02

03 Star Apax Enterprise;

Prospectrum Sdn. Bhd.;

04

05 Spectron Sdn. Bhd.;

Teknokrat Makmur Enterprise and;

06

07 NK Panorama Enterprise.

The case involved tender supply of life-saving equipment and fire extinguishers, where the enterprises were found to have engaged in anti-competitive practices with a tender value amounting to RM20 million. The financial penalty for these enterprises amounted to RM446,092.95. The final decision was issued on 30 August 2024.

Among the seven enterprises, four have fully paid the financial penalties, while one enterprise is paying in installments, backed by a letter of undertaking from a guarantor. Additionally, two enterprises have opted for a symbolic fine of RM1,000.00 each and have provided a bond of good behaviour amounting to RM5,000.00 each.



STATISTICAL COMPLAINTS SUMMARY OF 2024

TOTAL INVESTIGATIONS

17

TOTAL ASSESSMENTS

1709

COMPLAINTS

143
ACTIVE

94
CLOSED

EX-OFFICIO

3
ACTIVE

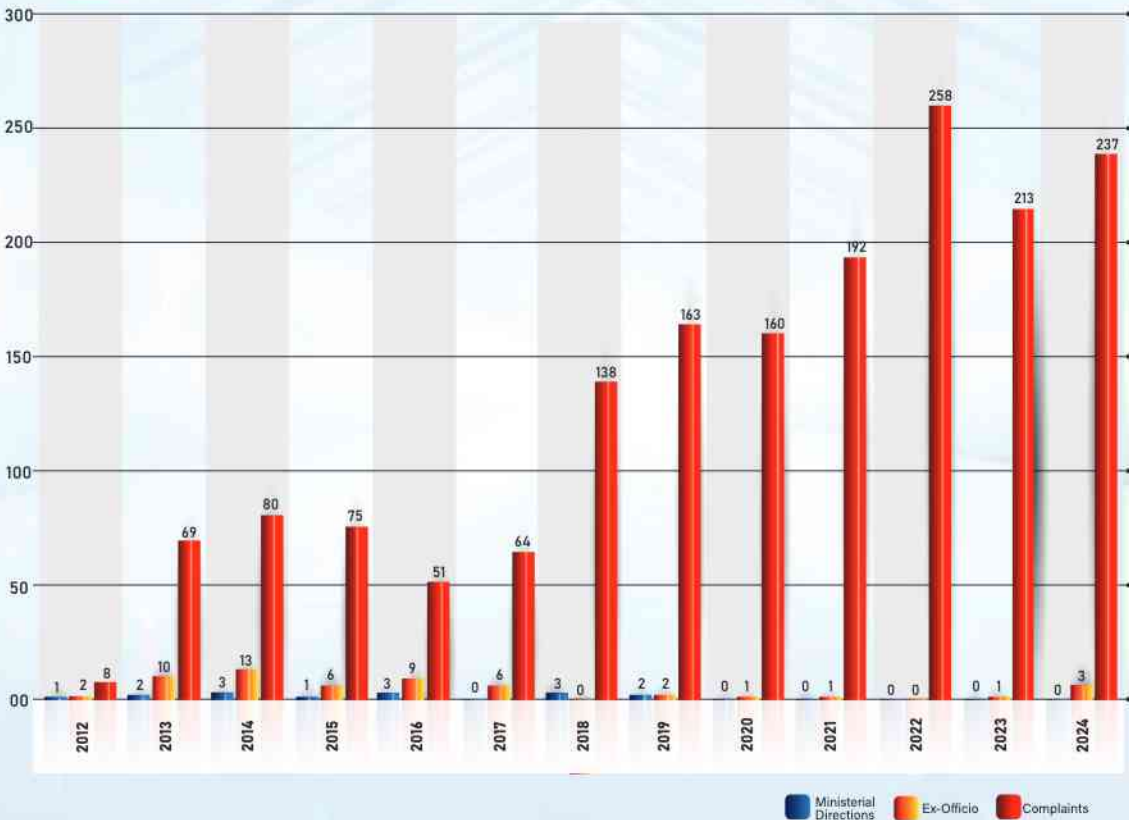
0
CLOSED

MINISTERIAL DIRECTIONS

0
ACTIVE

0
CLOSED

TOTAL STATISTICS OF 2012-2024



TOTAL COMPLAINTS

1709
RECEIVED

1524
CLOSED

TOTAL EX-OFFICIO

53
RECEIVED

47
CLOSED

TOTAL MINISTERIAL DIRECTIONS

15
RECEIVED

14
CLOSED

CASES IN APPEAL STAGE

1 CASE: FIVE CHICKEN FEED MILLERS



CURRENT STAGE: PENDING APPEAL

On 11 December 2023, MyCC issued a final decision in relation to the infringement of Section 4(1) read together with Section 4(2)(a) and 4(3) of the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712] by five chicken feed millers that formed a price fixing cartel for poultry feed. The five entities, are namely:

- i Leong Hup Feedmill Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. ("Leong Hup");
- ii FFM Berhad ("FFM");
- iii Gold Coin Feedmills (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. ("Gold Coin");
- iv Dindings Poultry Development Centre Sdn. Bhd. ("Dindings"); and
- v PK Agro-Industrial Products (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("PK Agro").

The five enterprises were found to have participated in agreements and/or concerted practices relating to the pricing of poultry feed, thus infringing Section 4 of Act 712 and MyCC imposed financial penalties amounting to RM415.5 million on the enterprises.

MyCC found evidence of identical increment in the quantum of poultry feed prices among the enterprises between January 2020 and June 2022. Additionally, communication records retrieved during the investigation showed a significant correlation with the dates of the price announcements implying a deliberate effort to synchronise their actions. Witnesses testimonies also corroborated the exchange of pricing information on raw materials before, during and after meetings of the Malaysian Feedmillers Association.

In addition to imposing financial penalties on the enterprises, MyCC also issued directions to the enterprises including:

- i. A cease-and-desist order prohibiting continued involvement in the poultry feed cartel;
- ii. Monthly reporting of price increases and decreases for poultry feed;
- iii. FFM, Gold Coin and Dindings to strengthen their competition law compliance training and enrol staff and board members;
- iv. PK Agro and Leong Hup to implement competition law compliance programmes for employees and board members; and
- v. All enterprises to incorporate in their Codes of Conduct a provision treating infringements of competition law as misconduct.

► STAY APPLICATION AT COMPETITION APPEAL TRIBUNAL (CAT)

On 6 December 2024, the CAT dismissed the stay application for all five enterprises with no order as to costs. However, the five enterprises filed for leave for judicial review that has been fixed to be heard in January 2025.

► APPEAL AT CAT

CAT has decided the dates for the appeals which are in February 2025 and March 2025. The case management for the main appeal is fixed to be on 10 January 2025.

► ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE FIVE ENTERPRISES

The Commission had filed enforcement proceedings against the five enterprises. The case management is to be held by January 2025.



2 | CASE: DAGANG NET TECHNOLOGIES SDN. BHD.

CURRENT STAGE: JUDICIAL REVIEW AT THE HIGH COURT STAGE

Dagang Net Technologies Sdn. Bhd. ("Dagang Net"), as the sole operator of the National Single Window, provides essential services for import and export activities requiring users to connect to an electronic mailbox (e-mailbox) that only Dagang Net generates. In 2013, the government initiated the uCustoms system to enhance trade facilitation, appointing Dagang Net as one of the service providers.



However, the transition to uCustoms remains incomplete. Dagang Net imposed an exclusivity clause in its MyChannel Partner Agreement with software providers preventing them from engaging with other service providers, which led to complaints and an investigation by MyCC.

► MYCC FINDINGS AND DECISIONS

On 16 February 2021, MyCC found that Dagang Net had abused its dominant position in the relevant market by imposing an exclusivity clause, thereby restricting competition and causing harm to software providers and end-users. MyCC directed Dagang Net to cease and desist from enforcing the clause, to refrain from taking any measures having a similar object or effect, to conduct compliance training for its executives and imposed a financial penalty of RM10,302,475.97.

► CAT's DECISION ON APPEAL

Dagang Net appealed the decision of MyCC to the Competition Appeal Tribunal ("CAT"). The CAT, however, unanimously dismissed the appeal in its entirety. In its decision, CAT:

- i. Affirmed MyCC's finding that Dagang Net held a dominant position in the relevant market;
- ii. Upheld the conclusion that the exclusivity clause constituted an abuse of dominance which had the effect of restricting competition;
- iii. Confirmed the imposition of the financial penalty; and
- iv. Rejected Dagang Net's arguments on procedural unfairness, holding that Dagang Net had been afforded sufficient opportunity to present its case.

Following the dismissal of its appeal, Dagang Net filed an application for judicial review against the decision of CAT. The judicial review proceedings remain ongoing before the High Court.



3 | CASE: 7 WAREHOUSE OPERATORS



CURRENT STAGE: APPEAL TO THE COURT OF APPEAL



The seven Warehouse Operators namely SAL Agencies Sdn. Bhd., WCS Warehousing Sdn. Bhd., Regional Synergy (M) Sdn. Bhd., Intrexim Sdn. Bhd., Pioneerpac Sdn. Bhd., Prima Warehousing Sdn. Bhd. and Interocean Warehousing Services Sdn. Bhd. ("Warehouse Operators") are private limited companies that carry on and engage in the business of providing haulage services, transportation, warehousing, cargo handling and related businesses. Their core business is providing warehousing storage services for import and export cargoes.

► MYCC FINDINGS AND DECISIONS

On 26 July 2021, MyCC issued its Final Decision against seven Warehouse Operators for infringing. Financial penalties ranging from RM26,363.03 to RM336,369.13 were imposed. The infringement involved entering into an agreement to price fix which had the object of preventing, restricting or distorting competition in the provision of handling services for long-length and heavy-lift of import and export cargo in Port Klang, Malaysia from 22 May 2017 until 9 January 2020.

► CAT's DECISION ON APPEAL

On 25 August 2021, five Warehouse Operators namely SAL Agencies, WCS Warehousing, Regional Synergy (M), Intrexim and Pioneerpac filed an appeal to the Competition Appeal Tribunal ("CAT"). On 24 February 2023, the CAT, after having heard the oral submissions and having read the written submissions from the respective parties' counsels, unanimously upheld MyCC's Final Decision.

► JUDICIAL REVIEW APPLICATION AT THE HIGH COURT

Subsequently, on 23 May 2023, the five Warehouse Operators filed a leave for judicial review against the CAT's decision at the High Court and the said leave was granted on 18 October 2023. The hearing of the judicial review application heard before YA Puan Jamhirah Binti Ali at the Shah Alam High Court on 1 August 2024.

On 11 September 2024, the decision was delivered which the applicant's judicial.

► COURT OF APPEAL

On 27 September 2024, the filed an appeal at the Court of Appeal against the High Court's decision in dismissing their judicial review application.

4 CASE: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROCUREMENT



CURRENT STAGE: ONGOING JUDICIAL REVIEW (SUBSTANTIVE) AGAINST THE CAT's DECISION

The investigation started after National Academy of Arts, Culture and Heritage of Malaysia ("ASWARA") submitted information to MyCC in 2017 on a suspected bid-rigging arrangement between two enterprises — Tuah Packet Sdn. Bhd. ("Tuah Packet") and Caliber Interconnects Sdn. Bhd. ("Caliber") in a 2016 project worth RM467,727 ("Sebut Harga A project"). According to MyCC, this included the provision of tender documents by Tuah Packet for Caliber, even though they were supposed to be competing with each other. Caliber, who won the 2016 tender, then brought along Tuah Packet during the project briefing, during which Tuah Packet said it had been appointed by Caliber for parts of the project.

During the investigation, MyCC found another cartel, led by Novatis Resources Sdn. Bhd. ("Novatis"), which had also taken part in the 2016 tender, but lost the bid. Nonetheless, Novatis was also fined, alongside its cartel partners Silver Tech Synergy Sdn. Bhd. ("Silver Tech"), Venture Nucleus (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("Venture Nucleus") and Basenet Technology Sdn. Bhd. ("Basenet"). MyCC's investigations further revealed that Tuah Packet had formed cartels with two other enterprises — Aliran Digital Sdn. Bhd. ("Aliran Digital") and Viamed Sdn. Bhd. ("Viamed") — in three other ASWARA contracts in 2015, i.e., the Tender A, Sebut Harga C and Sebut Harga Active Directory projects, worth RM1.457 million.

► MYCC FINDINGS AND DECISIONS

On 5 July 2022, in its Final Decision, MyCC had found that the eight enterprises, including Novatis and Basenet, had infringed Section 4 prohibition by participating in a series of anti-competitive bid-rigging agreements and/or concerted practices concerning four projects at ASWARA which had prevented, restricted, or distorted competition in the market for services.

► CAT's DECISION ON APPEAL

On July 2022, out of the eight enterprises, four enterprises filed an appeal against the decision of the Commission to the CAT, namely Caliber, Novatis, Silver Tech and Basenet. However, the appeal by Venture Nucleus was filed out of time and was accordingly struck out by the CAT on 17 November 2022. The Tribunal heard all the appeals together on 22 February 2023, 23 February 2023 and 28 February 2023.

On 19 September 2023, CAT reached its decision where it was satisfied that there was sufficient evidence by MyCC to find that there was an infringement of Section 4 of the Competition Act 2010. CAT allowed their appeals in part, on the financial penalty, by adjusting them to 10% of the relevant turnover figures submitted, to the figures of RM46,772.70, RM10,943.40 and RM71,734.90 for Caliber, Silver Tech and Novatis respectively. However, taking into consideration the aggravating and mitigating factors found by MyCC, there will be a





further adjustment to these base figures as follows:

- i. For Caliber, the adjustment is 50% upwards for being the instigator and a further 20% upwards for attempting to destroy evidence in relation to the Sebut Harga A project as an obstruction during the investigation. Therefore, the final figure for the financial penalty for Caliber is RM79,513.59.
- ii. Regarding instigator, here will be upwards adjustment of 50% for being the instigator; therefore, the final figure for financial penalty for Novatis is RM107,602.35.
- iii. There will be no further adjustment in the case of Silver Tech since MyCC did not find any aggravating or mitigating factors in its case. Therefore, the final figure for the financial penalty for Silver Tech remains at RM10,943.40.
- iv. In the case of Basenet, CAT's decision is to dismiss appeals on both finding of infringement and the imposition of the financial penalty.



► HIGH COURT — JUDICIAL REVIEW APPLICATION BY NOVATIS AND BASENET

Following the dismissal of the appeal by the Competition Appeal Tribunal, Novatis and Basenet subsequently filed a Judicial Review application at the High Court in December 2023. The High Court then granted leave to commence judicial review to Novatis and Basenet in January 2024, with the matters to be heard separately. The proceedings are currently pending before the High Court.

Novatis: On 21 May 2024, during the Case Management, the court directed the physical hearing to be held on 16 January 2025 before YA Dato Ahmad Kamal.

Basenet: On 9 December 2024, the decision on the Judicial Review Application was delivered by YA Dato' Amarjeet Singh a/l Serjit Singh. The High Court dismissed the application with costs of RM5,000.00 subject to allocatur fees.



► HIGH COURT — ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS INITIATED BY MYCC

Concurrently, MyCC has initiated enforcement proceedings against Venture Nucleus as well as the other enterprises that did not file an appeal. On 4 April 2023, the High Court delivered its decision, enforcing MyCC's decision and ordering Venture Nucleus to pay the financial penalty imposed in the sum of RM320,846.46.

Venture Nucleus: On 24 October 2024, a show cause hearing was fixed before Puan Tg Syazwany Yasmyrn Binti Tuan Roslan. The Garnishee Order is made absolute. The Commission received the full payment of RM22,480.00 from Venture Nucleus as a settlement of the matter.



5

CASE: PIAM AND ITS 22 MEMBERS

CURRENT STAGE: APPEAL TO THE COURT OF APPEAL

► MYCC FINDINGS AND DECISIONS

On 14 September 2020, MyCC issued a Final Decision against the Persatuan Insurans Am Malaysia ("PIAM") and 22 of its members, collectively infringing Section 4 of the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712] through the collective fixing of trade discounts for automotive spare parts and standardised labour rates for workshops under the PIAM Approved Repairers Scheme. MyCC concluded that the arrangements which were formalised through PIAM Circular 132 had constituted price-fixing agreements.

PIAM and its 22 members then appealed to the Competition Appeal Tribunal and on 2 September 2022, the CAT unanimously allowed the appeal by PIAM and the insurers, holding that MyCC had erred in law and that the impugned arrangements did not amount to an infringement.

► APPLICATION TO COMMENCE JUDICIAL REVIEW

On 16 January 2024, the High Court delivered its decision on MyCC's application for leave to commence judicial review against CAT and the respondents in the PIAM case. The Court dismissed MyCC's leave application and awarded costs of RM10,000.00 to each respondent, except for the CAT and Bank Negara Malaysia, amounting to a total of RM230,000.00.

► COURT OF APPEAL — APPEAL AGAINST THE HIGH COURT'S DECISION

Following the dismissal of the leave application, MyCC proceeded to file an appeal to the Court of Appeal on 15 February 2024. On 6 May 2024, a Supplementary Memorandum of Appeal was filed. The appeal remains ongoing before the Court of Appeal.





6 | CASE: GRAB

CURRENT STAGE: PENDING DECISION BY THE COURT OF APPEAL

On 23 September 2019, MyCC issued a Proposed Decision against Grab Inc., GrabCar Sdn. Bhd. and MyTeksi Sdn. Bhd. ("Grab") for collectively breaching Section 10 of the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712]. MyCC had provisionally found that Grab had abused its dominant position by imposing a number of restrictive clauses on its drivers, which

effectively prevented the drivers from promoting Grab's current and potential competitors on the e-hailing platforms and transit media advertising.

MyCC further noted that the restrictive clauses had the effect of distorting competition in the relevant market that is premised on multi-sided platforms by creating barriers to entry and expansion for Grab's existing and future competitors.



► APPEAL TO COURT OF APPEAL BY MYCC (SUBSTANTIVE)

On 4 August 2023, MyCC filed an appeal to the Court of Appeal against the High Court's decision. The hearing was heard on 18 November 2024 and the judges reserved its decision until 19 March 2025.





7 CASE: CENTRAL SPINE ROAD ("CSR")

CURRENT STAGE: PENDING HEARING OF JUDICIAL REVIEW APPLICATION AT THE HIGH COURT

MyCC has taken enforcement action relating to alleged bid-rigging in government procurement tenders for part of the CSR project, a major highway development in Malaysia.

The CSR project connects multiple states and is a large-scale public infrastructure initiative. On 16 April 2024, MyCC issued a Proposed Decision against the eight enterprises for their alleged involvement in a bid-rigging cartel in the CSR construction tender. These enterprises are provisionally found to have infringed Section 4 of the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712], which prohibits anti-competitive agreements, such as bid-rigging and collusion that restrict or distort competition.

► MyCC FINDINGS AND DECISIONS

MyCC's case against the eight enterprises arose from findings that the companies had colluded in the bidding process for three major government projects: two CSR construction packages under JKR and a flood-mitigation project under JPS. The tenders, collectively valued at roughly RM474 million, showed patterns of coordinated conduct, including shared pricing information, joint preparation of tender documents and pre-arranged bid outcomes. MyCC's investigation revealed that much of the planning and document preparation took place at one of the enterprise's premises, while another enterprise played a central coordinating role. The winning bidders later subcontracted substantial portions of the works to the same downstream contractor, reinforcing the conclusion that the bids were not independently prepared. Based on these findings, MyCC determined that the eight enterprises had engaged in bid-rigging agreements that prevented, restricted or distorted competition in the procurement of the road construction and flood-mitigation projects.

► JUDICIAL REVIEW APPLICATION FILED BY THE EIGHT ENTERPRISES AT THE HIGH COURT

Following the filing of judicial review applications after the issuance of the Proposed Decision, the High Court granted leave and interim stay to most applicants. Steps were then taken to challenge the granting of stay.

The matters were later transferred to a single High Court, who issued directions for the exchange of affidavits and fixed dates for case management and the inter partes stay hearing. The Court eventually set aside the stay for one of the applicants and later dismissed the inter partes stay applications for the remaining applicants.

The substantive judicial review hearing has been scheduled for 21 January 2025.



PUBLIC SUMMARY OF IMPACT ASSESSMENT AND GENERAL STUDY

1 PUBLIC SUMMARY AND VIDEO OF IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF MyCC'S ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES



LINK:
<https://mycc.gov.my/handbook-and-brochure/impact-assessment-of-myccs-enforcement-activities>

OVERVIEW

A significant achievement in 2024 was the completion and publication of the Impact Assessment of MyCC's Enforcement Activities, including a comprehensive public summary and an engaging video. These outputs highlight MyCC's role in promoting competitive markets and driving economic growth in Malaysia. By making these resources publicly available, MyCC reinforces its commitment to transparent, evidence-based policymaking and strengthens engagement with government policymakers, industry stakeholders and the public.

OBJECTIVE

The impact assessment serves multiple strategic objectives: enhancing MyCC's effectiveness as Malaysia's national competition authority through evidence-based practice development; providing compelling case studies for government stakeholder engagement; and demonstrating the Commission's commitment to maximising consumer benefits through efficient resource allocation.



IMPACT

Seven cases decided by MyCC involving a financial penalty amounting to RM23.3 million imposed on 109 companies have generated consumer benefits valued close to RM75 million. This reflects a return of more than three times for every RM1 in financial penalties imposed by MyCC. This report has been published on the MyCC website on 28 November 2026.

2 GENERAL STUDY ON THE PADDY AND RICE INDUSTRY IN MALAYSIA

LINK:

https://www.mycc.gov.my/sites/default/files/pdf/newsroom/MyCC_Paddy%20and%20Rice%20Industry%20in%20Malaysia%20%28Public%20Report%29_%28ENG%29.pdf

QR:



► OVERVIEW

In a major initiative to strengthen market competition in Malaysia's essential food sectors, MyCC completed a comprehensive study of the paddy and rice industry in 2024. This strategic assessment examined critical aspects including production efficiency, supply chain integration and pricing mechanisms across the industry. The study delivered actionable recommendations to enhance market competitiveness and operational efficiency, while ensuring long-term food security. These evidence-based insights have equipped MyCC to better address potential anti-competitive practices in this vital sector and promote a more dynamic, competitive marketplace that benefits both producers and consumers.

► OBJECTIVE

The study's scope encompassed analysing supply chain dynamics, evaluating government policies and regulations and examining potential competition issues within market structures. MyCC also conducted comparative analysis with other rice-producing nations including Australia, Indonesia, Philippines and Vietnam to gather valuable insights for improving Malaysia's rice market competitiveness.



► FINDINGS

This study reveals a significant decline in Malaysia's rice self-sufficiency, dropping from 70% in 2017 to 56.2% in 2023. The industry is hampered by extreme market concentration, featuring a monopoly in imports (BERNAS) and fertilisers, alongside an oligopolistic seed market. Key competition risks include vertical integration that may lead to market foreclosure and widespread "rice blending," where cheaper imports are mixed with local rice for higher profits. Recommendations focus on phased import liberalisation, modernising the Control of Padi and Rice Act 1994, and implementing digital tracking to ensure transparency and food security.

► ACHIEVEMENTS

Following the completion of the market study in October 2024, MyCC presented its comprehensive findings and recommendations to key government stakeholders, including the National Action Council on Cost of Living (NACCOL), Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security (KPKM) and the Prime Minister's Office (PMO). This strategic engagement facilitated the direct incorporation of competition analysis and market insights into high-level policy deliberations. The presentation highlighted critical competition issues, including market concentration, barriers to entry, vertical integration concerns and proposed policy interventions to enhance market efficiency and competitiveness in the paddy and rice sector.

3 GENERAL STUDY ON COMPETITION ISSUES IN THE IMPORTATION OF BEEF, COCONUTS AND ONIONS INTO MALAYSIA

LINK:

<https://www.mycc.gov.my/general-study/study-on-importation-of-beef-coconut-and-onion-in-malaysia>

QR:



► OVERVIEW

Following a directive from the National Economic Action Council (MTEN), MyCC launched a general study to investigate potential cartel behaviour in food importation markets. This initiative demonstrates the growing recognition of MyCC's analytical capabilities and the increasing emphasis on evidence-based competition policy. Based on comprehensive market analysis and stakeholder consultations, MyCC strategically selected three key markets for investigation: beef, coconuts and onions. These markets were prioritised due to their significant impact on consumer welfare, substantial import dependency ratios and their crucial role in Malaysia's food security framework.

► OBJECTIVE

The study examines potential anti-competitive conduct in Malaysia's food import markets, specifically focusing on beef, coconuts and onions. Key areas of analysis include the competitive implications of Approved Permit (AP) and Import Permit (IP) regulations, their impact on market efficiency and food security and the effectiveness of government initiatives to enhance domestic self-sufficiency ratios (SSR). Through detailed market structure analysis, supply chain mapping and evaluation of consumption patterns and price trends, the study aims to develop evidence-based recommendations for promoting competitive markets and implementing effective regulatory frameworks.



► FINDINGS

This study highlights that while the 2022 abolition of Approved Permits (APs) for beef and coconut imports has enhanced market transparency and reduced entry barriers, significant challenges remain in ensuring food security and fair competition. Malaysia faces high import dependency, reaching 100% for onions and nearly 85% for beef, which leaves the market vulnerable to global supply shocks and price volatility. Persistent issues include non-tariff barriers, such as fragmented regulatory processes and overlapping labeling requirements that delay port clearances, as well as rampant smuggling driven by domestic price controls and porous borders. Furthermore, international cases in the Philippines and Indonesia demonstrate how importer collusion and "quota hoarding" can create artificial scarcity, underscoring the need for MyCC to maintain robust oversight to prevent similar anti-competitive cartels in Malaysia. To mitigate these risks, the report recommends diversifying import sources, streamlining regulatory burdens, and establishing multi-stakeholder platforms to improve supply chain resilience.

► ACHIEVEMENTS

In December 2024, MyCC concluded its comprehensive market study on food importation, presenting its findings and strategic recommendations to the National Economic Action Council (MTEN). The presentation to the MTEN executive committee, chaired by YB Dato' Seri Mohd Rafizi Bin Ramli, effectively conveyed critical market dynamics and competition concerns identified across the investigated sectors.



4

ECONOMIC ADVICE

LINK:

<https://www.mycc.gov.my/market-review/final-report-market-review-on-food-sector-under-competition-act-2010>

QR:



Throughout the year, MyCC has provided three economic advisory reports on competition matters to requesting ministries and agencies.

01

» Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security (KPKM)

02

» Ministry of Economy (KE)

03

» Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security (KPKM)

POLICY ADVICE

The advisory works undertaken by MyCC are in the form of policy advice, legal opinions and advice, as well as economic advice.

In 2024, MyCC provided a total of 18 policy advices in relation to competition issues to ministries and Government agencies in Malaysia.

MyCC has provided policy recommendations and advices to the following Ministries/Government Agencies:

🕒 DATE	» MINISTRIES / GOVERNMENT AGENCIES	
🕒 January 2024	» Ministry of Tourism, Arts and Culture (MOTAC)	●
🕒 January 2024	» Ministry of Finance (MOF)	●
🕒 February 2024	» Ministry of Domestic Trade and Cost of Living (KPDN)	●
🕒 February 2024	» Ministry of Communications (KKD)	●
🕒 February 2024	» Ministry of Transportation (MOT)	●
🕒 May 2024	» Ministry of Transportation (MOT)	●
🕒 May 2024	» Ministry of Tourism, Arts and Culture (MOTAC)	●
🕒 May 2024	» Ministry of Finance (MOF)	●
🕒 June 2024	» Ministry of Domestic Trade and Cost of Living (KPDN)	●
🕒 June 2024	» Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM)	●
🕒 June 2024	» Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry (MITI)	●
🕒 July 2024	» Ministry of Human Resources (KESUMA)	●
🕒 August 2024	» Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry (MITI)	●
🕒 September 2024	» Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry (MITI)	●
🕒 September 2024	» Ministry of Economy (KE)	●
🕒 October 2024	» Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry (MITI)	●
🕒 November 2024	» Ministry of Digital (KD)	●
🕒 December 2024	» Ministry of Digital (KD)	●

INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMMES

Internationally, MyCC is also actively involved in conferences, workshops, meetings and capacity building overseas. As the member of the ASEAN Experts Group on Competition (AEGC), International Competition Network (ICN), Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) and others, MyCC often accepts invitations to

overseas programmes as speakers, participants, meeting members and even moderators.

For year 2024, MyCC successfully held seven international collaboration programme, attended a total of 46 programmes and 21 meetings at the international level which include forums, workshops, secondment programmes and other capacity building programmes.

1

COMPETITION ECONOMIC SYMPOSIUM & INTERNAL TRAINING WITH CCSA EXPERTS

📅 15/1/2024, Monday - 19/1/2024, Friday
📍 Kuala Lumpur

The Competition Economic Symposium & Internal Training with Competition Commission of South Africa (CCSA) Experts was successfully held from 15 to 19 January 2024 at Renaissance Kuala Lumpur Hotel & Convention Centre, Kuala Lumpur. Hosted by the MyCC in collaboration with the Competition Commission of South Africa (CCSA), this programme comprised a four-day internal training session followed by a one-day Competition Economic Symposium.

The purpose of the internal training is to enhance MyCC's capacity in handling competition cases, upcoming merger control implementation and other competition issues — particularly in light of the ongoing amendments to the Competition Act 2010 to introduce merger control powers. On the other hand, the symposium was for public and it has over 150 participants including MyCC officers, government officials, legal practitioners, economists, businesses, academics, university students, chambering pupils and representatives from ASEAN Member States. Under the theme of "Raising the Ceiling — Competition Policy and the Madani Economy Framework", the symposium explored how competition policy and law can support and promote key initiatives outlined in the Madani Economy Framework.

The speakers for this programme consist of a line-up of renowned economic experts in Malaysia and from the Competition Commission of South Africa (CCSA).

The Symposium covers a wide range of topics in competition and it was divided into two sessions as follows:

Session 1: Raising the Ceiling by Supporting a Green Inclusive and International Economy

Session 2: Complementing Existing Policies and Promoting New Trends in the Economic Transformation Agenda



OBJECTIVES

This programme was conducted to achieve the following objectives:

- To bring together industry experts, policymakers and stakeholders to discuss and address key issues related to competition law; and
- To provide valuable insights, exchange knowledge and experiences and foster discussions that contribute to the advancement of competition law enforcement and its role in promoting economic development.



ACHIEVEMENTS

The programme was attended by more than 150 local and international participants from more than ten jurisdictions, comprising of government officers, legal practitioners, economists, members of professional bodies, members of financial institutions, academicians, students and others.



2

19th EAST ASIA TOP LEVEL OFFICIALS' MEETING (EATOP) AND 16th EAST ASIA CONFERENCE (EAC)



- 🕒 EATOP - 23 July 2024, Tuesday
- 🕒 EAC - 24 July 2024, Wednesday
- 📍 Kuala Lumpur

The 19th EATOP and the 16th EAC were jointly organised by MyCC, the Japan Fair Trade Commission (JFTC), and the Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI).

EATOP is a closed-door, high-level annual meeting among competition authorities to discuss current developments and the direction of competition policy and law. This platform enables senior officials from participating countries to exchange views and strategies on contemporary competition enforcement issues, thereby strengthening economic cooperation across the East Asian region.

The meeting covered a range of topics, including the digital economy, best practices in merger control implementation, and market studies. As a co-organiser, MyCC invited two competition experts from each participating country, including Australia, Singapore, Indonesia, Korea, Mongolia, Cambodia, Thailand, Taiwan, New Zealand, the Philippines, China, and Hong Kong. The one-day forum was attended by 30 participants and comprised four main sessions.

The international collaboration between MyCC, JFTC, and ADBI was subsequently extended through the 16th East Asia Conference (EAC), which was also held in Kuala Lumpur.

The conference was officiated by Senator Puan Hajah Fuziah Binti Salleh, Deputy Minister of Domestic Trade and Cost of Living, and featured in-depth discussions on the role of competition policy and law in addressing cost of living issues, as well as the implementation of merger control.



ACHIEVEMENTS

Throughout the two-day programme, MyCC received highly positive feedback from both local and international participants, particularly in terms of organisation, professionalism, and hospitality. One of the key highlights was the coordinated use of Malaysian batik attire among staff, which successfully showcased national identity and team spirit. This initiative also attracted the attention of international delegates, including interest in the batik designs and their cultural significance. YB Senator Puan Hajah Fuziah Binti Salleh also wore the same batik alongside MyCC officers during the 16th EAC, which was seen as a symbol of unity and pride.

In addition, the programme marked the official launch of the MyCC Competition Compliance e-Learning Programme 2.0, aimed at enhancing awareness and understanding of competition law among businesses and the public. The launch was officiated by YB Minister and received extensive media coverage, including on national television, thereby increasing MyCC's visibility and outreach.

3

MyCC INTERNATIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING WITH EXPERT: EX-ANTE AND EX-POST COMPETITION LAW ENFORCEMENT APPROACH

📅 25/7/2024, Thursday

📍 MyCC Office

Following the success of the EATOP and EAC events, MyCC continued its international engagement efforts through a dedicated internal capacity-building programme held on 25 July 2024 at its headquarters. This closed-door session, exclusive to MyCC officers, was designed to provide deeper insight and practical guidance on the implementation of both ex-ante and ex-post approaches to competition law enforcement, particularly in anticipation of the upcoming merger control regime under the Competition Act 2010 [Act 712].

The programme featured an in-depth knowledge sharing session with Ms My Lyn Yuen, a distinguished partner at the international law firm Hogan Lovells, based in Brussels, Belgium. With extensive experience in competition law, Ms Yuen has served as legal counsel in several high-profile antitrust and merger cases, including those involving global entities such as Google, IBM and Mitsubishi Heavy Industries. Her expertise in navigating complex legal landscapes within the EU and global competition frameworks brought substantial value to the discussions.

Another speaker, Geronimo L. Sy, serves as Undersecretary at the Department of Justice, Philippines. He holds a Bachelor of Science in Management Engineering from the Ateneo de Manila University and a Master's degree in Public Management from the University of the Philippines. He has served under the Department of Justice for 24 years.

In addition to the main session, MyCC officers were also given the opportunity to engage in one-to-one discussions with Ms Yuen. These personalised interactions enabled participants to raise specific queries, seek advice on practical enforcement challenges, and explore international best practices directly from an experienced legal practitioner.

OBJECTIVE

The primary objective of this programme was to enhance the technical capacity and readiness of MyCC officers in enforcing competition law through both ex-ante and ex-post approaches. Specifically, it aimed to provide in-depth exposure to international best practices in merger control and case handling, equip officers with strategic insights into high-profile competition cases and offer a platform for direct engagement with a globally recognised expert in the field to support informed and effective implementation of Malaysia's evolving competition regime.



4

VALIDATION WORKSHOP FOR THE MERGER INFORMATION SHARING PORTAL (MISP) AND VALIDATION WORKSHOP FOR THE ASEAN COMPETITION ACTION PLAN (ACAP) 2030

📅 9/12/2024, Monday - 10/12/2024, Tuesday
📍 Kuala Lumpur

MyCC, in collaboration with the ASEAN Secretariat and with support from the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ), successfully hosted two regional workshops: the Validation Workshop for the Merger Information Sharing Portal (MISP) on 9 December 2024, followed by the Validation Workshop for the ASEAN Competition Action Plan (ACAP) 2030 on 10 December 2024. Both events were held at the same venue in Kuala Lumpur and involved the participation of representatives from ASEAN Member States (AMS), relevant consultants and key stakeholders.

The first workshop focused on the MISP, an initiative designed to strengthen cooperation among ASEAN competition authorities in monitoring cross-border mergers within the region. As one of the Key Deliverables under the ASEAN Experts Group on Competition (AEGC) for 2023, MISP serves as a platform for information exchange on mergers and acquisitions, with the goal of enhancing the efficiency and consistency of cross-border merger investigations. Notably, the MISP also supports the broader objectives of the ASEAN Competition Action Plan (ACAP) 2025, specifically Deliverable 3.1.2.

During the workshop, participants revisited the MISP mock-up that had been presented earlier at the 33rd AEGC Meeting in October. The session provided an opportunity to validate whether the proposed features and functions of the portal accurately reflected the earlier feedback from AMS. It also enabled the gathering of final inputs to ensure the successful implementation of the MISP in line with regional goals. Through this effort, MyCC demonstrated its ongoing commitment as an active member of AEGC and played a pivotal role in facilitating the realisation of key regional deliverables.

On the following day, MyCC convened the Validation Workshop for the ACAP 2030. As the successor to ACAP 2025, this new strategic document will serve as the guiding framework for AEGC's initiatives over the next five years. It outlines key priorities, objectives and implementation strategies aimed at further enhancing regional cooperation and alignment in competition policy and enforcement among AMS. The ACAP 2030 workshop sought to ensure that the current draft plan accurately captured the collective inputs from member states and relevant stakeholders. Discussions during the session focused on clarifying the proposed Activities and Supporting Activities, including their timelines and implementation responsibilities. Participants provided detailed feedback on each proposed action, helping to shape a finalised roadmap that reflects shared goals and realistic capacities for regional implementation.

In addition to AEGC members, MyCC welcomed the participation of both the MISP and ACAP 2030 consultants, whose technical guidance was essential in shaping the content and direction of both validation workshops.

In conclusion, both validation workshops were successfully conducted and marked a significant step forward in strengthening regional cooperation in competition policy. MyCC's leadership in organising and facilitating these discussions reinforced its active role in ASEAN-level initiatives and its commitment to supporting a harmonised and effective competition enforcement environment across the region.



1 MALAYSIA
MyCC Internal Training with the Competition Commission of South Africa (CCSA)

4 NAIROBI, KENYA
ICN Advocacy Working Group (AWG) Workshop & Digital Markets Advocacy Workshop

7 LIMA, PERU
APEC CPLG Workshops

2 SINGAPORE
US DOJ Workshop on the Role of Competition Law in Supporting the Growth of MSMEs

5 BALI, INDONESIA
AANZFTA CLIP Merger Hypothetical Workshop

8 BANGKOK, THAILAND
1st Brainstorming Meeting for Post-2025 ACAP

3 MELBOURNE, AUSTRALIA
AANZFTA CLIP Secondments

6 BERLIN, GERMANY
Bundeskartellamt 22nd International Conference on Competition

9 WASHINGTON, DC, USA
ICN Technologists Group Forum

ELEVATING MyCC ON THE GLOBAL STAGE



- 10 HANOI, VIETNAM**
OECD/KPC Competition Law Workshop for New Staff
- 11 SIEM REAP, CAMBODIA**
AANZFTA CLIP Remedies for Competition Law Infringements
- 12 SEOUL, KOREA**
OECD/KPC 20th Anniversary Workshop on Advocacy
- 13 BRUGES, BELGIUM**
EU Competition Summer School
- 14 CRETE, GREECE**
5th CRESSE-OECD Competition Agency Leaders Executive Programme (CALEP)
- 15 BANGKOK, THAILAND**
TCCT Competition Policy Symposium
- 16 MEXICO CITY, MEXICO**
2024 ICN Cartel Workshop
- 17 HONG KONG**
Concurrences Antitrust in Asia Conference
- 18 TAIPEI, TAIWAN**
2024 ICN Merger Workshop
- 19 MOSCOW, RUSSIA**
IX Annual International Conference Antimonopoly Policy: Science, Practice, Education



CAPACITY BUILDING

- 1 MyCC Internal Training with the Competition Commission of South Africa (CCSA) 15, 16, 17, & 19 January MyCC Office MyCC



- 2 Competition Economic Symposium 18 January Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia MyCC



- 3 US DOJ Workshop on the Role of Competition Law in Supporting the Growth of MSMEs 22 – 26 January Singapore US DOJ & CCSA

- 4 European Commission (DG Competition) - Let's Talk Competition - State Aid & Industrial Policy 30 January Virtual DG Competition of the European Commission

5.	AANZFTA CLIP Digital Markets Webinar #2: Data and Intel — the ACCC's Strategic Data Analysis Unit and Using Data for Competition and Consumer Analysis	5 February	Virtual	AANZFTA CLIP
6.	AANZFTA CLIP Digital Markets Webinar #3: Data and Intel — Tactical Intelligence	19 February	Virtual	AANZFTA CLIP
7.	AANZFTA CLIP Secondments	19 February – 29 March	Melbourne, Australia	AANZFTA CLIP
				
8.	E-nomics Making Asian Markets Green and Competitive	21 February	Virtual	E-nomics
9.	ICN Advocacy Working Group (AWG) Workshop & Digital Markets Advocacy Workshop	21 – 23 February	Nairobi, Kenya	Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) and US FTC
				
10.	AANZFTA CLIP Merger Hypothetical Workshop	28 – 29 February	Bali, Indonesia	AANZFTA CLIP
				

- 11.** Bundeskartellamt 22nd International Conference on Competition 28 February – 1 March Berlin, Germany Bundeskartellamt



- 12.** APEC CPLG Workshops on:
i. Regulatory and Competition Challenges in Digital Markets; and
ii. Recent Challenges to Merger Control and Anticompetitive Conducts Proceedings in Order to Protect the Competition Process 27 February – 1 March Lima, Peru APEC



- 13.** AANZFTA CLIP Commissioner-to-Commissioner Mentoring 8 March – 24 May Virtual AANZFTA CLIP

- 14.** 1st Brainstorming Meeting for Post-2025 ACAP 14 March Bangkok, Thailand / Virtual ASEAN

- 15.** ICN AEWG Webinar on Effective Training on Competition 14 March Virtual ICN AEWG

- 16.** JFTC's Symposium: Generative AI and Competition Policy 15 March MyCC Office / Virtual JFTC



17.	ICN UCWG Webinar on Exclusive Dealing	19 March	Virtual	ICN UCWG
18.	ICN Technologists Group Forum	25 – 26 March	Washington, DC, USA	ICN
				
19.	OECD/KPC Competition Law Workshop for New Staff	9 – 11 April	Hanoi, Vietnam	OECD
				
20.	ICN AEWG Webinar: Making Enforcement Cooperation Effective	18 April	Virtual	ICN AEWG
21.	AANZFTA CLIP Remedies for Competition Law Infringements	7 – 9 May	Siem Reap, Cambodia	AANZFTA CLIP
				
22.	ICN CWG Webinar on Obstruction	7 May	Virtual	ICN CWG
23.	ICN AEWG Economists Webinar: Quantitative Methods for Coordinate Effects	8 May	Virtual	ICN AEWG
24.	AANZFTA CLIP Expert Placement to MyCC	13 May – 21 June	MyCC Office	AANZFTA CLIP

25. OECD/KPC 20th Anniversary Workshop on Advocacy 28 – 30 May Seoul, Korea OECD KPC



26. AANZFTA CLIP Digital and Intel Workshop 5 – 7 June Hanoi, Vietnam AANZFTA CLIP



27. EU DG Comp Webcast: Past and Future of Competition Policy – Challenges Ahead 25 June Virtual EU DG Comp

28. EU Competition Summer School 1 – 12 July Bruges, Belgium EU & ASEAN



29. ICN Sustainability Workshop 2 – 3 July Virtual ICN

30. 5th CRESSE-OECD Competition Agency Leaders Executive Programme (CALEP) 6 – 10 July Crete, Greece OECD and CRESSE



31.	TCCT Competition Policy Symposium	15 – 16 July	Bangkok, Thailand/ Virtual	TCCT & ITC
32.	16 th East Asia Conference	24 July	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	MyCC, JFTC & ADBI
33.	MyCC International Capacity Building with Expert: Ex-Ante and Ex-Post Competition Law Enforcement Approach	25 July	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	MyCC
				
34.	GCR Live Law Leaders Asia-Pacific 2024 Conference	27 – 28 August	Singapore/ Virtual	GCR
35.	ICN Advocacy Working Group Webinar on Successful Advocacy Strategies to the Judiciary	25 September	Virtual	ICN AWG
36.	ASEAN-ITC Webinar on Competition Issues Covered in Digital Economy Agreements	30 September	Virtual	ASEAN & ITC
37.	2024 ICN Cartel Workshop	2 – 4 October	Mexico City, Mexico	COFECE
38.	OECD-KPC Competition Economics Workshop	16 – 17 October	Jakarta, Indonesia	OECD-KPC
39.	2 nd ASEAN-CIS-KFTC Enforcers Summit	29 October	Seoul, Korea	KFTC
40.	Workshop on Competition Policy and Law in ASEAN	1 November	Phuket, Thailand	AANZFTA CLIP

41.	Concurrences Antitrust in Asia Conference	7 November	Hong Kong	Concurrences
42.	2024 ICN Merger Workshop	13 – 15 November	Taipei, Taiwan	TFTC
43.	IX Annual International Conference Antimonopoly Policy: Science, Practice, Education	14 & 15 November	Moscow, Russia	FAS Russia
44.	Validation Workshop for the Merger Information Sharing Portal (MISP)	9 December	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	ASEAN, & MyCC
				
45.	Validation Workshop for the ASEAN Competition Action Plan (ACAP) 2030	10 December	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	ASEAN, & MyCC
				
46.	2024 Antitrust Global Seminar Series: Seoul	12 December	Seoul, South Korea	ABA Antitrust Law Section

INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS

- 1
5th ACFTA WGCC
Negotiation
📅 30 January – 2 February
📍 Hangzhou, China
🔄 ASEAN & China
- 2
5th ACAFTA WGC
Negotiation
📅 19 & 27 February
📍 Virtual
🔄 ASEAN & Malaysia
- 3
8th Round of the AFAC
Negotiation
📅 21 February
📍 Virtual
🔄 ASEAN

- 6
9th Round of the AFAC
Negotiation
📅 15 March
📍 Bangkok, Thailand/
Virtual
🔄 ASEAN & Thailand
- 5
32nd AEGC and Other
Related Meetings
📅 11 – 14 March
📍 Bangkok, Thailand/
Virtual
🔄 ASEAN & Thailand
- 4
Annual APEC CPLG
Meeting
📅 2 March
📍 Lima, Peru
🔄 APEC

- 7
10th Round of the AFAC
Negotiation
📅 25 March
📍 Virtual
🔄 ASEAN
- 8
6th ACFTA WGCC
Negotiation
📅 22 – 24 April
📍 Virtual
🔄 ASEAN
- 9
6th ACAFTA WGC Caucus
Negotiation
📅 7 May
📍 Virtual
🔄 ASEAN

- 12
11th Round of the AFAC
Negotiation
📅 29 May
📍 Virtual
🔄 ASEAN
- 11
7th ACFTA WGCC
Negotiation
📅 27 – 28 May
📍 Virtual
🔄 ASEAN
- 10
6th ACAFTA WGC Plenary
Negotiation
📅 16 May
📍 Virtual
🔄 ASEAN

13

12th Round of the AFAC
Negotiation

📅 13 – 14 June

📍 Manila, Philippines

🏠 ASEAN

14

8th ACFTA WGCC
Negotiation

📅 24 – 27 June

📍 Nanning, China

🏠 ASEAN

15

22nd UNCTAD
Intergovernmental Group
of Experts on Competition
Policy

📅 3 – 5 July

📍 Geneva, Switzerland

🏠 UNCTAD

18

8th ACAFTA WGC
Negotiation

📅 5, 17 & 19

September

📍 Virtual

🏠 ASEAN

17

7th ACAFTA WGC
Negotiation

📅 29 – 30 July

📍 Virtual

🏠 ASEAN

16

19th East Asia Top Level
Officials' Meeting
(EATOP)

📅 23 July

📍 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

🏠 MyCC, JFTC, & ADBI

19

33rd AEGC and Other
Related Meetings

📅 28 October – 1

November

📍 Phuket, Thailand

🏠 ASEAN & Thailand

20

5th ASEAN Heads of
Competition Agencies
(AHCA) Meeting

📅 30 October

📍 Phuket, Thailand/ Virtual

🏠 ASEAN & Thailand

21

9th ACAFTA WGCC
Negotiation

📅 25 & 28 November

📍 Virtual

🏠 ASEAN



MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING WITH TURKISH COMPETITION AUTHORITY AND BENCHMARKING VISIT TO ISTANBUL BILGI UNIVERSITY COMPETITION LAW AND POLICY RESEARCH CENTRE (CLPRC) AND BACESEHIR UNIVERSITY

► OVERVIEW

Law Amendment and Interim Merger Unit (LAIMU), on behalf of MyCC, undertook a benchmarking visit to Türkiye from 8 to 12 September 2024. On 10 September 2024, MyCC signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the Turkish Competition Authority (TCA). In addition, LAIMU conducted benchmarking engagements with TCA and held in-person discussions with Istanbul Bilgi University's Competition Law and Policy Research Centre (CLPRC) and Bacesehir University, both recognised as centres of excellence in competition law in Türkiye.

► OBJECTIVE

The visit aims to establish bilateral cooperation between MyCC, through LAIMU and the Turkish Competition Authority (TCA) in competition law enforcement, including the sharing of legal frameworks, enforcement mechanisms and investigative approaches. It also seeks to enhance institutional capacity, expertise and technical know-how through the exchange of experiences, best practices and case-handling methodologies. In addition, the visit explores avenues for collaboration, such as staff training, expert placements in Malaysia and secondment opportunities in Türkiye, to strengthen ongoing institutional development.

The visit further aims to align MyCC's enforcement practices with international best practices to support efforts in addressing anti-competitive conduct, market inefficiencies and cost-of-living issues. These measures will contribute to creating a more competitive, fair and sustainable market environment, ultimately benefiting Malaysian consumers.

► FINDINGS

The benchmarking visit provided valuable insights into the operational and enforcement practices of TCA, which maintains a mature framework for handling complex cartel, monopoly and merger cases. The visit highlighted evidence-based enforcement, structured procedures and economic analysis as key tools that MyCC can reference in addressing sophisticated anticompetitive conduct. The signing of the MoU between MyCC and TCA formalises bilateral cooperation, enabling structured collaboration, technical guidance and future initiatives.

► ACHIEVEMENTS

The benchmarking visit will result in the first-ever MoU between MyCC and an international competition authority, establishing formal mechanisms for cooperation and knowledge sharing. It will also lay the foundation for developing competition law educational modules in Malaysia, enhance MyCC's ability to tackle complex anticompetitive cases and strengthen Malaysia's engagement in international competition policy. Furthermore, the initiative will foster collaboration with the Malaysian diaspora and relevant academic institutions, supporting MyCC's broader mandate of promoting a fair and competitive market environment.





CAPACITY BUILDING WITH JAPAN FAIR TRADE COMMISSION AND COMPETITION COMMISSION OF SOUTH AFRICA



► OVERVIEW

LAIMU plays a strategic role in strengthening institutional capacity in competition law enforcement through the organisation and facilitation of structured internal training programmes which are part of LAIMU's ongoing commitment to enhance technical expertise, promoting continuous professional development and reinforcing effective enforcement of competition law. In particular, LAIMU has leveraged international cooperation with established foreign competition authorities such as the Japan Fair Trade Commission (JFTC) and the Competition Commission of South Africa (CCSA) to facilitate knowledge transfer, comparative learning and exposure to international best practices.

► FINDINGS

The internal training programmes demonstrated the value of international collaboration in strengthening institutional knowledge and operational capacity. Participants gained practical insights into comparative competition law frameworks, enforcement strategies, investigative techniques and case management practices. The programmes facilitated constructive discussions on enforcement challenges, emerging trends and lessons learned from international experiences, enhancing officers' analytical capabilities and preparedness for effective competition law enforcement.

► OBJECTIVE

The training initiatives were designed to enhance the knowledge, skills and enforcement capabilities of officers involved in competition law enforcement. They aimed to provide participants with deeper understanding of competition law principles, investigative approaches and enforcement practices through engagement with experienced international counterparts. The programmes also supported consistent and effective application of competition law while fostering a culture of continuous learning and professional development within the institution.

► ACHIEVEMENTS

The internal training programmes were a success. The programmes provided participants with valuable knowledge and practical skills in implementing and conducting merger assessments, with a particular focus on the mergers control regime. Through expert guidance and real merger case studies, participants gained confidence in understanding and applying the merger review process, while addressing identified gaps within MyCC's merger control framework. Feedback from participants were overwhelmingly positive, with many describing the training as informative, relevant and practical. Overall, the programme strengthened institutional capacity among officers, enhanced their technical competency and laid a strong foundation for future engagement and capacity development initiatives with JFTC and CCSA.





PERBADANAN PRODUKTIVITI MALAYSIA



APPROVAL OF REGULATORY IMPACT ASSESSMENT BY MALAYSIA PRODUCTIVITY CORPORATION ON 29 FEBRUARY 2024

► OVERVIEW

In February 2024, MyCC submitted two Regulatory Impact Statements (RIS) to Malaysia Productivity Corporation (MPC) concerning amendments to the Competition Act 2010: one on amendments to existing provisions and another on the introduction of a merger control regime. Initially, MPC granted conditional approval on 26 February 2024, citing the need for enhancements to certain content, including information requests to companies for market review purposes and details on complaints, inquiries and ministerial directions. MyCC subsequently provided justifications for not including these elements, emphasising that disclosure could compromise the agency's credibility and ongoing investigations. MPC acknowledged these justifications and subsequently granted full approval for both RIS documents, allowing MyCC to proceed with the implementation and operationalisation of the proposed amendments under the Competition Act 2010.

► OBJECTIVE

The submission of the RIS to MPC aimed to provide a comprehensive assessment of the proposed amendments to the Competition Act 2010. The objectives were to ensure that amendments to existing provisions and the introduction of a merger control regime were thoroughly evaluated for their regulatory, economic and operational impacts. Specifically, the RIS sought to identify potential challenges, assess compliance requirements and propose practical measures to strengthen enforcement capabilities while maintaining transparency and safeguarding confidential information. The process also aimed to secure the necessary approval from MPC to proceed with legislative and administrative implementation.

► FINDINGS

MPC's review of the RIS highlighted areas requiring refinement, including the inclusion of company information requests for market review exercises and details related to complaints, inquiries and ministerial directives. MyCC provided justifications for excluding these details, emphasising that disclosure could undermine the credibility of the agency and affect ongoing investigations. MPC acknowledged these concerns and recognised that maintaining confidentiality was critical to the integrity of competition enforcement and investigation processes. As a result, MPC confirmed that the RIS documents met the necessary standards for approval once these justifications were accepted.

► ACHIEVEMENTS

The RIS submissions received full approval from MPC in February 2024, clearing the way for MyCC to proceed with the proposed amendments to the Competition Act 2010, including the implementation of a merger control regime. This milestone ensures that Malaysia's competition framework is better aligned with best practices, supports effective regulatory oversight and strengthens enforcement mechanisms. Furthermore, the approval underscores the agency's capacity to balance transparency and confidentiality, maintaining the integrity of ongoing investigations while advancing regulatory reforms.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE COMPETITION IMPACT ASSESSMENT (CIA) FRAMEWORK

In 2024, MyCC continued its strategic efforts to strengthen the Competition Impact Assessment (CIA) framework through the integration of competition considerations within the Regulatory Impact Assessment (RIA) process. CIA serves as a systematic approach to evaluate the potential impact of policies, regulations, or interventions on market competition, ensuring that the economic environment remains competitive, open, and free from unnecessary barriers to market entry.

As part of this initiative, MyCC engaged a consultant to support the development of the CIA framework. Through this collaboration, a CIA guideline was developed, outlining the procedures, methodologies, and implementation processes for conducting CIA, as well as its integration with the existing RIA framework. The guideline also places emphasis on structured and consistent assessment of competition impacts in the policy and regulatory development process.

To further strengthen implementation efforts, a CIA Implementation Workshop was conducted on 10–11 September 2024 at Sunway Putra Hotel, Kuala Lumpur. The primary objective of the workshop was to enhance mutual understanding among the consultant, the Malaysian Productivity Corporation (MPC), and MyCC in implementing CIA according to their respective roles. The workshop also aimed to build the capacity of relevant personnel by equipping them with the necessary knowledge, technical skills, and communication abilities required for effective implementation of CIA.

In addition, the workshop focused on improving coordination across the various phases of future CIA project implementation. This included discussions on refining the integration process between RIA and CIA, developing a comprehensive Standard Operating Procedure (SOP), as well as reviewing the progress of the MPC portal development to support a more structured and digitalised implementation of CIA.





Phnom Penh: On 11-12 December 2023, the Consumer Protection Competition and Fraud Repression Directorate-General (CCF) of the Ministry of Commerce in collaboration with Trade Competition Commission of Thailand (TCCT) and the ASEAN Secretariat, co-hosted the **Merger Information Sharing Portal (MISP) Brainstorming Meeting** with the support of GIZ. The Brainstorming Meeting is presided over by H.E. PHAN Oun, Delegate of the Royal Government of Cambodia in charge as Director General of CCF Directorate-General and Head of the Cambodia Competition Commission (CCC) Secretariat as the representative of Her Excellency CHAM Nimol, Minister of Commerce and Chairperson of the Cambodia Competition Commission (CCC) and Mr. Frank Tibbantz, Project Director of COMPETE Project. The meeting was attended by the Excellency Independent Members of CCC, Representatives of ASEAN Secretariat, Consultants, and Expert Officials of the ASEAN Competition Authority with a total of 35 participants.

<https://asean-competition.org/read-news-brainstorming-meeting-on-merger-information-sharing-portal-misp>

CONCLUSION OF THE MERGER INFORMATION SHARING PORTAL INITIATIVE

► OVERVIEW

The Validation Workshop for the ASEAN Merger Information Sharing Portal (MISP) was conducted on 9 December 2024 in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, with participation from all ASEAN Member States (AMS) and the ASEAN Secretariat. The workshop was jointly opened by Encik Iskandar Ismail, Chief Executive Officer of MyCC and Mr. Raksagecha Chaechai, Commissioner of Thailand's Trade Competition Commission and Chair of the ASEAN Experts Group on Competition (AEGC). The pilot MISP was reviewed to ensure it accurately reflected prior inputs from AMS and to gather final feedback on its features, functionalities and operational workflow. The portal is intended to improve regional coordination, enhance transparency and facilitate knowledge and experience sharing in cross-border merger review processes.

► OBJECTIVE

The workshop sought to validate the design and functionality of MISP, streamline workflow roles for efficient case submission and coordination and review the features of both the public and private portals. It also aimed to establish clear guidance on confidentiality, user roles and procedures for submitting and sharing cross-border merger information, ensuring that MISP serves as an effective tool for regional cooperation and regulatory alignment in ASEAN.

► FINDINGS

The workshop highlighted the need to simplify workflow roles to two types: AMS Notifier and Relevant AMS. Enhancements to the public portal included a regulatory comparison table, publications and a repository of completed cross-border M&A cases. The private portal was refined to track submissions, completed cases, requests for information and transaction details. AMS raised confidentiality concerns, addressed by allowing bilateral sharing outside the portal while retaining coordination features within MISP. Additional findings included the need for revised forms, a user manual for guidance and clarification on mandatory versus optional data fields for submissions.

► ACHIEVEMENTS

The workshop successfully validated the pilot MISP and reached consensus on workflow, portal features and information-sharing mechanisms. It strengthened statistical reporting, improved case monitoring capabilities and secured AMS commitment to support the portal's implementation, including financial contributions. The workshop also set a roadmap for the beta and final portal releases in February and March 2025, establishing MISP as a sustainable platform for ASEAN merger cooperation, knowledge sharing and regional enforcement coordination.



SECONDMENT PROGRAMME AT THE AUSTRALIAN COMPETITION AND CONSUMER COMMISSION



► OVERVIEW

MyCC participated in a secondment programme at the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) as part of efforts to strengthen institutional expertise and support the implementation of Malaysia's forthcoming merger control regime under the proposed amendments to the Competition Act 2010. The programme, conducted from 19 February to 29 March 2024, placed Ms. Nureen within the Policy, Coordination and Remedies Branch (PCR) of the Mergers, Exemption and Digital Division (MEAD) at ACCC headquarters in Melbourne. This six-week placement enabled hands-on exposure to international best practices in competition law, merger assessments, exemption procedures and regulatory enforcement. The programme, sponsored by a workshop organised under CLIP, included travel, accommodation and a per diem allowance, facilitating full engagement with ACCC operations and fostering regional cooperation within the ASEAN-Australia-New Zealand Free Trade Area (AANZFTA) framework.

► FINDINGS

The secondment highlighted the importance of strong governance, structured processes and specialised expertise in competition regulation. Observations of ACCC's Merger Review Committee illustrated how independent and transparent decision-making is critical to effective merger assessment. Exposure to centralised IT and record management systems, including iManage, Nuix and Dynamics 365, demonstrated the value of secure, organised and accessible data for efficient regulatory operations. Practical training on substantial lessening of competition (SLC) analysis, market definition and economic evaluation reinforced the application of theoretical frameworks to real-world cases. Insights were also gained from exemption processes, digital platform inquiries and industry-specific merger assessment techniques. Finally, participation in ACCC's diversity, inclusion and First Nations programmes underscored the integration of broader social considerations into regulatory practice.

► OBJECTIVE

The secondment programme aimed to provide the secondee with practical, hands-on experience in competition law and economics, enhancing both technical skills and strategic understanding. Placement within MEAD allowed for immersion in real-world merger evaluations, internal workflows and decision-making processes. The programme sought to equip the secondee with the competencies required to support the operationalisation of Malaysia's merger control regime while fostering professional networks and inter-agency collaboration that would benefit MyCC's future regulatory and enforcement work.

► ACHIEVEMENTS

During the secondment, the secondee actively contributed to pre-assessment and merger evaluation tasks, including drafting minutes, analysing submissions, conducting industrial research and applying economic concepts to assess potential competition effects. The secondee gained proficiency in ACCC's merger authorisation and exemption processes, market inquiry techniques and stakeholder engagement practices. Participation in executive and branch meetings enhanced understanding of decision-making, strategic prioritisation and inter-agency coordination. Familiarity with ACCC record management platforms and digital tools strengthened operational capabilities, preparing the secondee to support the rollout of Malaysia's merger control regime. Overall, the programme enhanced technical expertise, analytical skills and professional networks, enabling MyCC to align its practices with international best practices and reinforce effective competition enforcement in Malaysia.



BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA
CENTRAL BANK OF MALAYSIA

ENGAGEMENT WITH SECTORAL REGULATOR: CENTRAL BANK OF MALAYSIA (BNM)

► OVERVIEW

MyCC engaged with Central Bank of Malaysia (BNM) through meetings on 24 October and a workshop on 12 to 13 November 2024 to discuss the proposed exclusions under the Merger & Acquisition (M&A) amendments to the Competition Act 2010. The engagements focused on aligning statutory functions, clarifying categories of mergers that may be excluded from MyCC's Merger Control Regime, establishing procedural frameworks for dual approval and ensuring effective cooperation between the two regulators while safeguarding both competition and financial stability objectives.

► OBJECTIVE

The primary objective of the engagements with BNM was to align the statutory functions of MyCC and BNM regarding merger control, clarify the scope of proposed exclusions for mergers involving licensed financial institutions, Financial Holding Companies and designated payment system operators and establish procedural frameworks for dual approval and dispute resolution. The collaboration aimed to ensure that competition assessments and financial stability oversight could be conducted effectively and in a coordinated manner, while minimising potential jurisdictional conflicts and ensuring consistent application of legislative requirements over time.

► FINDINGS

Discussions with BNM highlighted the importance of precise definitions for exclusions to prevent overly broad carve-outs that could undermine competition objectives. Both regulators recognised that dual approval mechanisms, early-phase involvement of BNM in MyCC assessments and formalised operational guidelines are critical to balancing financial stability considerations with competition oversight. It was also evident that consistent interpretation of financial stability-related mergers and legislative requirements is essential to maintain regulatory clarity over time, particularly in cases involving significant market players or complex financial structures. Additionally, the meetings confirmed that dispute resolution procedures must be clearly defined to prevent mergers from proceeding when either regulator objects, while ensuring that appeals are managed by the appropriate authority.

► ACHIEVEMENTS

As a result of the meetings and workshop, MyCC and BNM reached broad agreement on exclusion categories, including licensed financial entities, Financial Holding Companies, designated payment system operators and mergers conducted to safeguard financial stability. Dual approval procedures were established in principle, providing a framework for coordinated yet independent assessments by both regulators. Mechanisms for early engagement, procedural alignment and dispute resolution were also agreed upon, ensuring smoother inter-agency collaboration. Plans were made to formalise these arrangements through a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) or practice directions, thereby providing a clear framework for consistent interpretation, operational coordination and effective implementation of the Merger Control Regime under the Competition Act amendments.

ADVOCACY PROGRAMMES

📅 Date

🕒 Time

🗣️ Speakers

📍 Venue

JANUARY

1. Rosli Dahlan Saravana Partnership (RDS) - GLC/GLIC Legal Counsel Forum 2024: Balancing the Hybrid Role: Attaining Profits vs Meeting Government's Expectations in Business Undertakings by GLCs



📅 23 January

🕒 11:30 am – 12:15 pm

🗣️ Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

📍 Sime Darby Convention Centre (SDCC), Bukit Kiara, Kuala Lumpur

FEBRUARY

2. Educational Visit to MyCC from Ritsumeikan University, Kyoto, Japan



📅 21 February

🕒 2:00 pm – 4:30 pm

🗣️ Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

📍 Main Meeting Room, Level 15, MyCC

3. Knowledge Sharing Session with Hume Cement Sdn. Bhd.



📅 22 February

🕒 2:30 pm – 4:30 pm

🗣️ Ms. Nora Helena Binti Helmi

🗣️ Ms. Irdina Zafirah

📍 Virtual via Zoom

MAY

4. Cartel Briefing in Procurement at the National Water Services Commission (SPAN)



16 May

10:00pm – 12:00pm

Mr. Mohamad Ridzuan Bin Abdul Rahman

Prima Avenue, Lower and Level 1, 7 Jalan Teknokrat 6, 63000 Cyberjaya, Selangor

5. Guidelines for Combating Bid Rigging in Public Procurement for Staff of Boustead Plantations Berhad



29 May

2:00pm – 5:00pm

Mr. Muhammad Kifah Bin Wan Ariffin

Mr. Muhammad Aini Haziq Bin Aidil

Boustead Tower, Jalan Raja Chulan, Kuala Lumpur

JUNE

6. Malaysia Consumer Symposium 2024 – Knowledge Sharing Session: Market Review under the Competition Act 2010 for Selected Transportation Sectors in Malaysia (Motor Vehicle Warranty) by Malaysia Competition Commission



4 June

9:00 am – 2:00 pm

Mr. Izzat Muhaimin Aziz Bin Pauzzi

Hall 1 & 2, Concourse Level, Putrajaya International Convention Centre (PICC), Precinct 5, 62000 Putrajaya, Malaysia

-
7. Pocket Talk on Malaysia Competition Commission – Functions & Responsibilities at the KPDN Carnival Roadshow Kota Bharu
- 8 June
- 🕒 12:00 pm – 12:30 pm
- 👤 Mdm. Wan Asmanizan Binti Wan Ahmad Najib
- 📍 Main Stage, RTC Tunjung Site, Kota Bharu, Kelantan
-
8. Jaringan Anti-Kartel (JAK) Programme organised by MyCC in Kota Kinabalu, Sabah
- 25 June
- 🕒 8:00 am – 5:00 pm
- 👤 Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail
- 👤 Mr. Muhammad Aini Haziq Bin Aidil
- 👤 Mr. Hasbullah Mohamad Faudzi
- 📍 Hyatt Regency, Kota Kinabalu, Sabah
-

JULY

9. Chief Integrity Governance Officer Symposium 2024 on Strengthening Integrity: Preventing Bid for Khazanah Nasional Berhad (KHAZANAH)
- 
- 4 July
- 🕒 9:00 am – 2:00 pm
- 👤 Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail
- 📍 Odyssey Hall, Level 7, Mercu UEM, Kuala Lumpur
-
10. Combatting Bid Rigging in Procurement Programme: Strategies for Fair and Transparent Practices for Petroliaam Nasional Berhad (PETRONAS)
- 
- 9 July
- 🕒 9:00 am – 1:00 pm
- 👤 Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail
- 📍 Level 41, Tower 1, Petronas Twin Towers, Kuala Lumpur
-

11. Pocket Talk on MyCC: Functions & Responsibilities at the KPDN Carnival Roadshow Ipoh



- 14 July
⌚ 11:30 am – 12:00 pm
👤 Mr. Khairul Ezzanie Bin Ishak
📍 Grounds of Stadium Indera Mulia, Ipoh, Perak

12. Malaysian Corporate Integrity System (CISM) Programme Series 3/2024 for Ministry of Defense (MINDEF)

- 23 July
⌚ 02:00 pm – 03:00 pm
👤 Ms. Siti Nur Hafiza Zakaria
📍 Malaysia Tourism Centre (MaTIC), Jalan Ampang, Kuala Lumpur

AUGUST

13. Jaringan Anti-Kartel (JAK) Programme organised by MyCC in Miri, Sarawak



- 5 August
⌚ 8:00 am – 5:00 pm
👤 Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail
👤 Mr. Muhammad Hafeez Bin Shamsul Azmi
👤 Mr. Freeman Liew Chin Shin
👤 Mdm. Wan Asmanizan Binti Wan Ahmad Najib
📍 Miri Marriott Resort & Spa, Miri, Sarawak

14. Jaringan Anti-Kartel (JAK) Programme organised by MyCC in Kuching, Sarawak



7 August

8:00 am – 5:00 pm

- Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail
 - Mr. Muhammad Hafeez Bin Shamsul Azmi
 - Mr. Freeman Liew Chin Shin
 - Mdm. Wan Asmanizan Binti Wan Ahmad Najib
- Sheraton Kuching Hotel, Kuching, Sarawak

15. Knowledge Sharing Session on the Competition Act and Guidelines on Bid Rigging in Public Procurement for SIRIM Berhad



13 August

9:00 am – 12:00 pm

- Mr. Freeman Liew Chin Shin
- Briefing Room, Level 1, Building 25, SIRIM Berhad, Shah Alam

16. Malaysian Corporate Integrity System (CISM) Programme Series 4/2024 organised by Ministry of Defence (MINDEF) on the Guidelines on Bid Rigging in Public Procurement



13 August

2:00 pm – 3:00 pm

- Mr. Muhammad Hafeez Bin Shamsul Azmi
- Malaysia Tourism Centre (MaTiC), Jalan Ampang, Kuala Lumpur

17. Integrity Strengthening Briefing Programme on Price Fixing and Bid Rigging in Public Procurement by Universiti Teknologi Mara, Shah Alam



14 August

10:45 am – 12:45 pm

- Mr. Ahmad Nazneen Bin Zulkifli
- Seroja Hall, UiTM Shah Alam, Selangor

18. Advocacy for UMW Toyota Motor Compliance Programme on Competition Law



20 August

11:00 am – 12:30 pm

Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

Conference Room, UMW Toyota Motor Sdn. Bhd., Shah Alam, Selangor

19. Advocacy for Pengurusan Air Pahang (PAIP) Berhad on Bid Rigging in Public Procurement



27 August

10:00 am – 12:30 pm

Ms. Nurul Afiah Binti Soohaimi

Headquarters of Pengurusan Air Pahang (PAIP) Berhad, Kuantan, Pahang

SEPTEMBER

20. Jaringan Anti-Kartel (JAK) Programme organised by MyCC in Shah Alam, Selangor



2 September

8:00 am – 5:00 pm

Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

Mdm. Shanizar Binti Ahmad Shahar

Mr. Ahmad Amin Bin Idris

Ms. Ismy Zulaikha Binti Kamaruddin

Doubletree by Hilton Shah Alam i-City, Shah Alam, Selangor

21. Legal Educational Series on Competition Law by FGV Holdings Berhad



3 September

9:00 am – 12:00 pm

Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

STEG Hotel, Kuala Lumpur

22. Business Partners Outreach Programme: Fair Play in Procurement — Tackling Bid-Rigging with Integrity by KWAP



19 September

10:00 am – 11:30 am

Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

DoubleTree Hilton Kuala Lumpur

23. Pocket Talk on MyCC: Busting Cartels at the KPDN Carnival Roadshow in Kuching



20 September

12:30 pm – 2:30 pm

Mr. Freeman Liew Chin Shin

Metrocity Events Park, Matang,
Kuching, Sarawak

OCTOBER

24. Briefing on Anti-Competitive Agreements and Abuse of Dominant Position by MTIB



1 October

9:00 am – 1:00 pm

Mr. Muhammad Syairazi Bin
Md Aliman

Mr. Mohd Hasbullah Bin Mohd
Faudzi

MTIB Conference Hall, PGRM
Tower

25. Jaringan Anti-Kartel (JAK) Programme organised by MyCC in Kota Bharu, Kelantan



15 October

8:00 am – 5:00 pm

Mr. Mohd Hasbullah Binti Mohd
Faudzi

Mdm. Wan Asmanizan Binti Wan
Ahmad Najib

Ms. Zaimah Ameera Binti
Mohammad Ali

Renai Hotel, Kota Bharu,
Kelantan

26. An Introduction to MyCC and Competition Law organised by Universiti Malaysia Sabah



17 October

2:00 pm – 4:00 pm

Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

Auditorium Institut Penyelidikan Bioteknologi (IPB), Universiti Malaysia Sabah (UMS)

27. Pocket Talk on MyCC: Functions & Responsibilities at Program MADANI Rakyat (PMR) Sabah



20 October

1:00 pm – 1:30 pm

Ms. Atyqah Binti Apan

Grounds of the Likas Sports Complex, Kota Kinabalu, Sabah

NOVEMBER

28. The Star's ESG Summit 2024 — Integrity of Competition in Tenders During the Era of ESG



6 November

11:00 am – 12:00 pm

Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

Kuala Lumpur Convention Centre

29. KITA GEMPUR (#HapusKartel) Complaint Channels organised by KPDN in Putrajaya



13 November

10:15 am – 10:30 am

Mr. Mohd Hasbullah Bin Mohd Faudzi

Iskandar Halim Hall, Level 3 (Tower), KPDN Putrajaya

30. "KITA GEMPUR" Briefing organised by KPDN



17 November

8:00 pm

Mr. Mohd Hasbullah Bin Mohd Faudzi

UTM Hotel & Residence,
Kuala Lumpur

31. Supply Procurement: 'Identifying and Addressing Critical Weaknesses in the Procurement Process: A Practical Approach to Minimising Risk and Cost' organised by Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera



20 November

9:30 am – 12:30 pm

Ms. Mumtaz Zarifah Binti Mustaffa

Training Room 3A, LTAT, Menara Chulan



32. 4th Hybrid Conference on Corporate and Commercial Law — The Development of Competition Law in Malaysia



22 November

4:15 pm – 5:45 pm

Ms. Zainab Hanis Binti Zulkifli

Virtual via Zoom

DECEMBER



33. Jaringan Anti-Kartel (JAK) Programme organised by MyCC in Muar, Johor



3 December

8:00 am – 5:00 pm

Mr. Freeman Liew Chin Shin
Ms. Siti Nur Hafiza Binti Zakaria
Mr. Ahmad Amin Bin Idris
Mdm. Wan Asmanizan Binti Wan Ahmad Najib

Classic Hotel, Muar, Johor

34. MBI Group Corporate Governance Symposium 2024 organised by MBI Selangor in Setia Alam



4 December

10:00 am – 12:00 pm

Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

The Grand Ballroom, Courtyard by Marriott Setia Alam

35. DRB-HICOM Legal Event — Competition Act 2010 in Glenmarie



5 December

9:00 am – 12:00 pm

Mr. Iskandar Bin Ismail

Glenmarie Hotel & Golf Resort

36. Pocket Talk on "KITA GEMPUR" #HapusKartel at the KPDN Carnival Roadshow in Melaka



6 December

11:00 am – 11:30 am

Ms. Nur Aliah Rohaizan

Dataran Sejarah, Ayer Keroh, Melaka



37. FGV Plantations Vendor & Procurement Engagement
Topic: *Tipuan Bida Dalam Perolehan Awam*



- 17 December
🕒 10:30 am – 12:30 pm
👤 Mr. Muhammad Hafeez Bin Shamsul Azmi
📍 Akademi Latihan FGV (ALAF), Bukit Goh, Pahang Darul Makmur

38. FGV Plantations Vendor & Procurement Engagement
Topic: *Tipuan Bida Dalam Perolehan Awam*



- 19 December
🕒 10:30 am – 12:30 pm
👤 Mr Muhammad Aini Haziq Bin Aidil
📍 Felda Residen Sahabat, Lahad Datu, Sabah

COMMUNICATIONS AND PUBLIC RELATIONS

LIST OF PRESS RELEASES

MyCC's Position on Issues Surrounding Paddy and Rice

10 January 2024

<https://www.myccl.gov.my/announcement/myccs-position-on-issues-surrounding-paddy-and-rice>



The Competition Economic Symposium: "Raising the Ceiling - Competition Policy and The Madani Economy Framework"

18 January 2024

<https://www.myccl.gov.my/media-release/the-competition-economic-symposium-raising-the-ceiling-competition-policy-and-the>



Eight Contractors Face Possible Fines for Bid Rigging

23 April 2024

<https://www.myccl.gov.my/media-release/eight-contractors-face-possible-fines-for-bid-rigging>



MyCC Pledges Market Monitoring and Strict Enforcement

10 June 2024

<https://www.myccl.gov.my/announcement/mycc-pledges-market-monitoring-and-strict-enforcement>



MyCC Launches E-Learning 2.0 for All

24 July 2024

<https://www.myccl.gov.my/announcement/mycc-launches-e-learning-20-for-all>



MyCC Studies Links Between Digital Economy and Cost of Living

16 August 2024



www.myccl.gov.my/announcement/mycc-studies-links-between-digital-economy-and-cost-of-living

MyCC Penalises Seven Enterprises for Bid Rigging Cartel

5 September 2024



<https://www.myccl.gov.my/announcement/mycc-penalises-seven-enterprises-for-bid-rigging-cartel>

Three Contractors Face Possible Penalty for Bid Rigging Cartel

10 September 2024



<https://www.myccl.gov.my/announcement/three-contractors-face-possible-penalty-for-bid-rigging-cartel>

Court Upheld MyCC Decision Against Warehouse Cartel

12 September 2024



<https://www.myccl.gov.my/announcement/court-upheld-myccl-decision-against-warehouse-cartel>

81 Enterprises Face Possible Penalty for Price Fixing Cartel

30 September 2024



<https://www.myccl.gov.my/announcement/81-enterprises-face-possible-penalty-for-price-fixing-cartel>

Appointment of the Chairman of the Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC)

3 December 2024



www.myccl.gov.my/sites/default/files/pdf/newsroom/CHAIRMAN%20%26%20MOC%20%28BI%29.pdf

LIST OF PRESS CONFERENCES

The Competition Economic Symposium: "Raising the Ceiling - Competition Policy and The Madani Economy Framework"

18 January 2024

MyCC Penalises Seven Enterprises for Bid Rigging Cartel

5 September 2024

CEO'S INTERVIEWS WITH PRINT MEDIA

Interview with The Star

2 January 2024

The Star

Merger control law on the horizon

Draft legislation slated for tabling in Parliament in June, says MyCC CEO

By GUARDIAN

Investment/Finance/Competition

KUALA LUMPUR: A law that...

According to the...

There are still some...

The Ministry of...

Under the merger...

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Interview with Utusan Malaysia

4 April 2024

Utusan Malaysia



MYCC raikan pelajar, anak yatim

SERAMAI 90 pelajar dan anak yatim dalam kategori asnaf...

menerima duit raya daripada Suruhajaya Persaingan Malaysia (MYCC) sempena sambutan Hari Raya Aidilfitri di Kuala Lumpur, semalam.

Pegawai Eksekutif MYCC, Iskandar Ismail berkata, sumbangan di bawah program Tanggungjawab Sosial Korporat Syarikat (CSR) MYCC yang diadakan setiap tahun.

Majlis diemul dengan nyanyian koir penuntut Universiti Pendidikan Sultan Idris (UPSI).

Turut hadir, Menteri Perdagangan Dalam Negeri dan Kos Sara Hidup, Datuk Armizan Mohd Ali, Timbalan Menteri, Fuziah Salleh, Ketua Setiausaha Kementerian, Datuk Seri Mohd. Sayuthi Bakar dan Pengerusi MYCC, Datuk Seri Mohd. Hishamuddin Yunus.

■ MOHD. HISHAMUDDIN YUNUS (kiri) memberi duit raya kepada anak yatim di majlis hari raya aidilfitri MYCC di Kuala Lumpur, semalam. - UTUSAN/SYAKIR RADIN

Interview with Mingguan Malaysia

21 May 2024

MINGGUAN MALAYSIA



KERAJAAN SENDIRI GALAKKAN KARTEL?

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KERAJAAN SENDIRI GALAKKAN KARTEL?

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Interview with New Straits Times

19 September 2024

NEW STRAITS TIMES

Competition Act in full force

PETALING JAYA: The Malaysia Competition Commission (MYCC) has dedicated a significant number of resources to enforce the Competition Act following the implementation of targeted diesel subsidies in Peninsular Malaysia.

Its chief executive officer Iskandar Ismail said that MYCC would act against those who retaliate through economic sabotage behaviours and called on the public to report those who commit such acts. Iskandar said, following the announcement on the implementation of targeted diesel subsidies, the commission remained committed to ensuring competitive market practices.

MYCC is working with the Finance Ministry and Domestic Trade and Cost of Living Ministry in getting access to data that would allow it to detect and respond to signs of market distortion, particularly cartel activities.

"While we acknowledge the existence of competition in the relevant markets, we will continue to closely monitor any signs of anti-competitive behaviour," he said, adding that the commission would act without fear or favour against those showing signs of preventing, restricting or distorting competition in any market for goods or services.

Interview with Sin Chew Daily

1 October 2024

星洲日報 SIN CHEW DAILY

競委會：維持市場平衡 嚴打操縱價格

(吉隆坡10月訊) 隨著國內發展生活費和財政部宣布今日起在馬六甲州對性索利和補貼後，大馬路委員會(MYCC)重申承諾確保競爭市場平衡。

大馬路委員會主席表示，目前正與國內貿易及生活費部密切合作，以確保補貼的公平分配，並防止任何可能導致市場失衡的行為。

我們承認在市場存在競爭，但我們必須密切關注任何可能導致市場失衡的行為。MYCC將密切關注任何可能導致市場失衡的行為，並採取行動予以打擊。

我們對任何可能導致市場失衡的行為，將採取行動予以打擊。我們將密切關注任何可能導致市場失衡的行為，並採取行動予以打擊。

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CEO'S INTERVIEWS WITH ELECTRONIC AND ONLINE MEDIA



Interview with ASTRO

📺 Inside Talk

15 January 2024

<https://youtu.be/yFzt-l0Jdew?si=yY-jz5tFilQkUWHk>



Interview with TV3

📺 Buletin Utama

16 January 2024

<https://www.youtube.com/live/CEJ9zf9XV1Y?si=xF8lfa-5nfCqX0Gp>
» Minit: 37:49- 39: 40



Interview with BFM

📺 Morning Brief

12 June 2024

<https://www.bfm.my/content/podcast/diesel-price-rise-no-excuse-for-anti-competitive-practices>



Interview with ASTRO

📺 NIAGA AWANI

27 June 2024

<https://www.youtube.com/live/CEJ9zf9XV1Y?si=XIY5-ikNRL7OvWP>
» Minit:20:10- 30:20



Interview with BFM

📺 Morning Brief

25 September 2024

<https://www.bfm.my/content/podcast/bid-rigging-practice-financial-loss-public-service-unethical>



Interview with ASTRO

📺 NIAGA AWANI

27 September 2024

<https://www.astroawani.com/video/video-terkini-x7sio1/kartel-tipuan-bida-awas-anda-dalam-radar-mycx-x96bnoi>



APPOINTMENT OF THE CHAIRMAN ON THE NEWS

Malaysia

Idrus Harun Pengerusi MyCC baharu

astro BERNAMA
04/12/2024 | 16:15 MYT



The image shows four men standing in front of a backdrop. The man in the center, Idrus Harun, is wearing a dark suit and is handing a blue folder to the man on his right. The other two men are in traditional Malay attire. The backdrop features the Malaysian coat of arms and the text 'JABATAN MENTERI PERDAGANGAN DALAM NEGERI DAN KOS SARA HIDUP'.

Utusan Malaysia

Idrus Harun dilantik sebagai Pengerusi MyCC yang baharu



The image shows four men standing in front of a backdrop. The man in the center, Idrus Harun, is wearing a dark suit and is handing a blue folder to the man on his right. The other two men are in traditional Malay attire. The backdrop features the Malaysian coat of arms and the text 'JABATAN MENTERI PERDAGANGAN DALAM NEGERI DAN KOS SARA HIDUP'.

PETAJONG JAYA: Bekas Peguam Negara, Tan Sri Idrus Harun dilantik sebagai Pengerusi Suruhjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) yang baharu.

Menteri Perdagangan Dalam Negeri dan Kos Sara Hidup, Datuk Amizan Mohd AS berkata, pelantikan ini berkuat kuasa mulai 25 November lalu hingga 24 November 2027, iaitu untuk tempoh tiga tahun.

STRATIMES BUSINESS TIMES

[UPDATED] Former AG Idrus Harun is new MyCC chairman

By **Hassan Hassan**
December 4, 2024 @ 5:29pm



Former Attorney General Tan Sri Idrus Harun has been named the new Chairman of the Competition Commission (MyCC), the Domestic Trade and Cost of Living Ministry announced today (PST) PTG.

Get breaking news first - follow us on WhatsApp and Telegram.

KUALA LUMPUR: Former Attorney General Tan Sri Idrus Harun has been named the new chairman of the Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC), the Domestic Trade and Cost of Living Ministry announced today.

His three-year term came into effect on Nov 25.

Idrus succeeds Datuk Seri Mohd Hishamudin Md Yunus, who assumed the role of Human Rights Commission of Malaysia (Suhakam) chairman on July 3 this year.

"Given his extensive experience and expertise, I am confident that his leadership will ensure the continuity of efforts to strengthen MyCC's role as one of the ministry's key agencies," Domestic Trade and Cost of Living Minister Datuk Amizan Mohd AS said in a statement.

"Additionally, I hope he will advance the government's reform agenda through amendments to the Competition Act 2010 (Act 712), further enhancing MyCC's investigative and enforcement powers. This includes introducing a merger and acquisition regime to prevent the early formation of problematic cartels or monopolies."

ASK EDGE

MyCC appoints former Attorney General Idrus Harun as new chairman

By **Jen Lim** / theedgemalaysia.com
04 Dec 2024, 05:20 pm



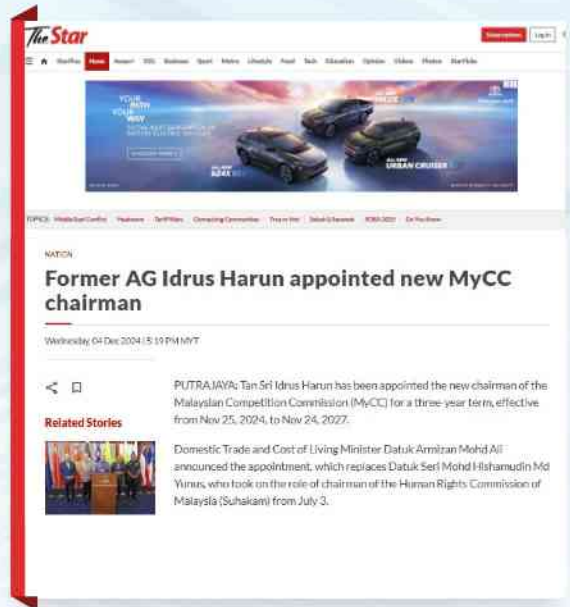
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Tan Sri Idrus Harun (second from right) replaces Datuk Seri Mohd Hishamudin Md Yunus as MyCC chairman. (Photo courtesy of KPDN)

KUALA LUMPUR (Dec 4): The Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC) has appointed Tan Sri Idrus Harun as its new chairman effective Nov 25, 2024 for a period of three years until Nov 24, 2027.

MyCC said the appointment was to fill the vacancy as its former chairman, Datuk Seri Mohd Hishamudin Md Yunus, was appointed chairman of the Human Rights Commission of Malaysia (Suhakam) on July 3, 2024.

APPOINTMENT OF THE CHAIRMAN ON THE NEWS



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER IN ELECTRONIC MEDIA

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cfDy8PLZ598>

**NIAGA
AWANI**

**KARTEL
TIPUAN BIDA:
AWAS, ANDA DALAM
RADAR MyCC**

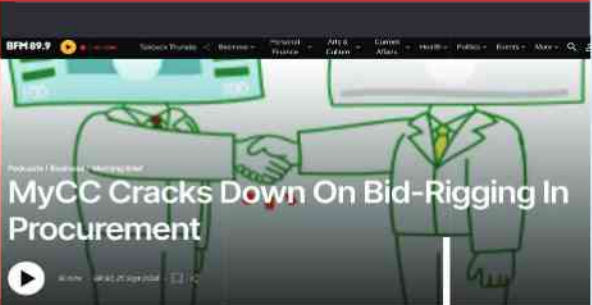
ISKANDAR ISMAIL
Ketua Pegawai Eksekutif
Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC)

JUMAAT • 27 SEPT 2024 • 9:00 PAGI

Tonton di Saluran 501 | Live TV - [astroawani.com](https://www.astroawani.com) & Aplikasi Astro AWANI



<https://www.bfm.my/content/podcast/bid-rigging-practice-financial-loss-public-service-unethical>



Guest: Iskandar Ismail (CEO, Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC))

Bid-rigging remains a critical issue in Malaysia, leading to substantial financial loss and diminished public service quality. In response, the Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC) is set to amend the Competition Act 2001, implementing incentives for those who report these unethical practices to foster greater transparency. For a closer perspective on this initiative, we speak to MyCC CEO Iskandar Ismail.

Image Credit: www.bfm.my

Presenter: Shazana Mokhtar, Kham Kam

Producer: Yun Hazeen Hashim

(Set in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FgZF14jfs2l>



ISU KARTEL
MYCC KAJI SASAT SEKTOR PERTANIAN & MAKANAN
RAN HUAN BERTERUSAN TAHAP WASPADA DI EMPAT NEGERI • JUALAN AUTU 14 JANUARI 2024

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ZBio6a0qtU7-CRy2X2iNawbeDEBkbUg_/view?usp=drive_link



MyCC teliti 5 perkara siasat kewujudan kartel

KUALA LUMPUR: Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MPC) akan meneliti lapan dos pendirian yang berkaitan dengan siasat pendirian, siasat pengedaran, siasat persaingan, siasat pasaran dan siasat lain, termasuk siasat kewujudan kartel, untuk menentukan sama ada wujud kartel dalam pasaran ini.

Menurut laporan MPC, siasat ini akan dijalankan dalam tempoh tiga bulan, bermula dari 1 Januari 2023. Siasat ini akan dijalankan dalam tempoh tiga bulan, bermula dari 1 Januari 2023.

"Selain itu, perkara lain yang akan diteliti oleh MPC ialah siasat kewujudan kartel, siasat persaingan, siasat pasaran, siasat pengedaran, siasat pasaran dan siasat lain, termasuk siasat kewujudan kartel, untuk menentukan sama ada wujud kartel dalam pasaran ini."

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Tidak audit 39,000 lesen padi, beras

**Chh FITRI NIZAM
dan NURA, SEDINA SUDALI**
Chh Fitri Nizam dan Nura Sedina Sudali

PEJALING JAYA: Kementerian Pertanian dan Rangkaian Makanan (KPRM) tidak akan melakukan audit semula terhadap 39,000 lesen padi dan beras yang telah dikeluarkan oleh KPRM.

Masalah kurang beras bukan kerana kartel, monopoli

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Tidak audit 39,000 lesen padi, beras

Darulmuka 1

"Ada beberapa perkara yang berkaitan dengan lesen padi dan beras yang akan diteliti oleh MPC, termasuk siasat kewujudan kartel, siasat persaingan, siasat pasaran, siasat pengedaran, siasat pasaran dan siasat lain, termasuk siasat kewujudan kartel, untuk menentukan sama ada wujud kartel dalam pasaran ini."

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PRICE-FIXING ALLEGATION

MFM, LEONG HUP FILE APPEAL

Companies say they are looking at legal options, maintain that MyCC's finding lacks merit

**S. BHARUNIA
KUALA LUMPUR**
S. Bharunia

MALAYSIA Poultry Mills (MFM) and Leong Hup International (LHI) have filed a notice of appeal with the Competition Appeal Tribunal (CAT) following the Malaysia Competition Commission's (MyCC) decision on price-fixing infringement.

According to a filing to Bursa Malaysia yesterday, both companies also applied for a stay of the decision pending the appeal.



Five poultry feed manufacturers are fined RM415.5 million for allegedly forming a price-fixing cartel for poultry feed. — TMR

MFM and Leong Hup, after consulting with external legal counsel, applied for the extension of the decision pending the appeal.

The companies said they maintained a strong position and were prepared to take action to appeal against the decision.

Leong Hup appeals against MyCC's decision

KUALA LUMPUR: Leong Hup International (LHI) has appealed against the Malaysia Competition Commission's (MyCC) decision to fine its wholly-owned subsidiary Leong Hup Feedmill (LH) for price-fixing cartel.

In a filing with Bursa Malaysia yesterday, Leong Hup said it had filed a notice of appeal with the Competition Appeal Tribunal and applied for a stay on MyCC's decision.

"Further announcements will be made as and when there is material development on the above matter," the company said in the statement.

On Dec 22, MyCC said it had imposed a penalty of nearly RM415.5 million against five poultry feed manufacturers for infringing section 4 of the Competition Act 2010 (Act 712) by forming a price-fixing cartel for poultry feed.

The companies were Leong Hup Feedmill (LH), Sdn Bhd, FTM Bhd, Gold Coin Feedmills

(M) Sdn Bhd, Dindings Poultry Development Centre Sdn Bhd and PK Agro-Industrial Products (M) Sdn Bhd.

The commission said its investigation uncovered evidence of identical increments in poultry feed prices among the parties from January 2020 to June 2022, in addition to the finding that the five enterprises had employed a calculated strategy to create the illusion of rising poultry feed costs due to hikes in raw material costs.

Malayan Flour to challenge MyCC's penalty decision

MALAYAN Flour Mills Bhd and its joint venture company, Dindings Poultry Development Centre Sdn Bhd, are in consultation with their external legal counsel to challenge the Malaysia Competition Commission's (MyCC) decision to impose a penalty of RM470m for a price-fixing infringement.

On Dec 22, MyCC said it had imposed a penalty of nearly RM415.5 million against five poultry feed manufacturers for infringing section 4 of the Competition Act 2010 (Act 712) by forming a price-fixing cartel for poultry feed. — TMR

Pelanggaran akta penetapan harga

Leong Hup, Dindings fail rayuan

MyCC kenakan penalti RM415.5j kepada 5 syarikat pada 22 Disember

Oleh Alafiah Alias
alafiah@malayiakini.com

Leong Hup Feedmill Malaysia Sdn Bhd (LHFM) dan Dindings Poultry Development Centre Sdn Bhd (DPDC) menduduki rayuan terhadap keputusan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) mendenda syarikat ini sebanyak RM415.5 juta.

MyCC sebelum ini mengemukakan penalti leong hup terhadap leong hup feedmill sdn bhd atas kesalahan pelanggaran akta penetapan harga.

MyCC telah mengemukakan penalti sebanyak RM415.5 juta ke atas LHFM dan RM70.0 juta ke atas DPDC.

Dalam makluman kepada Beras Malaysia, Leong Hup International Bhd yang juga anak syarikat induk LHFM berkata, pihaknya juga mendakwa pengumuman keputusan MyCC itu sewajarnya menentang rayuan.

Maklumat Pihak Milik Bhd (MPMB) yang memfailkan 12 petrusan permohonan rayuan ini, adalah sebagai berikut: Leong Hup Feedmill Malaysia Sdn Bhd (LHFM), Gold Coin Feedmill (M) Sdn Bhd (GCFM), PK Agro-Industrial (Products) (M) Sdn Bhd (PKAIP), dan PK Agro-Industrial (Products) (M) Sdn Bhd (PKAIP).

Sebelum ini, MyCC telah mengemukakan penalti sebanyak RM415.5 juta ke atas LHFM dan RM70.0 juta ke atas DPDC. Dalam makluman kepada Beras Malaysia, Leong Hup International Bhd yang juga anak syarikat induk LHFM berkata, pihaknya juga mendakwa pengumuman keputusan MyCC itu sewajarnya menentang rayuan.

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Kartel beras: Tiada siasatan, tidak terima laporan - MyCC

SHAH ALAM - Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) tidak menjalankan sebarang siasatan terhadap mana-mana pemain industri berkaitan padi dan beras, susulan dakwaan wujud kartel yang menentukan harga dalam pasaran.

Suruhanjaya itu menegaskan, pihaknya masih belum menerima sebarang maklumat daripada Pejabat Kawalselia Padi dan Beras (KPB) Kementerian Pertanian dan Keterjaminan Makanan (KKPM).

"Bagaimanapun, kami akan mengadakan perjumpaan dengan KPB pada 19 Januari ini."

"MyCC juga telah maklumkan kepada KPB mengenai kesediaan kami untuk memahami dan membincangkan isu-isu berkaitan industri padi serta beras supaya dapat memberi input berkaitan sebarang kebimbangan persaingan," katanya menerusi kenyataan pada Rabu.

Sebelum ini, KPKM dilaporkan menamatkan dakwaan kewujudan kartel atau 'mafia' yang menentukan harga padi, beras dan berih padi di negara ini.

Kementerian itu menjelaskan, industri padi dan beras negara dikawal selia oleh KPB melalui Akta Kawalan Padi dan Beras 1994 (Akta 522).

Leong Hup dan MFH appeal against MyCC's fines over alleged chicken feed cartel practice

BY NEEL EN
neel@malayiakini.com

KUALA LUMPUR (Jan 10) - Leong Hup Feedmill Malaysia Sdn Bhd (LHFM) and Dindings Poultry Development Centre Sdn Bhd (DPDC) have filed appeals against the Malaysian Competition Commission's (MyCC) decision to fine the two companies over alleged chicken feed cartel practice.

MyCC had imposed a penalty of RM137.47 million on LHFM, and another RM70.02 million on DPDC.

In a filing with Beras Malaysia on Tuesday, Leong Hup International Bhd, which wholly owns LHFM, announced that it had applied for a stay of the MyCC decision pending an appeal.

Malaysia Four Mills Bhd (MFMB), which owns a 51% stake in LHFM, wrote to DPDC, announcing the same in a separate filing on Wednesday.

On Dec 21, MyCC issued the largest fines in the quasi-judicial body's 12-year history amounting to RM415.5 million on the feed millers for allegedly colluding in a "chicken feed cartel" to fix poultry feed prices.

The three other complainants were PFB Group Bhd 80%-owned FBM Bhd (which



was fined RM41.69 million), Gold Coin Feedmill (M) Sdn Bhd under Gold Coin Group (RM497.51 million), and PK Agro-Industrial (Products) (M) Sdn Bhd under Chawen Polyland Holdings (M) Sdn Bhd (RM441.80 million).

Immediately in a filing on Dec 22, Leong Hup affirmed its stand that LHFM was not involved in the alleged price-fixing practice, stating that MyCC's findings were "without merit".

MFMB then announced a similar stand in a separate filing on Dec 26, saying that DPDC was involved in the alleged cartel practice.

At Wednesday's news break, shares in Leong Hup were up half a sen or 0.001% to 58.5 sen each, valuing the group at RM2.06 billion. Shares in MFMB remained unchanged at 65.5 sen, valuing the group at RM467.0 million.

MyCC has not started probes against anyone over rice cartel claims

BY SULMI KHALID
sulmi@malayiakini.com

KUALA LUMPUR (Jan 10) - The Malaysian Competition Commission (MyCC) said it has not initiated any investigation against any party in the paddy and rice industry in relation to the rice cartel allegations.

The statement came as a response to recent reports that the commission is set to investigate a series of allegations surrounding the industry.

It added that MyCC has yet to receive any information from any parties, particularly the Office of Paddy and Rice Monitoring (KPB) of the Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security.

"However, we would like to confirm that the KPB will be meeting MyCC on Jan 19."

"MyCC would like to emphasise that we have written to the KPB in October 2023 expressing our readiness to understand and discuss issues surrounding the paddy and rice industry in order for us to provide our input relating to any competition concerns, if any."

"Lastly, MyCC would like to urge all parties, especially the media, to exercise caution and stop making any speculation, especially since the KPB has issued a formal statement on Jan 4, 2024 stating that based on their findings, there are no issues of competition relating to the paddy and rice industry," it said.

Last week, the Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security denied allegations of the existence of a cartel or mafia that controls prices of rice and paddy seeds in the country.

The ministry clarified that the country's rice industry is regulated by the KPB through the Rice Control Act 1994 (Act 522).

According to this Act, the ministry carries out regulatory activities through licensing and enforcement to ensure a healthy and orderly development of the rice industry.

MyCC: Belum ada siasatan kes industri padi, beras

PETALING JAYA - Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) sediakali ini tidak melakukan sebarang siasatan terhadap mana-mana pihak dalam industri padi dan beras.

MyCC dalam kenyataannya berkata, pihaknya masih belum menerima sebarang maklumat daripada mana-mana pihak

khususnya Pejabat Pemantauan Padi dan Beras, Kementerian Pertanian dan Keselamatan Makanan (KKPM).

"MyCC sentiasa bersedia untuk membincangkan isu-isu berkaitan padi dan beras supaya dapat memberikan input berkaitan sebarang kebimbangan persaingan, jika ada," jelasnya di sini semalam.

Sebelum ini, Urusan Malaysia melaporkan bahawa Pengawal Padi dan Beras akan mengadakan mesyuarat dengan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) pada 19 Januari ini bagi menyiasat segera isu berkaitan dakwaan wujud kartel yang menekan nasib pesawah.

Kenyataan yang dikeluarkan oleh MyCC itu semalam adalah berhubung dengan laporan *Urusan Malaysia* mengenai Bahagian Pengawasan Padi dan Beras akan mengadakan mesyuarat pada 19 Januari ini bagi menyiasat isu berkaitan dakwaan wujudnya kartel padi.

Ketua Pengarahnya, Datuk Azman Mahmood berkata, sekiranya dijumpai ada pemegang lesen berkaitan padi dan beras gagal mematuhi syarat atau melanggar peraturan, mereka akan dikenakan tindakan atau dikenakan tindakan. Katanya, pemegang lesen padi berih padi, lesen mereka akan dibatalkan kalau melanggar syarat.

Kartel beras: Pesawah harap bukan sekadar 'wayang'

KANGAR: Pesawah meminta kerajaan menyiasat secara lebih serius dan mengambil tindakan sewajarnya terhadap kartel atau 'mahla' padi bukan sekadar memberi 'tanjak kosong' untuk menutup isu dibangkitkan.

Bercakap kepada *Utusan Malaysia*, seorang pesawah, Mohd. Nazri Subuh, 48, berkata, kewujudan kartel dalam kalangan syarikat atau kilang-kilang besar ini sudah terlalu lama dan menekan pesawah khususnya setiap kali musim menanam dan menuai padi.

Katanya, sebarang siasatan terhadap kartel terbahut perlu dijalankan secara telus dan bukan sekadar 'wayang' apabila setiap kali isu berkaitan kartel dibangkitkan.

"Meskipun tampak sukar memandangkan kartel-kartel ini terlalu kebal namun penguat kuasa secara lebih tegas perlu dilakukan bagi membela nasib para pesawah."

"Siasat betul-betul, jangan siasat kemudian berhenti dan apabila kembali musim menuai, kembali siasat apabila isu itu (kartel) dibangkitkan. Bantahan secara habishabisan kartel-kartel ini yang memonopoli sektor padi ini khususnya berkaitan harga, benih dan sebagainya," katanya.

Kelmarin *Utusan Malaysia* melaporkan, Bahagian Pengawasan Padi dan Beras akan mengadakan mesyuarat dengan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) pada 19 Januari ini bagi menyiasat segera isu berkaitan dakwaan wujud kartel yang menekan nasib pesawah.

Ketua Pengarahnya, Datuk Azman Mahmood berkata, jika didapati ada pemegang lesen padi dan beras gagal mematuhi syarat atau melanggar peraturan, mereka akan dikompam atau didakwa di mahkamah.

Kata beliau, bagi pemegang lesen padi benih pula, lesen mereka akan dibatalkan kalau melanggar syarat.

MyCC siasat kartel beras

Oleh **NURUL IRDINA SUMALI**
nurdina.sumali@medianusa.com.my

PETALING JAYA: Bahagian Pengawasan Padi dan Beras akan mengadakan mesyuarat dengan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) pada 19 Januari ini bagi menyiasat segera isu berkaitan dakwaan wujud kartel yang menekan nasib pesawah.

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Katanya, bagi pemegang lesen padi benih pula, lesen mereka akan dibatalkan kalau melanggar syarat.

"Langkah ini bagi memastikan ketelusan serta mengesahkan semua aktiviti mereka tidak melanggar mana-mana syarat."

"Jika didapati bersalah, mereka akan dikenakan kompaun atau didakwa di mahkamah untuk pemegang lesen yang melanggar kecuali pemegang lesen padi benih akan dibatalkan lesen kalau melanggar syarat."

"Kita akan adakan mesyuarat bersama MyCC bagi menyiasat perkara ini secara keseluruhan," katanya di sini, semalam.

Kelmarin, *Utusan Malaysia* mendedahkan mengenai kewujudan kartel yang menekan nasib pesawah.

Gabungan Pengilang Beras Malaysia mendakwa ada kartel yang dimonopoli oleh empat hingga lima syarikat besar dalam menentukan harga padi, beras serta pembekal benih.

Bersambung di muka 3



Anwar ketika pengagutan mesyuarat Majlis Tindakan Ekonomi (MTE) yang pertama untuk tahun ini. (Foto: Hana Yusoff)

Bincang tambah baik tatakelola AP, IP tingkat daya saing

Kerajaan cari
formula pastikan
bekalan makanan
negara sentiasa
mencukupi

Oleh **Wahid Iskandar Ibrahim**
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Amir Hamzah Azizan



Gobind Singh Deo



Tengku Zafrul

Petaja: Setiap agensi kementerian berhubung, katanya menerusi perundingan pada skema Pakarok untuk menyiasat.

Anwar turut menyampaikan Ketua Audit Negara menekankan proses audit untuk sektor terpalit bagi memastikan pelaksanaan AP dan IP mencapai sasaran dan memenuhi matlamat ditetapkan.

Kaji tinjauan kewujudan kartel
Selain itu, beliau turut mengemukakan Perlembutan Produktiviti Malaysia (MPC) untuk melakukan kajian dan penilaian terhadap tatakelola data pengimportan beras negara.

Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) pula diminta mengkaji bei berkaitan kewujudan kartel dalam isu pengimportan beras negara berdasarkan maklumat.

Dalam pada itu, Anwar berkata bagi meningkatkan keberkesanan perbincangan dan kerjasama, beliau berhasrat menemui ahli-ahli MTE.

Mereka adalah Menteri Pertanian, Perdagangan dan Industri, Tengku Datuk Seri Utama Zafrul Tengku Abdul Aziz, Menteri Digital, Gobind Singh Deo dan Menteri Rancangan II, Datuk Seri Amir Hamzah Azizan.

"Terkait dengan pelaksanaan Skema Pengaliran Data Utama (NADU) yang saya luncurkan pada 2 Januari 2024, mesyuarat intersektoral kemestrian semasa dan memberi pandangan langkah yang perlu diambil oleh agensi berkaitan."

"Ini terutamanya berkaitan keselamatan data dan kawal untuk meningkatkan jumlah pengeluaran," katanya.

Ending monopolies

Consumers will benefit from a fairer marketplace when the Malaysia Competition Commission unveils regulations later this year that would require companies to seek approval for mergers over a certain threshold. This will prevent unfair monopolies as well as fill a gap in the country's existing competition laws. > See page 4 for reports by GERARD GIMINO

The Star
EXCLUSIVE

MyCC IN THE NEWS

Treat competition compliance seriously

RM415,495,696.49. That's the staggering fine imposed on five companies a month ago by the Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC) in the "chicken feed cartel" case where poultry feed prices were fixed, violating the prohibition outlined in Section 4 of the Competition Act 2010.

This conclusion represents the endpoint of an extensive two-year investigative process focused on a price-fixing collusion among the parties within the Malaysian market. Interestingly, the five parties did not formally agree to fix poultry feed prices; rather, according to MyCC's findings, this was accomplished mainly through "concerted practice".

Concerted practice is a form of implicit collusion where companies act in parallel to restrict competition – basically, Company

A raises its prices today and, without any formal agreement, its competitors, Companies B, C, and D, follow suit in the subsequent days. The pattern repeats whenever one of the companies raises prices.

That's right, no formal agreement is necessary; just an understanding or a "meeting of the minds" is enough to attract scrutiny from competition authorities.

MyCC's collected data indicated consistent, if not identical, increases in poultry feed prices by all five companies from January 2020 to June 2022. Despite the parties vehemently denying any agreement, MyCC's data analysis remains unequivocal, uncovering unmistakable trends and patterns indicative of an implied or indirect collusion to manipulate prices.

In their efforts to mitigate the

imposed fines, four of the five companies vigorously asserted that they had standard operating procedures as well as policies and training on competition law compliance in place. However, MyCC found that the decision to increase prices was made by top-level management and not by the regular employees of the companies.

So what's the takeaway message here? The mere existence of a compliance programme in a company is insufficient to be considered a mitigating factor in the eyes of the MyCC. Many companies and organisations tend to adopt such policies and programmes. While some implement compliance programmes to meet ISO (environmental, social, and governance) standards, others may do so primarily for appearances, projecting an image of adherence rather

than a genuine commitment to sustainable and ethical practices.

The MyCC stresses the absolute importance of compliance programmes being effective rather than merely comprising empty policies.

Relying on a hefty manual labelled "compliance" is no longer sufficient. It's crucial to review your existing compliance initiatives, if any, and implement customised measures that align with the scale of your business. Make a clear and unwavering commitment to adhering to competition laws throughout the organisation, starting with senior management.

Why, you ask? Let's just say there are 415,495,696 compelling reasons to get it done.

SUREN RAJAH
Lawyer
Kuala Lumpur

Govt ready to examine restructuring of existing rice system

KUALA LUMPUR: The government is ready to examine the restructuring of the existing rice system to avoid the occurrence of irregularities or cartel syndicates in the country's paddy and rice industry.

Agriculture and Food Security Minister Datuk Seri Mohamed Sabu said the ministry was seriously the allegations of the existence of rice cartels or occurrence of "games" by certain parties in the sector.

"We view this [rice issue] seriously and will do whatever we can, including the restructuring of the rice and paddy system, whether it needs to be reviewed...the government will reassess from the point of view of the structure of the rice organisation in Malaysia," he said.

He said this in a press conference during a working visit to a freshwater fish pond at the AEC Berkat Agrifood Sdn Bhd in Rawang, near here yesterday.

Previously, the Bumiputera Rice Association of Malaysia (BARIM) claimed that there was a certain "game" within the Padileries Nasional Bhd (BERNAS), in addition to claiming that cartels were most likely in existence.

BARIM president Ismail Awang reportedly said that association members did not receive local rice supplies from BERNAS because they said there were no stocks, however, most of the supermarkets received their supplies.

Mohamad said several industry-related issues are still being discussed between the Malaysian Competition Commission (MyCC) and Rice Regulatory (KPB) Authority.

"Right now, these [issues] are still in the discussion stage and if there are any irregularities, action will be taken... But we will wait for the results of the investigation," he said.

Meanwhile, in relation to the aquaculture industry, Mohamad said the ministry has set the industry's production target at 500,000 tonnes for this year.

He also said this can be achieved by empowering revenue resources, which are 60 per cent in aquaculture and 40 per cent in capture fishery.

At the same time, Mohamad added that the campaign to increase people's interest in freshwater fish products needs to be intensified in order to further increase the demand for these products. – Bernama

MyCC diminta kaji isu kartel import makanan

Oleh JUANI MUNIR ABU BAKAR

PETALING JAYA: Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) diminta mengkaji isu berkaitan kewujudan kartel dalam pengimportan barangan berasaskan makanan.

Perdana Menteri, Datuk Seri Anwar Ibrahim berkata, ketetapan itu antara perkara disenyut dalam mesyuarat Majlis Tindakan Ekonomi Negara (MTEN) yang turut membincangkan mengenai penambahbaikan tatakelola permit dihusnkan (AP) dan permit import (PI) ke arah meningkatkan daya saing negara.

Menurut beliau, kerajaan akan mencari satu formula yang

“Kerajaan akan mencari satu formula yang bukan hanya memberi keuntungan kepada pengguna, tetapi kepada pengeluar tempatan.”

ANWAR IBRAHIM

bukan hanya memberi keuntungan kepada pengguna, tetapi

kepada pengeluar tempatan tempatan dalam memastikan ketenteraman bekalan makanan negara sentiasa mencukupi.

Perdana Menteri berkata, dalam mesyuarat tersebut, turut dipersetujui setiap agensi kawal selia yang berkaitan diminta mengemukakan kaedah penambahbaikan kepada Jawatan Menteri bagi meningkatkan kecekapan dan ketelusan proses analisis risiko import.

"Ketua Audit Negara disaran untuk melaksanakan proses audit bagi sektor-sektor terpih bagi memastikan pelaksanaan AP dan PI mencapai sasaran dan memenuhi matlamat ditetapkan.

Selain itu, Perbadanan Pro-

duktiviti Malaysia (MPC) diarahkan untuk melaksanakan kajian dan penilaian terhadap tatakelola dan pengimportan barangan halal. Manakala MyCC diminta mengkaji isu berkaitan kewujudan kartel dalam isu pengimportan barangan berasaskan makanan," kata beliau selepas mempengetaskan mesyuarat MTEN yang pertama untuk tahun ini.

Dalam pada itu itu, Perdana Menteri berkata, mesyuarat MTEN juga menyentuh aspek berkaitan keselamatan data dan kaedah untuk meningkatkan jumlah pendaftaran Sistem Pengkalan Data Utama (PAU) yang dilancarkan pada 2 Januari lalu.

Court denies MyCC leave to challenge tribunal's decision to allow insurers' appeal

BY TIMOTHY ACHARIAM
theedgemalaysia.com

KUALA LUMPUR (Jan 16): The High Court has denied the Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC) leave (permission) for a judicial review of the Competition Appeal Tribunal (CAT)'s 2022 decision in favour of Persatuan Insurans Am Malaysia (Piam) and its 22 members.

In his brief judgement, High Court Judge Dr. Ahmad Kamal Md Shuhid said the judicial review application did not have merit, and the MyCC also does not have locus standi (capacity or right to bring an action to court) to challenge the decision by CAT.

"This is because they are not a person

who is adversely affected by the decision, action or omission by CAT in the execution of public duty," he said.

The judge said the question of whether a person has been adversely affected by the decision of CAT has been answered by the Court of Appeal in the cases of AirAsia and Malaysia Airlines Systems Bhd (MAS) against MyCC, which were heard together. He said his court is bound by the outcomes of the AirAsia and MAS cases in coming to a decision.

"Upon perusal of the decisions of the Court of Appeal, I find that the Court of Appeal in both cases has made a decision that the applicant (MyCC), being a body corporate under the Competition Act 2010, cannot challenge the decision and that they are not an affected person."

"In light of judicial precedent being the heart of the administration of justice in our country, this court is bound by the Court of Appeal decision in MAS, AirAsia's leave application," he said, and awarded costs of RM10,000 to all respondents except two.

In that decision, MyCC had failed last year to get the Federal Court to review its previous decision to give the regulatory body leave to pursue its appeal to reinstate RM10 million in fines imposed on MAS and AirAsia for breaching a market-sharing prohibition.

Tangani kartel, manipulasi tender

SAUDARA PENGARANG,

KENYATAAN bahawa 500 syarikat di Malaysia sedang berada di bawah penelitian Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) kerana didakwa membentuk kartel untuk memanipulasi projek tender kerajaan adalah amat serius.

Strategi melibatkan penitih syarikat berkahwin dengan beberapa inter dan mengunakan nama mereka sebagai proksi memberikan impak negatif terhadap persaingan yang adil. Penipuan cara ini sama besarnya dengan ancaman rasuah.

Tindakan MyCC memantau aktiviti kartel ini mesti disokong rakyat dan pasukan forensik pelbagai agensi yang pernah ditubuhkan perlu diajakkan semula bagi mengekang segera masalah ini.

Pemerhati Rasuah Malaysia (MCW) mahu menekankan tentang kepentingan penyiasatan berkualiti dalam menangani isu-isu kartel dan rasuah. Strategi yang lebih ampuh diperlukan untuk menangani isu ini.

Isu kartel melibatkan aspek yang kompleks dan memerlukan pemahaman mendalam dari pelbagai perspektif. Pasukan pakar forensik pelbagai agensi itu pasti akan dapat mengesan dan memberikan impak besar dengan tindakan perundangan yang lebih tegas.

Pasukan forensik itu juga perlu bekerjasama dengan agensi penguatkuasaan undang-undang untuk meningkatkan keberkesanan pencegahan dan tindakan yang tegas dapat dilakukan segera.

Berlindungan kepada pemberi maklumat atau whistleblower perlu diperkukuhkan. Jaminan keselamatan kepada mereka akan merangsang lebih ramai individu untuk melaporkan aktiviti mencurigakan.

Usaha ini adalah tanggungjawab bersama. Penglibatan awam dan program kesedaran berterusan tentang kepentingan integriti dapat membina tekanan yang positif untuk mencapai ketelusan dan pertanggungjawaban yang diinginkan.

Kes-kes yang berulang kali dilaporkan mengenai kartel memanipulasi tender kerajaan adalah amat mengecewakan terutamanya ketika ramai rakyat sedang berdepan dengan kegawatan ekonomi yang serius.

Hanya tindakan yang cepat dan tegas untuk membantas isu-isu ini dapat memedakan bagi rakyat dan memupuk persekitaran perniagaan yang telus serta bertanggungjawab untuk kesejahteraan negara.

JAS ABDUL KARIM
Presiden Pemerhati Rasuah Malaysia (MCW)



BANYAK kes dilaporkan mengenai kartel memanipulasi tender kerajaan yang amat mengecewakan ramai rakyat.

Kerajaan sedia kaji keperluan struktur semula sistem beras

Kementerian pandang serius dakwaan isu kartel, kata Mohamad

KUALA LUMPUR: Kerajaan bersedia meneliti keperluan penstrukturan semula sistem beras sedia ada untuk mengelak berlakunya penyelewengan atau wednesday dalam industri padi dan beras negara.

Menyentuh mengenai Kementerian Makanan Datuk Seri Mohamad Sabu berkata kementerian akan memandang serius dakwaan isu kartel atau berlakunya 'permainan' pihak tertentu dalam sektor beras.

"Kita memandang serius (isu beras) dan buat apa sahaja penstrukturan semula sistem beras, apakah perlu (kajian) semula... (jika) berkesan maka akan ambil tindakan... Kita mengambil perantaraan untuk memastikan bekalan beras tempatan dari pada BERNAS kerana kita tidak mahu sistem itu, sebaliknya kita akan berikan beza pada sistem yang sedia ada," katanya.

Selain itu, Perdana Menteri Mahathir Mohamad (Barisan Nasional) berkata kementerian akan memandang serius dakwaan isu kartel atau berlakunya 'permainan' pihak tertentu dalam sektor beras.



LAWAS: Mohamad melancarkan telur-telur ikan bagi proses temakan pada program lautan ke ladang perikanan dan temakan air tawar ABC Berkat Agrofood Sdn Bhd di Klang, sebelum ini.

(Bernas) sedia melakukan kajian untuk memastikan sistem beras sedia ada untuk mengelak berlakunya penyelewengan atau wednesday dalam industri padi dan beras negara.

Presiden Barisan Nasional Awang Jalleh berkata ahli perniagaan tidak boleh mengabaikan beza pada sistem yang sedia ada, sebaliknya kita akan berikan beza pada sistem yang sedia ada, katanya.

Sementara itu, berituan industri akuisiti, Mohamad berkata Kementerian Pertanian dan Ketahanan Makanan akan membuat siasatan sebanyak 200,000 tan untuk beza pada sistem industri beras tempatan ini.

Berita berkata ia mungkin dapat dengan cepatnya selesai untuk hasil tahun 2020.

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Dakwaan wujud 'permainan' dalam BERNAS disiasat

Kementerian kaji keperluan struktur semula sistem beras padi

Diambil dari Berita Harian, 10/10/2019

Rawang: Sistem yang ditubuhkan oleh BERNAS untuk menguruskan bekalan beras tempatan, termasuklah sistem BERNAS, sedang disiasat oleh Kementerian Pertanian dan Ketahanan Makanan.

Kementerian Pertanian dan Ketahanan Makanan sedang menjalankan siasatan terhadap dakwaan wujud 'permainan' dalam sistem BERNAS.

Kita mengesyorkan agar sistem BERNAS yang sedia ada untuk mengelak berlakunya penyelewengan atau wednesday dalam industri padi dan beras negara.

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Talks on padi issues set for Jan 19

KUALA LUMPUR: The Malaysia Competition Commission (MyCC) has expressed readiness to discuss issues related to the padi and rice industry with the Office of Padi and Rice Monitoring of the Agriculture and Food Security Ministry.

MyCC said it submitted a written letter to

the office in October last year, indicating its willingness to engage in discussions to address any competition concerns. The commission emphasised that it had not initiated any investigations into parties in the padi and rice industry and had not received information from any parties.

A meeting between MyCC and the ministry office is scheduled for Jan 19. MyCC also urged caution in making speculations, especially since the office had issued a formal statement on Jan 4, that based on its findings, there were no competition issues in the padi and rice industry. - Bernama



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Journal of Internal Medicine 255: 105–112

The Aging Trials is at the public planting site after officials of the opening ceremony of the Large-scale Forest Planting Project (SMAST 980) At the bottom of the Pretreating Forest Water they (Forest Planting District) Water Monitoring on Monday Looking on was Agriculture and Food Secretary
Chen Xue, Secretary of the Ministry of Agriculture

MALAYSIA COMPETITION COMMISSION
ANNUAL REPORT 2024

末沙布：對付涉事者 違法白米疑雲調查中

【方報21日訊】大馬路馬路米業及糧食安全部長兼馬路米業及糧食安全委員會主席末沙布指出，大馬路米業及糧食安全委員會（MyCC）正密切關注和調查有關非法白米疑雲。末沙布指出，大馬路米業及糧食安全委員會（MyCC）正密切關注和調查有關非法白米疑雲。末沙布指出，大馬路米業及糧食安全委員會（MyCC）正密切關注和調查有關非法白米疑雲。

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製造假象操縱招標過程 竞标集團竞标后撤標

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學者：推動行業競爭 政府勿濫發執照

【吉隆坡23日訊】國內著名經濟學家認為，政府應推動行業競爭，而非濫發執照。學者指出，政府應推動行業競爭，而非濫發執照。學者指出，政府應推動行業競爭，而非濫發執照。



學者：為何要競爭，政府應推動行業競爭。

學者：推動行業競爭 政府勿濫發執照

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07

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AUDITOR GENERAL'S CERTIFICATE
ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
OF THE MALAYSIA COMPETITION
COMMISSION FOR THE YEAR
ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024





**SIJIL KETUA AUDIT NEGARA
MENGENAI PENYATA KEWANGAN
SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA
BAGI TAHUN BERAKHIR 31 DISEMBER 2024**

Sijil Mengenai Pengauditan Penyata Kewangan

Pendapat

Saya telah mengaudit Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia. Penyata kewangan tersebut merangkumi Penyata Kedudukan Kewangan pada 31 Disember 2024 Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia dan Penyata Prestasi Kewangan, Penyata Perubahan Aset Bersih, Penyata Aliran Tunai serta Penyata Perbandingan Belanjawan dan Sebenar bagi tahun berakhir pada tarikh tersebut dan nota kepada penyata kewangan termasuklah ringkasan polisi perakaunan yang signifikan seperti yang dinyatakan pada muka surat 1 hingga 21.

Pada pendapat saya, penyata kewangan ini memberikan gambaran yang benar dan saksama mengenai kedudukan kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia pada 31 Disember 2024 dan prestasi kewangan serta aliran tunai bagi tahun berakhir pada tarikh tersebut selaras dengan Piawaian Perakaunan Sektor Awam Malaysia (MPSAS) dan keperluan Akta Suruhanjaya Persaingan 2010 [Akta 713].

Asas Kepada Pendapat

Pengauditan telah dilaksanakan berdasarkan Akta Audit 1957 dan International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions. Tanggungjawab saya dihuraikan selanjutnya di perenggan Tanggungjawab Juruaudit Terhadap Pengauditan Penyata Kewangan dalam sijil ini. Saya percaya bahawa bukti audit yang diperoleh adalah mencukupi dan bersesuaian untuk dijadikan asas kepada pendapat saya.

Kebebasan dan Tanggungjawab Etika Lain

Saya adalah bebas daripada Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia dan telah memenuhi tanggungjawab etika lain berdasarkan International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions.

Maklumat Lain Selain Daripada Penyata Kewangan dan Sijil Juruaudit Mengenainya

Anggota Suruhanjaya, Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia bertanggungjawab terhadap maklumat lain dalam Laporan Tahunan. Pendapat saya terhadap Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia tidak meliputi maklumat lain selain daripada penyata kewangan dan Sijil Juruaudit mengenainya dan saya tidak menyatakan sebarang bentuk kesimpulan jaminan mengenainya.

Tanggungjawab Anggota Suruhanjaya Terhadap Penyata Kewangan

Anggota Suruhanjaya bertanggungjawab terhadap penyediaan Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia yang memberi gambaran benar dan saksama selaras dengan Piawaian Perakaunan Sektor Awam Malaysia (MPSAS) dan keperluan Akta Suruhanjaya Persaingan 2010 [Akta 713]. Anggota Suruhanjaya juga bertanggungjawab terhadap penetapan kawalan dalaman yang perlu bagi membolehkan penyediaan Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia yang bebas daripada salah nyata yang ketara, sama ada disebabkan fraud atau kesilapan.

Semasa penyediaan Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia, Anggota Suruhanjaya bertanggungjawab untuk menilai keupayaan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia untuk beroperasi sebagai satu usaha berterusan, mendedahkannya jika berkaitan serta menggunakannya sebagai asas perakaunan.

Tanggungjawab Juruaudit Terhadap Pengauditan Penyata Kewangan

Objektif saya adalah untuk memperoleh keyakinan yang munasabah sama ada Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia secara keseluruhannya adalah bebas daripada salah nyata yang ketara, sama ada disebabkan fraud atau kesilapan, dan mengeluarkan Sijil Juruaudit yang merangkumi pendapat saya. Jaminan yang munasabah adalah satu tahap jaminan yang tinggi, tetapi bukan satu jaminan bahawa audit yang dijalankan mengikut International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions akan sentiasa mengesan salah nyata yang ketara apabila ia wujud. Salah nyata boleh wujud daripada fraud atau kesilapan dan dianggap ketara sama ada secara individu atau agregat sekiranya boleh dijangkakan dengan munasabah untuk mempengaruhi keputusan ekonomi yang dibuat oleh pengguna berdasarkan penyata kewangan ini.

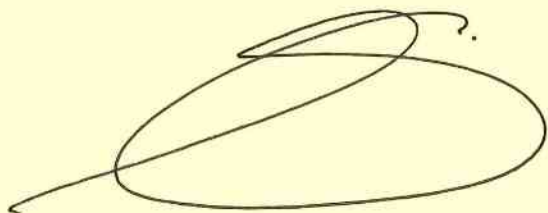
Sebagai sebahagian daripada pengauditan mengikut International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions, saya menggunakan pertimbangan profesional dan mengekalkan keraguan profesional sepanjang pengauditan. Saya juga:

- a. mengenal pasti dan menilai risiko salah nyata ketara dalam Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia, sama ada disebabkan fraud atau kesilapan, merangka dan melaksanakan prosedur audit yang responsif terhadap risiko berkenaan serta mendapatkan bukti audit yang mencukupi dan bersesuaian untuk memberikan asas kepada pendapat saya. Risiko untuk tidak mengesan salah nyata ketara akibat daripada fraud adalah lebih tinggi daripada kesilapan kerana fraud mungkin melibatkan pakatan, pemalsuan, ketinggalan yang disengajakan, representasi yang salah, atau mengatasi kawalan dalaman;
- b. memahami kawalan dalaman yang relevan untuk merangka prosedur audit yang bersesuaian tetapi bukan untuk menyatakan pendapat mengenai keberkesanan kawalan dalaman Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia;
- c. menilai kesesuaian dasar perakaunan yang diguna pakai, kemunasabahan anggaran perakaunan dan pendedahan yang berkaitan oleh Anggota Suruhanjaya;
- d. membuat kesimpulan terhadap kesesuaian penggunaan asas perakaunan untuk usaha berterusan oleh Anggota Suruhanjaya dan berdasarkan bukti audit yang diperolehi, sama ada wujudnya ketidakpastian ketara yang berkaitan dengan peristiwa atau keadaan yang mungkin menimbulkan keraguan yang signifikan terhadap keupayaan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia sebagai satu usaha berterusan. Jika saya membuat kesimpulan bahawa ketidakpastian ketara wujud, saya perlu melaporkan dalam Sijil Juruaudit terhadap pendedahan yang berkaitan dalam Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia atau, jika pendedahan tersebut tidak mencukupi, pendapat saya akan diubah. Kesimpulan saya dibuat berdasarkan bukti audit yang diperolehi sehingga tarikh Sijil Juruaudit. Bagaimanapun, peristiwa atau keadaan pada masa hadapan berkemungkinan menyebabkan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia tidak lagi berupaya meneruskan operasi secara usaha berterusan; dan
- e. menilai persembahan secara keseluruhan, struktur dan kandungan Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia, termasuk pendedahannya, dan sama ada penyata kewangan tersebut telah melaporkan asas-asas urus niaga dan peristiwa-peristiwa yang memberikan gambaran saksama.

Anggota Suruhanjaya telah dimaklumkan, antaranya mengenai skop dan tempoh pengauditan yang dirancang serta penemuan audit yang signifikan termasuk kelemahan kawalan dalaman yang dikenal pasti semasa pengauditan.

Hal-hal Lain

Sijil ini dibuat untuk Anggota Suruhanjaya, Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia berdasarkan keperluan Akta Suruhanjaya Persaingan 2010 [Akta 713] dan bukan untuk tujuan lain. Saya tidak bertanggungjawab terhadap pihak lain bagi kandungan sijil ini.



(DATO' SERI WAN SURAYA WAN MOHD RADZI)
KETUA AUDIT NEGARA
MALAYSIA

PUTRAJAYA

13 OKTOBER 2025





PENYATA PENERUSI DAN SEORANG ANGGOTA SURUHANJAYA SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA

Kami **TAN SRI DATO' SRI IDRUS BIN HARUN** dan **TUAN SURYA PUTRA BIN DATO' MOHAMED TAULAN** yang merupakan Pengerusi dan salah seorang Anggota Suruhanjaya **SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA** dengan ini menyatakan bahawa, pada pendapat Anggota Suruhanjaya, Penyata Kewangan yang mengandungi Penyata Kedudukan Kewangan, Penyata Prestasi Kewangan, Penyata Perubahan Aset Bersih, Penyata Aliran Tunai dan Penyata Perbandingan Belanjawan dan Sebenar yang berikut ini berserta dengan nota-nota kepada Penyata Kewangan di dalamnya, adalah disediakan untuk menunjukkan pandangan yang benar dan saksama berkenaan kedudukan **SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA** pada **31 DISEMBER 2024** dan hasil kendaliannya serta perubahan kedudukan kewangannya bagi tahun berakhir pada tarikh tersebut.

Bagi pihak Anggota Suruhanjaya,

**TAN SRI DATO' SRI IDRUS
BIN HARUN**
PENERUSI
SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN
MALAYSIA

TARIKH: 26 JUN 2025
TEMPAT : KUALA LUMPUR

Bagi pihak Anggota Suruhanjaya,

**TUAN SURYA PUTRA BIN
DATO' MOHAMED TAULAN**
ANGGOTA
SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN
MALAYSIA

TARIKH: 26 JUN 2025
TEMPAT : KUALA LUMPUR

Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC)
Tingkat 15, Menara SSM @Sentral, 7 Jalan Stesen Sentral 5,
Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50623 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

+603 3009 3009
www.mycc.gov.my

MENGALAKKAN
PERSAINGAN,
MELINDUNGI ANDA





**PENGAKUAN OLEH KETUA PEGAWAI EKSEKUTIF
YANG BERTANGGUNGJAWAB KE ATAS PENGURUSAN KEWANGAN
SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA**

Saya, **DATUK HAJI ISKANDAR BIN ISMAIL**, pegawai utama yang bertanggungjawab ke atas pengurusan kewangan dan rekod-rekod perakaunan **SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA** dengan ikhlasnya mengakui bahawa Penyata Kedudukan Kewangan, Penyata Prestasi Kewangan, Penyata Perubahan Aset Bersih, Penyata Aliran Tunai dan Penyata Perbandingan Belanjawan dan Sebenar yang berikut ini berserta dengan nota-nota kepada Penyata Kewangan di dalamnya mengikut sebaik-baik pengetahuan dan kepercayaan saya, adalah betul dan saya membuat ikrar ini dengan sebenarnya mempercayai bahawa ia adalah benar dan atas kehendak-kehendak Akta Akuan Berkanun, 1960.

Sebenarnya dan sesungguhnya)
diakui oleh penama di atas)
di KUALA LUMPUR WILAYAH PERSEKUTUAN)
pada 26 JUN 2025)

DATUK HAJI ISKANDAR BIN ISMAIL
KETUA PEGAWAI EKSEKUTIF,
SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA



Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC)
Tingkat 15, Menara SSM @Sentral, 7 Jalan Stesen Sentral 5,
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+603 3009 3009



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HAJIN TUN SAMBATHAN
30470 KUALA LUMPUR

MENGCAKUPKAN
PERSAINGAN,
MELINDUNGI ANDA





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

**PENYATA KEDUDUKAN KEWANGAN
PADA 31 DISEMBER 2024**

	Nota	2024 RM	2023 RM
ASET SEMASA			
Pelbagai Akaun Belum Terima, Deposit dan Pendahuluan	3	389,387	471,266
Simpanan Tetap	4	28,580,732	34,786,976
Wang Di Tangan dan Di Bank	5	15,528,912	4,721,284
		<u>44,499,031</u>	<u>39,979,526</u>
ASET BUKAN SEMASA			
Hartanah, Loji dan Peralatan	6	1,297,812	1,107,814
JUMLAH ASET		<u>45,796,843</u>	<u>41,087,340</u>
LIABILITI SEMASA			
Pelbagai Akaun Belum Bayar dan Perbelanjaan Terakru	7	919,749	1,018,749
Pendapatan Tertunda	8	11,495,164	11,896,469
Cukai Belum Bayar		243,555	2,884,995
		<u>12,658,468</u>	<u>15,800,213</u>
LIABILITI BUKAN SEMASA			
Geran Kerajaan Tertunda	9	869,743	-
Peruntukan Manfaat Kakitangan	10	191,343	147,282
		<u>1,061,086</u>	<u>147,282</u>
JUMLAH LIABILITI		<u>13,719,554</u>	<u>15,947,495</u>
JUMLAH ASET BERSIH		<u>32,077,289</u>	<u>25,139,845</u>

122

Nota yang disertakan merupakan sebahagian daripada penyata kewangan





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

PENYATA PRESTASI KEWANGAN BAGI TAHUN BERAKHIR 31 DISEMBER 2024

	Nota	2024 RM	2023 RM
HASIL			
Penerimaan daripada Geran Kerajaan	11	27,230,257	15,000,000
Faedah Bank dan Faedah Simpanan Tetap	12	1,306,874	1,078,475
Denda dan Penalti		857,398	11,836,280
Yuran Seminar		74,700	34,750
Lain-Lain Terimaan		47,557	43,559
Jumlah Hasil		29,516,786	27,993,064
BELANJA			
Emolumen		7,256,741	5,848,273
Perjalanan dan Penginapan		286,225	266,616
Utiliti dan Komunikasi		326,401	271,759
Sewa		1,798,475	1,632,715
Susut Nilai	6	315,064	213,159
Perbelanjaan Pentadbiran	13	554,223	308,504
Perbelanjaan Perkhidmatan		2,382,549	596,304
Gaji dan Elaun Anggota Suruhanjaya		643,406	614,144
Kerugian Dalam Hapus Kira Aset Tetap		5,096	1,753
Kerajaan, Honorarium dan Sumbangan		453,656	354,227
Perbelanjaan Unit/Bahagian	14	9,729,481	6,365,078
Perbelanjaan Pembangunan - Kajian Pasaran	15	230,257	-
Jumlah Belanja		23,981,574	16,472,533
Lebihan Pendapatan Sebelum Cukai		5,535,212	11,520,531
Cukai Pendapatan	16	1,402,232	(3,109,995)
Lebihan Pendapatan Selepas Cukai		6,937,444	8,410,536

Nota yang disertakan merupakan sebahagian daripada penyata kewangan

Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC)

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SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

**PENYATA PERUBAHAN ASET BERSIH
BAGI TAHUN BERAKHIR 31 DISEMBER 2024**

	Jumlah RM
Pada 1 Januari 2024	25,139,845
Lebih pendapatan pada tahun semasa	6,937,444
Pada 31 Disember 2024	<u>32,077,289</u>
Pada 1 Januari 2023	16,729,309
Lebih pendapatan pada tahun semasa	8,410,536
Pada 31 Disember 2023	<u>25,139,845</u>

Nota yang disertakan merupakan sebahagian daripada penyata kewangan





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

**PENYATA ALIRAN TUNAI
BAGI TAHUN BERAKHIR 31 DISEMBER 2024**

	2024 RM	2023 RM
ALIRAN TUNAI DARIPADA AKTIVITI OPERASI		
Lebihan Pendapatan Sebelum Cukai	5,535,212	11,520,531
Pelarasan:		
Susut Nilai	315,064	213,159
Faedah Bank dan Faedah Simpanan Tetap	(1,306,874)	(1,078,475)
Hapus Kira Aset Tetap	4,640	-
Keuntungan Dalam Pelupusan Kira Aset Tetap	(35,948)	(22,846)
LEBIHAN PENDAPATAN SEBELUM PERUBAHAN DALAM MODAL KERJA	4,512,094	10,632,369
Perubahan dalam modal kerja		
Pertambahan/(Pengurangan) Pelbagai Akaun Belum Terima, Deposit dan Pendahuluan	165,672	(13,294)
Pengurangan Pelbagai Akaun Belum Bayar dan Perbelanjaan Terakru	(481,555)	(10,187,315)
Pertambahan Peruntukan Manfaat Kakitangan	44,061	58,356
Pengurangan Geran Kerajaan Tertunda	869,743	-
TUNAI DIJANA DARIPADA AKTIVITI OPERASI	5,110,015	490,116
Cukai Dibayar	(1,257,958)	(206,250)
ALIRAN TUNAI BERSIH DIJANA DARIPADA AKTIVITI OPERASI	3,852,057	283,866
ALIRAN TUNAI DARIPADA AKTIVITI PELABURAN		
Pembelian Hartanah, Loji dan Peralatan	(513,175)	(556,185)
Terimaan Penjualan Hartanah, Loji dan Peralatan	39,421	26,100
Faedah Bank dan Faedah Simpanan Tetap	1,223,081	879,650
ALIRAN TUNAI BERSIH DIJANA DARIPADA AKTIVITI PELABURAN	749,327	349,565
LEBIHAN BERSIH DALAM TUNAI DAN KESETARAAN TUNAI	4,601,384	633,431
TUNAI DAN KESETARAAN TUNAI PADA AWAL TAHUN	39,508,260	38,874,829
TUNAI DAN KESETARAAN TUNAI PADA AKHIR TAHUN	44,109,644	39,508,260
TUNAI DAN KESETARAAN TUNAI DIWAKILI OLEH:		
Wang Tunai dan Baki Bank	15,528,912	4,721,284
Simpanan Tetap	28,580,732	34,786,976
	44,109,644	39,508,260

Nota yang disertakan merupakan sebahagian daripada penyata kewangan





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

**PENYATA PERBANDINGAN BELANJAWAN DAN SEBENAR
BAGI TAHUN BERAKHIR 31 DISEMBER 2024**

	JUMLAH BELANJAWAN		JUMLAH	VARIAN
	ASAL	AKHIR	SEBENAR	BAJET
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Belanja				
Emolumen	7,394,990	7,634,990	7,256,741	(378,249)
Perjalanan dan Penginapan	329,500	329,500	286,225	(43,275)
Utiliti dan Komunikasi	298,000	348,000	326,401	(21,599)
Sewa	2,018,383	1,815,383	1,798,475	(16,908)
Susut Nilai	-	-	315,064	315,064
Kerugian Dalam Hapus Kira	-	-	5,096	5,096
Aset Tetap	-	-	-	-
Perbelanjaan Pentadbiran	775,000	598,000	554,223	(43,777)
Perbelanjaan Perkhidmatan	2,950,598	2,680,598	2,382,549	(298,049)
Gaji dan Elaun Anggota Suruhanjaya	1,042,000	682,000	643,406	(38,594)
Keraian, Honorarium dan Sumbangan	352,627	472,627	453,656	(18,971)
Perbelanjaan Unit/Bahagian	15,367,340	15,777,340	9,729,481	(6,047,859)
Perbelanjaan Pembangunan - Kajian Pasaran	1,100,000	1,100,000	230,257	(869,743)
Jumlah Belanja	31,628,438	31,438,438	23,981,574	(7,456,864)
Peruntukan Perolehan Hartanah, Loji dan Perlatan	662,080	852,080	513,175	(338,905)
Jumlah Keseluruhan	32,290,518	32,290,518	24,494,749	(7,795,769)

Nota:

Jumlah keseluruhan belanjawan pada tahun 2024 adalah berjumlah RM32,290,518 yang merangkumi peruntukan daripada Kerajaan yang berjumlah RM28,100,000 dan baki peruntukan yang dibawa daripada tahun sebelum yang berjumlah RM4,190,518.

Lebih peruntukan adalah disebabkan faktor di luar kawalan Suruhanjaya antaranya pembayaran perkhidmatan kos guaman seperti contoh bayaran kos guaman adalah berdasarkan kepada prestasi pembekal. Tambahan daripada itu, terdapat program atau aktiviti yang dilaksanakan oleh Suruhanjaya yang melibatkan kos yang lebih rendah berbanding anggaran awal yang telah disediakan.

Ini menunjukkan Suruhanjaya mengamalkan perbelanjaan berhemah, yang mana secara keseluruhannya, program dan aktiviti yang dilaksanakan pada tahun kewangan adalah berdasarkan peruntukan yang telah disediakan.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

1. MAKLUMAT AM

- 1.1 Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia (MyCC) ditubuhkan pada 1 April 2011 di bawah Akta Suruhanjaya Persaingan 2010 (Akta 713). Suruhanjaya merupakan agensi di bawah kawal selia Kementerian Perdagangan Dalam Negeri Dan Kos Sara Hidup dan merupakan satu badan bebas yang ditubuhkan untuk menguatkuasakan Akta Persaingan 2010. Peranan utama Suruhanjaya adalah untuk melindungi proses persaingan bagi kepentingan perniagaan, pengguna dan ekonomi Malaysia. Pada setakat 31 Disember 2024, Suruhanjaya ini menempatkan seramai 112 orang pegawai.
- 1.2 Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia beroperasi di alamat Tingkat 15, Menara SSM @ Sentral No.7, Jalan Stesen Sentral 5, 50623 Kuala Lumpur Wilayah Persekutuan.
- 1.3 Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya adalah bagi tempoh bermula 1 Januari 2024 sehingga 31 Disember 2024.
- 1.4 Mata wang fungsian Suruhanjaya adalah Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), di mana setiap operasi dan transaksi adalah dalam RM. Bagi tujuan penyata kewangan ia dicatatkan dalam RM, yang merupakan mata wang fungsian Suruhanjaya.
- 1.5 Penyata Kewangan Suruhanjaya bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024 telah diluluskan oleh Anggota Suruhanjaya pada 26 Jun 2025.
- 1.6 Suruhanjaya Persaingan Malaysia bertanggungjawab menjalankan fungsi-fungsi seperti melaksana dan menguatkuasakan peruntukan-peruntukan di bawah Akta Suruhanjaya Persaingan 2010, mengeluarkan garis panduan berhubung pelaksanaan dan penguatkuasaan undang-undang persaingan, bertindak sebagai penyokong untuk hal-hal berkaitan persaingan, menjalankan kajian am berhubung isu-isu yang berkaitan dengan persaingan dalam ekonomi Malaysia atau sektor-sektor ekonomi tertentu di Malaysia, memaklumkan dan mendidik orang awam berkenaan cara-cara yang mana persaingan boleh memberi faedah kepada pengguna dan juga ekonomi Malaysia.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

2. DASAR-DASAR PERAKAUNAN

2.1 Asas Penyediaan Penyata Kewangan

- 2.1.1 Penyata kewangan Suruhanjaya telah disediakan berdasarkan kepada konvensyen kos sejarah selain yang dinyatakan secara berasingan dan mematuhi Piawaian Perakaunan Sektor Awam Malaysia (MPSAS).
- 2.1.2 Penyediaan penyata kewangan memerlukan pertimbangan, anggaran dan andaian yang memberi kesan kepada penggunaan dasar dan amaun bagi aset, liabiliti, hasil dan belanja yang dilaporkan. Sekiranya pertimbangan ini memberi kesan signifikan kepada amaun yang diiktiraf dalam penyata kewangan, ia hendaklah didedahkan dalam nota 2.13 kepada penyata kewangan.

2.2 Pengiktirafan Pendapatan dan Perbelanjaan

2.2.1 Pengiktirafan Pendapatan

(i) Geran Kerajaan

Geran Kerajaan yang tidak dikenakan syarat-syarat prestasi masa depan yang tertentu diambil kira sebagai hasil di dalam penyata prestasi kewangan. Manakala, Geran Kerajaan yang dikenakan syarat-syarat prestasi masa depan tertentu seperti geran pembangunan, diiktiraf sebagai geran tertunda dan dilunaskan sebagai hasil bersamaan dengan amaun bawaan liabiliti yang telah memenuhi syarat.

(ii) Denda dan Penalti

Pendapatan denda dan penalti merangkumi penalti kewangan yang dikenakan terhadap perusahaan atau syarikat atas pelanggaran syarat yang termaktub dalam Akta Persaingan 2010 (Akta 712). Jumlah penalti kewangan dikenakan adalah tidak melebihi 10% daripada keseluruhan pendapatan perusahaan atau syarikat sepanjang tempoh pelanggaran berlaku.

(iii) Faedah Bank dan Faedah Simpanan Tetap

Hasil keuntungan daripada pelaburan diiktiraf atas dasar perkadaran masa yang mengambilkira kadar pulangan hasil efektif atas aset tersebut. Pendapatan faedah diiktiraf berasaskan kepada pembahagian masa dan kadar efektif yang menjangkau tempoh matang. Manakala, pendapatan faedah bank diiktiraf berasaskan akruan.

(iv) Yuran Seminar

Yuran seminar yang diterima merupakan hasil daripada pelaksanaan program seminar berkaitan dengan Akta Persaingan 2010 yang dijalankan sepanjang tahun kewangan Suruhanjaya.

(v) Lain-Lain Terimaan

Lain-lain terimaan adalah terimaan selain daripada nota 2.2.1 (i) hingga (iv) di atas. Ianya diiktiraf sebagai pendapatan selepas perkhidmatan diberikan.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

2. DASAR-DASAR PERAKAUNAN (SAMBUNGAN)

2.3 Hartanah, Loji dan Peralatan

- 2.3.1 Hartanah, loji dan peralatan dinyatakan pada kos setelah ditolak susut nilai terkumpul. Kos termasuk semua kos langsung yang terlibat untuk membawa aset berkenaan ke lokasi dan keadaan yang membolehkannya beroperasi dalam cara yang dikehendaki oleh pengurusan. Kos-kos perkhidmatan harian akan diiktiraf sebagai perbelanjaan dalam penyata prestasi kewangan. Hartanah, loji dan peralatan diiktiraf pada nilai kos yang melebihi RM2,000 seunit.
- 2.3.2 Nilai di bawah item hartanah, loji dan peralatan hendaklah dinyahiktirafkan semasa pelupusan atau apabila tiada manfaat ekonomi masa hadapan atau potensi perkhidmatan yang dijangka daripada penggunaan atau pelupusannya. Keuntungan atau kerugian atas nyahiktiraf hartanah, loji dan peralatan adalah ditentukan dengan membandingkan nilai pelupusan bersih dengan nilai dibawa aset di mana perbezaannya diambil kira sebagai keuntungan atau kerugian di dalam penyata prestasi kewangan.

2.4 Susut nilai Hartanah, Loji dan Peralatan

- 2.4.1 Susut nilai dikira dengan menggunakan kaedah garis lurus untuk menghapus kira nilai kos aset sepanjang anggaran hayat berguna bagi aset-aset yang berkenaan.
- 2.4.2 Kadar susut nilai hartanah, loji dan peralatan adalah seperti yang berikut:
- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|
| Kenderaan bermotor | 20% |
| Peralatan pejabat dan perabot | 10% |
| Buku | 10% |
| Komputer | 20% |
- 2.4.3 Sekiranya terdapat tanda perubahan yang ketara dalam faktor-faktor yang memberi kesan kepada nilai sisa, jangkaan hayat atau corak berguna aset sejak tarikh laporan tahunan lepas, nilai sisa, kaedah susut nilai dan hayat berguna aset yang boleh disusut nilai akan disemak semula dan dilaraskan secara prospektif pada tahun semasa.

2.5 Aset Kewangan

- 2.5.1 Aset kewangan diiktiraf dalam penyata kedudukan kewangan apabila Suruhanjaya menjadi pihak kepada peruntukan kontrak instrumen.
- 2.5.2 Pada awal pengiktirafan, aset kewangan yang diukur pada nilai saksama, termasuk kos urusniaga untuk aset kewangan yang tidak diukur pada nilai saksama menerusi lebihan atau kekurangan, yang terlibat secara langsung di dalam menjana aset kewangan.
- 2.5.3 Selepas pengiktirafan awal, aset kewangan dikelaskan kepada salah satu daripada empat kategori aset kewangan iaitu aset kewangan diukur pada nilai saksama menerusi lebihan atau kekurangan, belum terima, pelaburan dipegang hingga matang dan aset kewangan sedia untuk dijual





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

2. DASAR-DASAR PERAKAUNAN (SAMBUNGAN)

2.5 Aset Kewangan (Sambungan)

2.5.4 Pembelian atau penjualan aset kewangan yang memerlukan penyerahan aset dalam tempoh masa yang ditetapkan oleh peraturan atau konvesyen di dalam pasaran akan diiktiraf pada transaksi itu dibuat, iaitu tarikh di mana Suruhanjaya membuat komitmen untuk membeli atau menjual aset tersebut.

2.5.5 Suruhanjaya mempunyai kategori aset kewangan seperti yang berikut:

(i) Pinjaman dan belum terima

Pinjaman dan belum terima adalah aset kewangan bukan derivatif dengan bayaran tetap atau boleh ditentukan yang tidak disebut harga dalam pasaran aktif. Selepas pengukuran awal, aset kewangan tersebut kemudiannya diukur pada kos yang dilunaskan menggunakan kaedah berkesan atau ditolak rosot nilai. Kos dilunaskan dikira dengan mengambil kira apa-apa diskaun atau premium atas pembelian aset tersebut serta kos yang merupakan sebahagian daripada kadar faedah berkesan. Kerugian daripada kemerosotan nilai diiktiraf dalam lebihan atau kurangan.

(ii) Pelaburan dipegang hingga matang

Aset kewangan bukan derivatif dengan tempoh matang pembayaran tetap atau boleh ditentukan dan tetap diklasifikasikan sebagai dipegang untuk matang apabila Suruhanjaya mempunyai niat positif dan keupayaan untuk memegang pelaburan tersebut sehingga matang. Selepas pengukuran awal, dipegang hingga matang pelaburan diukur pada kos yang dilunaskan menggunakan kaedah faedah berkesan atau ditolak rosot nilai. Kos pelunasan dikira dengan mengambil kira apa-apa diskaun atau premium atas pengambil alihan dan kos yang merupakan sebahagian daripada kaedah faedah efektif. Kerugian yang timbul daripada kemerosotan nilai diiktiraf dalam penyata prestasi kewangan.

(iii) Penyahiktirafan aset kewangan

Aset kewangan dinyahiktiraf apabila hak kontrak untuk aliran tunai daripada aset kewangan tersebut telah tamat tempoh atau telah selesai serta Suruhanjaya telah memindahkan risiko dan ganjaran pemilikan aset kewangan yang ketara kepada pihak lain. Semasa penyahiktirafan aset kewangan secara keseluruhannya, perbezaan di antara nilai dibawa dan jumlah pertimbangan diterima diiktiraf dalam lebihan atau kurangan dalam tempoh penyahiktirafan.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

2. DASAR-DASAR PERAKAUNAN (SAMBUNGAN)

2.5 Aset Kewangan (Sambungan)

(iv) Rosot nilai aset kewangan

Pada setiap tarikh lembaran imbalan, Suruhanjaya mengkaji semula nilai dibawa bagi aset kewangan bagi menentukan sama ada terdapat sebarang petunjuk rosot nilai. Jika sebarang petunjuk wujud, rosot nilai yang diperolehi dengan membandingkan nilai dibawa dengan nilai yang boleh diperolehi. Nilai yang boleh diperolehi adalah nilai yang lebih tinggi antara harga jualan bersih dan nilai gunapakai yang ditafsirkan menggunakan anggaran aliran tunai hadapan diskaunkan. Nilai yang boleh diperolehi akan ditentukan bagi setiap aset atau sekiranya tidak dapat ia akan ditentukan melalui unit janaan tunai yang dimiliki oleh aset berkenaan.

Kerugian rosot nilai diiktiraf di dalam penyata prestasi kewangan sebagai perbelanjaan dalam tempoh ianya berlaku.

Pembalikan rosot nilai aset yang diiktiraf pada tahun lepas akan direkodkan sekiranya terdapat petunjuk bahawa rosot nilai yang diiktiraf pada tahun lepas tidak lagi wujud atau telah berkurangan. Pembalikan nilai tersebut akan direkodkan sehingga amaun sebenar aset yang akan ditentukan (setelah ditolak susut nilai dan pelunasan nilai) sekiranya tiada kerugian susut nilai yang pernah direkodkan. Pembalikan nilai akan direkodkan terus di dalam penyata prestasi kewangan.

2.6 Peruntukan dan Liabiliti

- 2.6.1 Peruntukan diiktiraf apabila Suruhanjaya mempunyai obligasi semasa hasil daripada peristiwa lalu, terdapat kemungkinan bahawa aliran keluar sumber yang mengandungi manfaat ekonomi perlu dilakukan untuk menyelesaikan obligasi dan jumlah obligasi boleh dianggarkan dengan pasti. Apabila Suruhanjaya menjangkakan beberapa atau semua peruntukan akan dibayar balik, perbelanjaan berkaitan peruntukan dibentangkan di dalam penyata prestasi kewangan daripada sebarang pembayaran balik.

2.7 Liabiliti Kewangan

- 2.7.1 Liabiliti kewangan diiktiraf dalam penyata kedudukan kewangan apabila Suruhanjaya menjadi pihak kepada peruntukan kontrak instrumen.
- 2.7.2 Pada awal pengiktirafan, liabiliti kewangan adalah diukur pada nilai saksama termasuk kos urusniaga untuk liabiliti kewangan yang tidak diukur pada nilai saksama menerusi lebihan atau kurangan, yang terlibat secara langsung di dalam mengiktiraf liabiliti kewangan.
- 2.7.3 Selepas pengiktirafan awal, liabiliti kewangan dikelaskan kepada salah satu daripada dua kategori liabiliti kewangan iaitu liabiliti kewangan diukur pada nilai saksama menerusi lebihan atau kurangan dan pinjaman belum bayar.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

2. DASAR-DASAR PERAKAUNAN (SAMBUNGAN)

2.7 Liabiliti Kewangan (Sambungan)

2.7.4 Suruhanjaya mempunyai kategori liabiliti kewangan seperti yang berikut:

(i) Pinjaman dan belum bayar

Selepas pengiktirafan awal, pinjaman dan belum bayar adalah diukur pada kos dilunaskan menggunakan kaedah faedah berkesan. Keuntungan atau kerugian diiktiraf di dalam lebihan atau kurangan apabila liabiliti kewangan dinyahiktiraf atau dirosot nilai.

Kaedah faedah berkesan adalah kaedah untuk mengira kos dilunaskan liabiliti kewangan dan untuk memperuntukan perbelanjaan faedah ke atas tempoh yang berkaitan. Kadar faedah berkesan adalah kadar diskaun anggaran pembayaran tunai masa depan yang tepat menerusi jangka hayat liabiliti kewangan atau apabila sesuai, tempoh yang lebih singkat, dengan nilai dibawa liabiliti kewangan tersebut.

(ii) Penyahiktirafan Liabiliti Kewangan

Liabiliti kewangan dinyahiktiraf apabila obligasi yang dinyatakan di dalam kontrak telah dilepaskan, dibatalkan atau tamat hayat.

Sekiranya terdapat perbezaan di antara nilai dibawa liabiliti kewangan yang dinyahiktiraf dan pertimbangan dibayar adalah diiktiraf di dalam lebihan atau kurangan dalam tempoh penyahiktirafan.

2.8 Kemungkinan Luar Jangka

2.8.1 Terdapat kemungkinan pemindahan manfaat ekonomi kepada pihak ketiga sekiranya rayuan dibuat terhadap keputusan Suruhanjaya. Oleh itu, maklumat kemungkinan luar jangka seperti yang diperlukan di bawah 'Seksyen 21 Kemungkinan Luar Jangka' tidak didedahkan atas alasan ia boleh menjejaskan keputusan prosiding guaman tersebut.

2.9 Tunai dan kesetaraan Tunai

2.9.1 Tunai dan kesetaraan tunai terdiri daripada tunai di tangan, baki di bank dan simpanan tetap di institusi-institusi kewangan yang mempunyai tempoh matang dua belas bulan atau kurang yang disedia tukar kepada amaun tunai yang diketahui dan tertakluk kepada risiko perubahan nilai tidak ketara.

2.10 Manfaat Kakitangan

2.10.1 Manfaat Kakitangan Jangka Pendek

Manfaat kakitangan jangka pendek merangkumi gaji pokok, elaun-elaun tetap, elaun-elaun berubah dan pelbagai cuti termasuk cuti tahunan.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

2. DASAR-DASAR PERAKAUNAN (SAMBUNGAN)

2.10 Manfaat Kakitangan (Sambungan)

2.10.2 Manfaat Kakitangan Selepas Perkhidmatan

Suruhanjaya mencarum kepada Kumpulan Wang Simpanan Pekerja (KWSP) pada kadar yang wajib dicarum mengikut perundangan di Malaysia. Caruman berkenaan dicaj ke dalam penyata prestasi kewangan dalam tempoh kewangan ianya berlaku.

Suruhanjaya mencarum kepada Kumpulan Wang Persaraan (Diperbadankan) bagi kakitangan yang diberi taraf berpencen pada kadar yang dikanunkan. Caruman tersebut dicaj ke dalam penyata prestasi kewangan dalam tempoh kewangan ianya berlaku.

Kakitangan tetap Suruhanjaya akan diberikan ganjaran cuti rehat (GCR) berdasarkan Pekeliling Perkhidmatan yang dikeluarkan oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Awam dan digunakan oleh Suruhanjaya.

2.11 Cukai Pendapatan

- 2.11.1 Perbelanjaan cukai pendapatan bagi tempoh semasa merangkumi cukai semasa dan cukai tertunda. Cukai diiktiraf dalam penyata prestasi kewangan, kecuali setakat mana ia berkaitan dengan perkara yang diiktiraf dalam pendapatan komprehensif lain atau secara langsung dalam ekuiti. Dalam kes ini cukai juga diiktiraf dalam pendapatan komprehensif lain atau secara langsung dalam ekuiti.
- 2.11.2 Cukai semasa adalah cukai yang perlu dibayar yang dijangka atau boleh diterima ke atas pendapatan atau kerugian cukai bagi tahun semasa, dengan menggunakan kadar cukai yang telah digubal atau digubal sebahagian besarnya pada akhir tempoh laporan, dan sebarang pelarasan kepada cukai yang perlu dibayar bagi tahun-tahun kewangan sebelumnya.
- 2.11.3 Cukai tertunda diiktiraf menggunakan kaedah liabiliti, ke atas perbezaan sementara yang timbul antara amaun aset dan liabiliti untuk tujuan cukai dan nilai dibawa dalam penyata kewangan. Walau bagaimanapun, cukai tertunda tidak diambil kira jika ia timbul daripada pengiktirafan awal sesuatu aset atau liabiliti dalam urusniaga selain daripada kombinasi perniagaan dan pada masa yang sama urusniaga tersebut tidak menjejaskan keuntungan perakaunan atau keuntungan atau kerugian boleh cukai. Cukai tertunda ditentukan menggunakan kadar cukai yang telah digubal atau digubal sebahagian besarnya pada akhir tempoh pelaporan dan dijangka akan digunakan apabila aset cukai tertunda yang berkaitan direalisasikan atau liabiliti cukai tertunda diselesaikan.
- 2.11.4 Aset cukai tertunda diiktiraf setakat mana terdapat kemungkinan bahawa keuntungan boleh dikenakan cukai akan tersedia terhadap untuk perbezaan sementara boleh ditolak, kerugian cukai yang tidak digunakan atau kredit cukai belum digunakan.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

2. DASAR-DASAR PERAKAUNAN (SAMBUNGAN)

2.11 Cukai Pendapatan (Sambungan)

- 2.11.5 Cukai tertunda, aset cukai pendapatan dan liabiliti akan diimbangi apabila terdapat hak yang boleh dikuatkuasakan untuk mengimbangi aset cukai semasa dengan liabiliti cukai semasa dan apabila aset dan liabiliti cukai pendapatan tertunda berkait dengan cukai yang dikenakan oleh pihak berkuasa cukai yang sama di antara kedua-dua entiti boleh cukai atau entiti berbeza boleh cukai di mana terdapat tujuan untuk menyelesaikan baki pada asas bersih.

2.12 Makluman Bajet

- 2.12.1 Bajet tahunan disediakan pada asas tunai. Memandangkan penyata kewangan disediakan menggunakan asas akrual, maka satu penyata perbandingan bajet dan sebenar didedahkan secara berasingan. Penyata ini telah disediakan menggunakan asas penyediaan bajet tahunan.

2.13 Pertimbangan dan Sumber Utama Ketidakpastian Anggaran

- 2.13.1 Pengukuran aset dan liabiliti memerlukan pengurusan untuk membuat anggaran berdasarkan pemantauan dan andaian lain yang difikirkan wajar. Antara perkara yang tertakluk kepada ketidakpastian anggaran adalah dalam mengukur:

- (i) Perubahan Jangka Hayat bagi Hartanah, Loji dan Peralatan

Hartanah, loji dan peralatan disusut dinilai mengikut kaedah garis lurus sepanjang jangka hayat aset berkenaan. Perubahan dalam anggaran corak penggunaan aset dan pembangunan teknologi boleh memberi kesan kepada jangka hayat dan nilai sisa aset tersebut. Ini menyebabkan susut nilai aset pada masa hadapan akan disemak semula.

- (ii) Pengiraan Cukai Pendapatan

Pertimbangan adalah penting dalam menentukan cukai semasa dan cukai tertunda Suruhanjaya oleh kerana cukai muktamad bagi Suruhanjaya secara keseluruhan adalah tidak menentu. Apabila keputusan akhir cukai yang perlu dibayar telah ditentukan oleh pihak berkuasa, jumlah berkenaan mempunyai kebarangkalian berbeza daripada anggaran awal cukai yang perlu dibayar. Perbezaan tersebut boleh memberi kesan kepada cukai semasa dan cukai tertunda pada tempoh pengiraan dibuat. Suruhanjaya akan mengambil kira perbezaan berkenaan samaada ia terlebih atau terkurang pada cukai semasa atau cukai tertunda dalam tempoh perbezaan tersebut dikenalpasti.

- (iii) Pengukuran Peruntukan

Suruhanjaya sentiasa menggunakan anggaran terbaik sebagai asas bagi mengukur sesuatu peruntukan. Anggaran tersebut dibuat berdasarkan kepada pengalaman lalu, lain-lain petunjuk atau andaian dan peristiwa masa hadapan yang munasabah dalam menentukan sesuatu peruntukan.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)

NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

2. DASAR-DASAR PERAKAUNAN (SAMBUNGAN)

2.14 Polisi Pengurusan Risiko Kewangan

2.14.1 Polisi pengurusan risiko kewangan Suruhanjaya bertujuan memastikan sumber kewangan dan bukan kewangan mencukupi untuk menjalankan operasinya dengan lancar. Suruhanjaya akan mempertimbangkan dan menilai risiko pengurusan kewangan yang dibangkitkan dari semasa ke semasa.

(i) **Risiko Kadar Faedah**

Suruhanjaya membiayai operasinya dengan dana dalaman dan oleh itu, tidak terdedah kepada risiko kadar faedah dari pinjaman bank.

(ii) **Risiko Kredit**

Suruhanjaya tidak berurus niaga secara kredit yang material dan oleh itu, tidak terdedah kepada risiko kredit.

(iii) **Risiko Pertukaran Mata Wang Asing**

Suruhanjaya tidak mempunyai urus niaga pertukaran mata wang asing dan oleh itu, tidak terdedah kepada risiko pertukaran mata wang asing.

(iv) **Risiko Mudah Tunai**

Suruhanjaya mengamalkan pengurusan risiko mudah tunai yang berhemah bagi meminimakan ketidakpadanan aset dan liabiliti kewangan serta untuk mewujudkan tahap tunai dan kesetaraan tunai yang mencukupi bagi memenuhi keperluan modal kerja.

(v) **Risiko Tindakan Guaman**

Subseksyen 3(3) Akta Suruhanjaya Persaingan 2010 (Akta 713) menyatakan Suruhanjaya boleh disaman atas namanya manakala Subseksyen 3(4) memberi kuasa kepada Suruhanjaya untuk membuat kontrak. Suruhanjaya boleh dikenakan tindakan guaman oleh pihak ketiga sekiranya Suruhanjaya melanggar kontrak atau mana-mana prosidur di bawah Akta 712 dan Akta 713.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)
NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

3. Pelbagai Akaun Belum Terima, Deposit dan Pendahuluan	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Pelbagai Akaun Belum Terima	45,276	15,000
Deposit dan Pendahuluan	344,111	456,266
Jumlah Akaun Belum Terima, Deposit dan Pendahuluan	389,387	471,266
4. Simpanan Tetap	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Malaysia Building Society Berhad	1,388,445	1,337,081
Bank Simpanan Nasional	27,192,287	33,449,895
Jumlah Simpanan Tetap	28,580,732	34,786,976
Kadar faedah bagi simpanan tetap adalah di antara 3.70% - 4.20% (2023 : 2.80% - 4.20%) dan tempoh simpanan adalah di antara 29 hari hingga 368 hari (2023: 28 hari hingga 368 hari).		
5. Wang di Tangan dan di Bank	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Wang tunai di tangan	3,516	1,289
Wang di bank		
Akaun Semasa CIMB (Mengurus)	12,017,879	1,393,292
Akaun Semasa CIMB (Pembangunan)	8,042	380,358
Akaun Maybank	3,499,475	2,946,345
Jumlah Wang di bank	15,525,396	4,719,995
Jumlah Wang di tangan dan di bank	15,528,912	4,721,284





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)
NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

6. Hartanah, Loji dan Peralatan

	Kenderaan Bermotor RM	Perabot dan Kelengkapan Pejabat RM	Buku RM	Komputer RM	Jumlah RM
Kos					
Baki pada 1 Januari 2024	1,177,608	515,350	214,734	1,765,496	3,673,188
Pertambahan Tahun Semasa	242,000	157,711	-	113,464	513,175
Pelupusan Tahun Semasa	(182,900)	(12,060)	-	(293,485)	(488,445)
Hapus Kira Tahun Semasa	-	(179,226)	-	-	(179,226)
Baki pada 31 Disember 2024	1,236,708	481,775	214,734	1,585,475	3,518,692
Susut nilai Berkumpul		-			
Baki pada 1 Januari 2024	815,444	280,864	213,671	1,255,395	2,565,374
Susut nilai Tahun Semasa	125,023	33,228	750	156,063	315,064
Pelupusan Tahun Semasa	(182,900)	(12,055)	-	(290,017)	(484,972)
Hapus Kira Tahun Semasa	-	(174,586)	-	-	(174,586)
Baki pada 31 Disember 2024	757,567	127,451	214,421	1,121,441	2,220,880
Nilai Buku Bersih	479,141	354,324	313	464,034	1,297,812





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)
NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

6. Hartanah, Loji dan Peralatan (Sambungan)

	Kenderaan Bermotor RM	Perabot dan Kelengkapan Pejabat RM	Buku RM	Komputer RM	Jumlah RM
Kos					
Baki pada 1 Januari 2023	1,194,408	508,250	214,734	1,370,461	3,287,853
Pertambahan Tahun Semasa	147,950	7,100	-	401,135	556,185
Pelupusan Tahun Semasa	(164,750)	-	-	(6,100)	(170,850)
Baki pada 31 Disember 2023	1,177,608	515,350	214,734	1,765,496	3,673,188
Susut nilai Berkumpul					
Baki pada 1 Januari 2023	897,530	262,871	199,710	1,159,700	2,519,811
Susut nilai Tahun Semasa	82,664	17,993	13,961	98,541	213,159
Pelupusan Tahun Semasa	(164,750)	-	-	(2,846)	(167,596)
Baki pada 31 Disember 2023	815,444	280,864	213,671	1,255,395	2,565,374
Nilai Buku Bersih	362,164	234,486	1,063	510,101	1,107,814





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)
NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

7. Pelbagai Akaun Belum Bayar dan Perbelanjaan Terakru	2024 RM	2023 RM
Pelbagai Akaun Belum Bayar	680,705	932,695
Perbelanjaan Terakru	239,044	86,054
Jumlah Akaun Belum Bayar dan Perbelanjaan Terakru	919,749	1,018,749

8. Pendapatan Tertunda	2024 RM	2023 RM
Pada 1 Januari	11,896,469	22,138,757
Penambahan Pendapatan Tertunda	10,000	1,593,992
Pengurangan Pendapatan Tertunda	(411,305)	(11,836,280)
Jumlah Pendapatan Tertunda	11,495,164	11,896,469

Pendapatan tertunda pada tahun 2024 berjumlah RM11,495,164 (2023 : RM11,896,469) merupakan bayaran penalti yang terkumpul dari kes-kes ke atas kes Dagang Net, ASWARA, Warehouse dan TLDM.

Bagi kes Dagang Net permohonan rayuan di Tribunal Rayuan Persaingan yang telah difailkan oleh Dagang Net telah ditolak pada 18 Disember 2023. Pada 15 Mei 2024, Mahkamah Tinggi Kuala Lumpur telah membenarkan permohonan semakan kehakiman Dagang Net dan kini masih berada di peringkat Mahkamah Tinggi untuk pendengaran substantif.

Pada 19 September 2023, Tribunal Rayuan Persaingan telah menolak kesemua rayuan oleh 4 daripada 8 syarikat IT yang terlibat. Terdapat 2 syarikat yang telah memfailkan kebenaran permohonan semakan kehakiman di Mahkamah Tinggi terhadap keputusan Tribunal Rayuan Persaingan. Satu semakan kehakiman telah ditolak oleh Mahkamah Tinggi manakala pendengaran substantif bagi semakan kehakiman oleh Novatis Resources Sdn Bhd akan diadakan pada 16 Januari 2025.

Pada 23 Mei 2023, 5 daripada 7 pengusaha gudang yang terlibat telah memfailkan permohonan kebenaran semakan kehakiman di Mahkamah Tinggi terhadap keputusan Tribunal Rayuan Persaingan bertarikh 24 Februari 2023. Pada 26 Oktober 2023, kebenaran semakan kehakiman telah dibenarkan. Pada 11 September 2024, semakan kehakiman telah ditolak oleh Mahkamah Tinggi Shah Alam. Namun begitu, perayu-perayu tersebut telahpun memfailkan rayuan di Mahkamah Rayuan pada 27 September 2024. Kes ini sekarang berada di peringkat rayuan di Mahkamah Rayuan.

Ketujuh-tujuh syarikat tidak mengemukakan rayuan dan telah menjelaskan bayaran penalti yang dikenakan kepada Suruhanjaya yang berjumlah RM446,093. Suruhanjaya telah mengenakan bon berkelakuan baik kepada 2 syarikat yang berjumlah RM5,000 setiap satu bagi tempoh 3 tahun. Bon ini akan dikembalikan kepada syarikat berkenaan selepas daripada tempoh tersebut sekiranya melepasi kriteria yang telah ditetapkan oleh Suruhanjaya.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)
NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

9. Geran Kerajaan Tertunda	2024 RM	2023 RM
Pada 1 Januari	-	-
Penambahan	1,100,000	-
Pelunasan geran pembangunan	(230,257)	-
Baki pada 31 Disember	869,743	-

Suruhanjaya telah diberikan peruntukan geran pembangunan di bawah Rancangan Malaysia Kedua Belas (RMK12) daripada Kementerian Perdagangan Dalam Negeri dan Kos Sara Hidup pada tahun kewangan 2024 bagi menjalankan Kajian Semula Pasaran Ekonomi Digital yang berjumlah RM1,100,000. Jumlah perbelanjaan yang telah dibelanjakan pada tahun 2024 adalah sebanyak RM230,257 dan baki berjumlah RM869,743 akan digunakan pada tahun berikutnya.

10. Peruntukan Manfaat Kakitangan	2024 RM	2023 RM
Pada 1 Januari	147,282	88,926
Gantian Cuti Rehat	44,061	58,356
Baki pada 31 Disember	191,343	147,282

Manfaat kakitangan jangka panjang merupakan gantian cuti rehat kakitangan Suruhanjaya. Suruhanjaya telah memperuntukkan gantian cuti rehat bagi pegawai lantikan tetap bermula daripada tahun kewangan 2019. Jumlah peruntukan gantian cuti rehat bagi tahun kewangan 2024 adalah RM191,343 (2023 : RM147,282).

11. Penerimaan daripada Geran Kerajaan	2024 RM	2023 RM
Geran Mengurus	17,000,000	15,000,000
Geran Pembangunan	230,257	-
Peruntukan Khas	10,000,000	-
	27,230,257	15,000,000

Suruhanjaya telah menerima penyaluran geran mengurus berjumlah RM17,000,000 (2023 : RM15,000,000) dan penyaluran peruntukan khas di bawah dana Tatakelola Terbaik Demi Ketangkasan Perkhidmatan yang berjumlah RM10,000,000 pada tahun 2024.





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)
NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

12 Faedah Bank dan Faedah Simpanan Tetap	2024 RM	2023 RM
Faedah Bank	58,645	146,633
Bank Kerjasama Rakyat Malaysia	-	109,850
Malaysia Building Society Berhad	51,561	49,052
Bank Simpanan Nasional	1,196,668	772,940
	<u>1,306,874</u>	<u>1,078,475</u>

Kadar faedah bagi simpanan tetap adalah di antara 3.70% - 4.20% (2023 : 2.80% - 4.20%) dan tempoh simpanan adalah di antara 29 hari hingga 368 hari (2023: 28 hari hingga 368 hari).

13. Perbelanjaan Pentadbiran	2024 RM	2023 RM
Minyak Petrol	32,626	31,193
Perbelanjaan Pejabat	521,597	277,311
	<u>554,223</u>	<u>308,504</u>

14. Perbelanjaan Unit/Bahagian	2024 RM	2023 RM
Penyasatan dan Penguatkuasaan	853,120	819,937
Perancangan Media dan Komunikasi	759,408	864,137
Perundangan	1,783,828	1,094,028
Penyelidikan (<i>Guidelines/Market Study</i>)	340,342	10,402
Khidmat Pengurusan termasuk Pembangunan ICT dan Website	1,379,895	285,390
Perancangan Strategik dan Hubungan Antarabangsa	1,489,766	1,154,752
Integriti dan Audit Dalam	285,914	70,793
Rejim Kawalan Percantuman	2,837,208	2,065,639
	<u>9,729,481</u>	<u>6,365,078</u>

15. Perbelanjaan Pembangunan - Kajian Pasaran	2024 RM	2023 RM
Kajian Pasaran Ekonomi Digital	230,257	-
	<u>230,257</u>	<u>-</u>





SURUHANJAYA PERSAINGAN MALAYSIA (MyCC)
NOTA-NOTA KEPADA PENYATA KEWANGAN

16. Cukai Pendapatan

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Cukai Pendapatan		
- tahun semasa	449,805	3,109,995
- terlebih peruntukan cukai pada tahun sebelumnya	(1,852,037)	-
	<u>(1,402,232)</u>	<u>3,109,995</u>
	2024 RM	2023 RM
Lebihan sebelum cukai	<u>5,535,212</u>	<u>11,520,531</u>
Cukai pada kadar cukai pendapatan berkanun (24%)	1,328,451	2,764,927
Perbelanjaan yang tidak dibenarkan untuk tolakan cukai	5,665,353	663,301
Pendapatan yang tidak dikenakan cukai	(6,543,999)	-
Penggunaan cukai tertunda tidak diiktiraf	-	(318,233)
Terlebih peruntukan cukai pada tahun sebelumnya	(1,852,037)	-
(Cukai pendapatan)/perbelanjaan pada tahun semasa	<u>(1,402,232)</u>	<u>3,109,995</u>

17. Pihak Pengurusan Utama

Pihak pengurusan utama merupakan mereka yang mempunyai kuasa dan tanggungjawab untuk merancang, memberi arahan dan mengawal aktiviti-aktiviti Suruhanjaya secara langsung dan tidak langsung.

Jumlah emolumen dan elaun bagi pihak pengurusan utama bagi tahun berakhir 31 Disember 2024 dan perbezaan bagi tahun sebelum adalah seperti berikut :

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Jumlah Emolumen dan Elaun	<u>755,745</u>	<u>764,484</u>



A Year in Moments 2024

